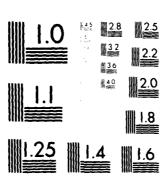
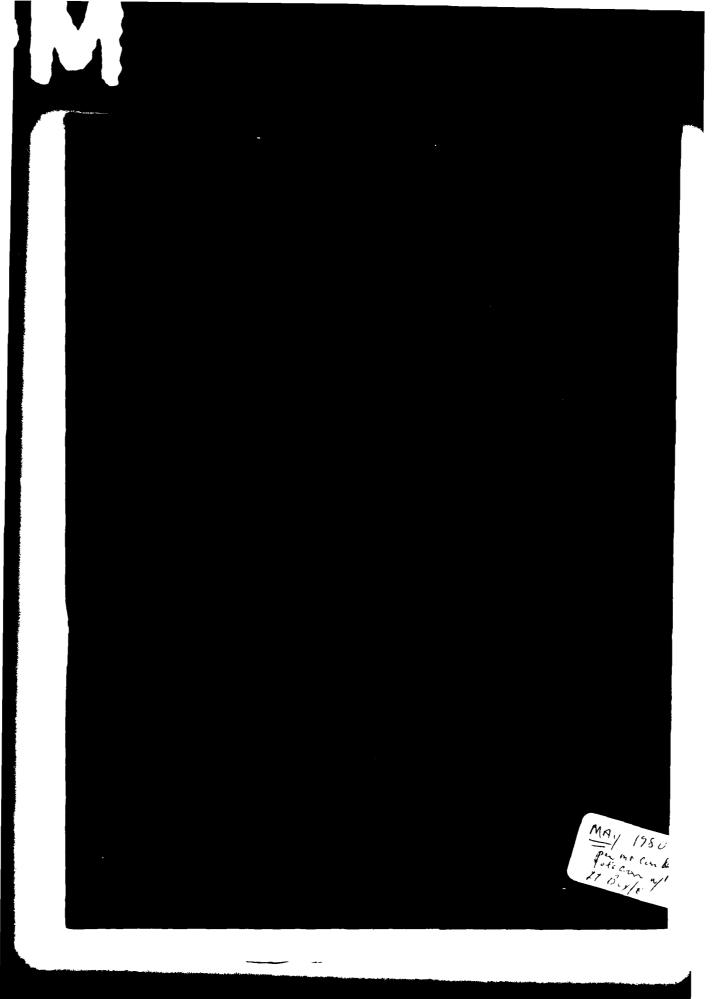
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Member Agencies:

United States Coast Guard
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Maritime Administration
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Address Correspondence to:

Secretary, Ship Structure Committee
U.S. Coast Guard Headquarters, (G-M/TP 13)
Washington, D.C. 20593

An Interagency Advisory Committee Dedicated to Improving the Structure of Ships

> APRIL 1980 SR-1258

In 1978, the Ship Structure Committee published a report entitled In-Service Performance of Structural Details (SSC-272). That report catalogued and defined the types and location of structural detail failures on a variety of merchant and naval vessels. This present report describes the results of a Ship Structure Committee project that continued the examination of failed or damaged details on an additional 36 ships undergoing repairs or periodic surveys. The purpose was to expand the previous 50-ship data base, with emphasis on the midship section, to determine the different type and frequency of use of structural details and to pin-point those areas where problems have occurred.

This and similar projects provide feedback to design and construction offices for increased confidence in existing design methods as well as for future improvements. When a substantial data base is formed, meaningful statistical analyses can be conducted to provide useful information to shipowners, designers and builders for proper detail selection, proper repair and maintenance, and proper fabrication.

Henry H. Bell HO57 212

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard Chairman, Ship Structure Committee

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NOTES

INTRODUCTION

Newport News Shipbuilding received a contract on December 6, 1977, from the United States Coast Guard to perform the Ship Structure Committee Project SR-1258. This project titled, "Structural Details Failure Survey, Part II," is a continuation of the Ship Structure Committee Project SR-1232, "Structural Details Failure Survey," completed in June, 1977, by Newport News Shipbuilding. In Part II, structural detail failure data and percentages of failures for twelve families of details were collected from surveys of the midship/cargo sections of thirty-six ships. The thirty-six ships included three ship types, bulk carriers, containerships, and general cargo ships. This project, under the advisorship of the National Academy of Sciences, Ship Research Committee, is intended to extend and confirm the conclusions of the report titled, "In-Service Performance of Structural Details."

In project SR-1232, Newport News Shipbuilding surveyed fifty ships of various types while undergoing maintenance or repairs at various shipyard/repair facilities from which the structural details obtained were grouped into twelve typical families. Using the same survey techniques and data analysis procedures developed in that project, an additional twelve bulk carriers, twelve containerships, and twelve general cargo ships were surveyed in the midship/cargo area under project SR-1258. Sketches of configurations, discussions on noteworthy observations, and summary tables for the structural details observed in this second survey is contained in the text of this report. In addition, the data collected in the continued survey has been combined with the data from project SR-1232 to expand the data base in the midship sections of the three ship types and serves to confirm or refute any conclusions that were arrived at in the first survey. This combined data from both surveys is tabulated in Appendix A.

This report serves two purposes: It is an adjunct to SSC-272¹ by increasing surveyed data in the midship/cargo sections of three of the ship types; and, it summarizes the data of the two surveys for ready use by design and repair offices. It must be remembered that the often overlooked structural detail is the key link in providing structural continuity for the primary structural components throughout the entire ship and if that link fails, it could mean a costly lay-up in a repair yard or even the loss of the ship.

SHIPS SURVEYED

Table 1 is a summary of general information for the ships in the survey. The ships ranged from 428 to 847 feet (length between perpendiculars) in length, from 18,000 to 90,000 tons in displacement, and from five to twenty-six years in age. Five of the ships, ranging from twenty-four to thirty-five years of age had been converted, lengthened, and/or deepened seven to seventeen years ago and were still in use. Twenty-four of the surveyed ships were built or converted in sixteen domestic shipyards and twelve were built or converted in ten different foreign shipyards. When combined with the first survey, this brings the totals of the three ship types to sixteen bulk carriers, twenty-four containerships, and seventeen (17) general cargo ships.

LOCATIONS OF SHIPS SURVEYED

The majority of the ships surveyed were in repair yards on all three coasts of the United States. It quickly became apparent that bulk carriers were not as

^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Cochran, C. S., "In-Service Performance of Structural Details," Ship Structure Committee Report SSC-272, dated 1978.

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF SHIPS SURVEYED

No. of		Average LBP	Average Displacement	Average Age	Numb	er Built
Ships	Classification	(Feet)	(Long Tons)	Years_	USA	Foreign
12	Containerships	630	29,600	10	10	2
12	General Cargo	518	21,200	18	12	o
12	Bulk Carriers	639	44,900	13	2	10
36	Average/Total	596	31,900	14	24	12

easy to locate as the other types of ships since the majority of the bulk carriers fly foreign flag and, thus, have their repair work done in foreign yards. Therefore, four of the bulk carriers surveyed were located at loading facilities. Although this was not as convenient for the surveyors as having the ship in a repair yard (because of loading or unloading), the shipowners were very cooperative by opening holds, wing tanks, etc., that were normally closed.

Nineteen of the surveyed ships were at Newport News Shipbuilding. The remaining seventeen ships, eight general cargo ships and nine bulk carriers, were surveyed elsewhere.

The following is a list of survey locations:

Newport News Shipbuilding, Newport News, Virginia.

Norfolk Shipbuilding and Drydock Corporation, Norfolk, Virginia
Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Sparrows Point, Maryland
Alabama Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company, Mobile, Alabama
Tampa Ship Repair and Dry Dock Company, Tampa, Florida
Two loading facilities near San Francisco, California
One loading facility near Perth Amboy, New Jersey
Norfolk and Western Coal Piers, Norfolk, Virginia

SHIPBOARD SURVEYS

The same twelve typical structural detail families that were selected in the first survey (project SR-1232) were used in this survey. The family groups are beam brackets, tripping brackets, non-tight collars, tight collars, gunwale connections, knife edge crossings, miscellaneous cutouts, clearance cutouts, structural deck cuts, stanchion ends, stiffener ends and panel stiffeners. Figure 1 shows the typical configuration for each family group and a description of its principal function.

The following procedures were used in conducting this survey:

- o Review data and interview sheets from project SR-1232
- o Review the final report of project SR-1232 (This was to assure the same approach and/or techniques were used in both surveys.)

FIGURE 1

TYPICAL DETAILS SURVEYED

	,		
Detail Family No.	Family Name	Function	Typical Configuration
н	Beam Brackets	Provide designed end constraint for primary framing and stiffening members.	
8	Tripping Brackets	Provide lateral support for framing and stiffening members.	
m	Non-Tight Collars	Provide a shear connection for framing and stiffening that are continuous through support plating.	
4	Tight Collars	Same as 3 above with the additional function of ensuring a tight condition for the penetrated plate.	
ហ	Gurwale Connections	Join the strength deck stringer plate to the shear strake.	
v	Knife Edge Crossing	Has no useful function. It is a potential problem area that should be avoided.	

FIGURE 1. TYPICAL DETAILS SURVEYED (Cont'd)

Typical Configuration						
Function	Provide a wide variety of holes for access, drainage, ease of fabrication, cableways, pipes, air holes, etc.	Provide passage of one member through another member.	Provide passage through decks for access, tank cleaning, piping, cables, etc.	Provide path of transferring forces between stanchions and deck supporting members.	Develop the designed end restraint of the stiffener.	Provide stability to large panels of bulkhead plating and deep girder webs.
Name	Miscellaneous Cutouts	Clearance Cutouts	Structural Deck Cuts	Stanchion Ends	Stiffener Ends	Panel Stiffeners
No.	7	œ	o	10	11	12

- o Obtain and review a copy of the ship's repair specifications, when possible
- o Receive approval from Port Engineer (or owner's representative) and Captain to survey the ship
- o Interview Port Engineer, Captain, First Mate or Chief Engineer for present and historical structural problems, as well as any other in-performance incidents that would affect the project
- o Inspect the detail families in all accessible compartments in the midship/ cargo section of the ship
- o Record all data and take photographs of unusual conditions, where allowed.

Identical ready reference data sheets used by the surveyor for the first fifty ships were used and included such data as:

Ship

- o Type
- o Size (but not name)
- o Age
- o Whether domestic or foreign built
- o Shaft horsepower

Each Configuration

- o Detail family number
- o Geometrical sketch
- o Location on ship
- o Number of details observed
- o Estimated number of failed details
- o Failure mode
- o Corroded condition
- o Weld condition
- o Workmanship
- o Conformity of parts to shape intended
- o Manual or machine preparation
- o Material type
- o Alignment
- o Probable cause of failure

Access to the ships was by the shipowner's permission only. The surveyors were, therefore, careful not to disrupt any repair work that was in progress or to jeopardize the lay-up schedule of the ship in anyway. Thus, only the structure that was visibly accessible in the open compartments was surveyed. It must be noted that accessibility to cargo spaces greatly increased from the first survey. This was made possible by leaving out potential survey candidates because their holds were loaded or partially loaded with cargo. Table 2 lists the type of compartments surveyed and the percentage of accessibility for each.

SYNTHESIS BY FAMILY GROUPS

As the survey data were collected and analyzed, it became apparent that each family contained many types of configurations with unique geometrical features that

TABLE 2

COMPARTMENT ACCESSIBILITY

Compartments	Number Open (%)
Cargo Spaces	85
Inner bottom	5
Box girders (fore and aft passageways)	95
Transverse box girders	80
Wing tanks	20
Ballast tanks	5
Fuel oil tanks	3
Potable water tanks	0
Voids	5

could significantly affect the stress patterns within and around the structural detail. However, some of these configurations were only observed a few times on one or several ship types. Therefore, emphasis was placed on the individual detail configuration and how it and its family group performed in service, without regard to which ship type the configuration came from. This method provides design and repair offices a ready reference to the maximum available information of each individual detail.

In project SR-1232, there were 490,210 details observed and placed into twelve detail families. Each family was then separated into groups which contained related configurations, but differed geometrically. Out of the fifty-six groups that were formed, there were 553 distinct configurations.

The details observed in this survey that were similar to those seen in the first survey have been assigned the same detail family/group/detail numbers shown in SSC-272. For those configurations that were different, new detail numbers are assigned. There were eighty-one new configurations identified in the second survey, bringing the total for both surveys to 634 distinct variations as shown in Table 3.

Each of the twelve family details is discussed. There are sketches of configurations, discussions on noteworthy observations, and summary tables. Figures of details include both new and previous details observed. The summary tables give observed data for the second survey, plus combined results from both surveys. Since estimated data are purely subjective with no factual value, only the actual observed data are used in the summary tables.

FAMILY NUMBER 1 - BEAM BRACKETS

There were twenty new beam bracket configurations identified, thus, increasing the total to 145 for both surveys. This makes this family the most diversified of all. Also, beam brackets maintain their lead in the detail failure category by contributing a total of 1,364 failures. This is an increase of 476 over the first survey. The leading causes for this high rate of failures, particularly in the midship/cargo section, continues to be heavy seas and collisions with tugs, large floating objects, and piers.

	TABL	E 3												
	DISTRIBUTION OF DETAIL CONFIGURATIONS													
Detail		Number	Number											
Family	Detail	of	of											
Number	<u>Family</u>	Groups	Configurations											
1	Beam Brackets	14	145											
2	Tripping Brackets	3	82											
3	Non-tight Collars	3	49											
4	Tight Collars	4	33											
5	Gunwale Connections	2	21											
6	Knife Edges	0	0											
7	Miscellaneous Cutouts	8	72											
8	Clearance Cutouts	5	39											
9	Deck Cutouts	3	23											
10	Stanchion Ends	3	94											
11	Stiffener Ends	5	35											
12	Panel Stiffeners	6	41											

12

TOTAL

Figure 2 shows the 145 variations in configurations included in the 68,586 beam brackets observed in both surveys. The configurations that occur most often in the midship/cargo section of containerships and general cargo ships are the corner bracket configurations 1-C-1, 1-C-25, 1-C-2, and 1-E-1. They also have a high failure rate, ranking number one, two, four and eight, respectively, in the top ten most prevalent failure details. In the first survey, detail 1-C-1 ranked third and detail 1-C-2 ranked eighth in the same category. Many of the group "C" corner bracket failures could be attributed to instability of the bracket plate panel. This was especially true on containerships where long spans of shell framing were supported at the ends with unflanged triangular plate with very high breadth/thickness ratios. It was interesting to note that on general cargo ships where wood framing was attached to the shell framing flanges to protect the cargo there were less failures among the group "C" brackets. This was because the tightly wedged wood framing served as intermediate lateral supports for the shell framing and prevented the flanges from tripping under minor local collisions. The wood framing also assisted by forming a grid on the shell framing. Stability was not the problem with the group "E" flanged-plate brackets, because the shell framing or deck framing member usually cracked or buckled near the bracket connection first. Again, the major cause of these severe loads is collisions. It is realized that accidents do happen, but a lot of preventative measures, such as reinforced areas in the ship's hull designated as tug stations, and the use of heavy duty rubber fenders at piers and loading docks, could be applied.

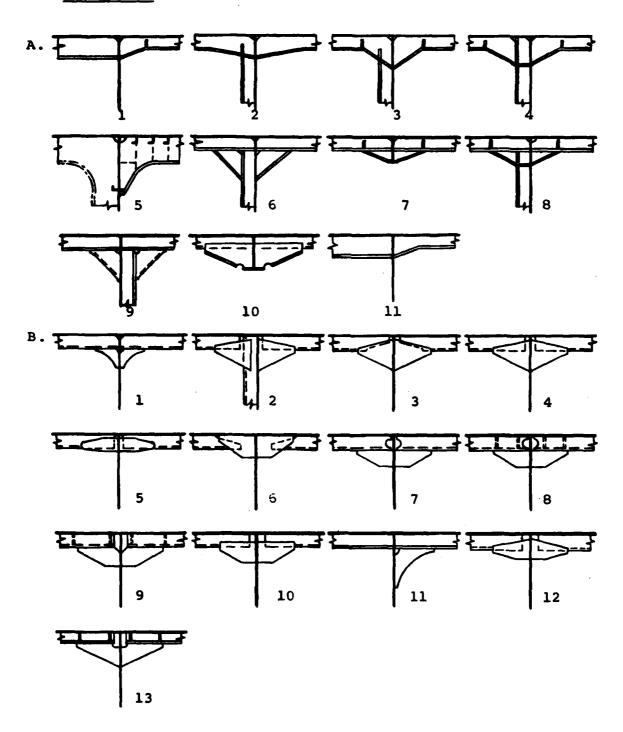
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Several failures occurred to the end bracket details 1-H-13 and 1-H-15. These two details served as end brackets for transverse main deck stiffening running from the side shell to the hold openings in main deck. The brackets buckled under excessive loads or main deck where containers were being stowed. The main deck stiffeners had been reinforced with doublers and rider plates for the increase in loads but no attention had been given to the existing brackets.

BEAM BRACKETS DETAILS FAMILY NO. 1

CONTINUOUS



CORNER

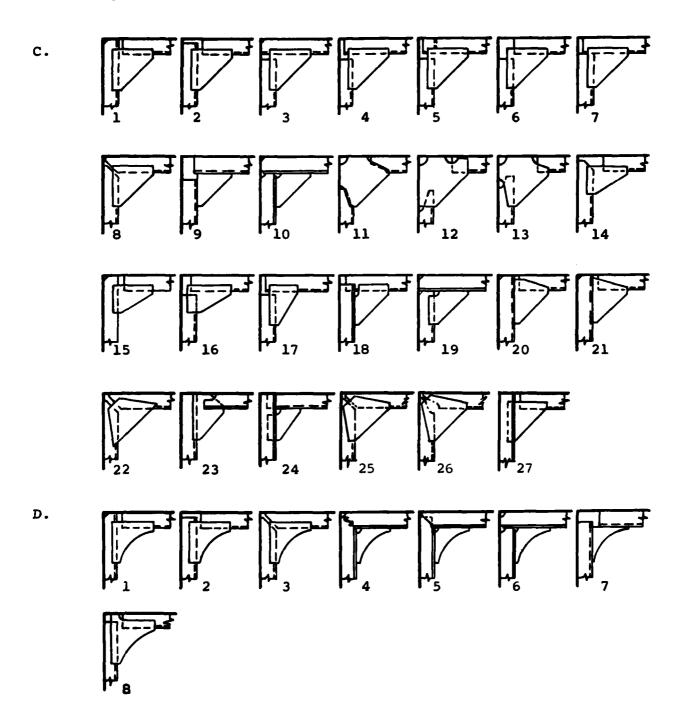
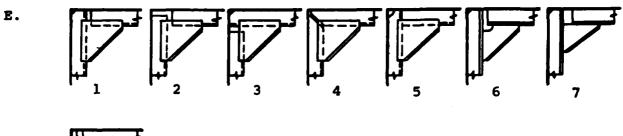
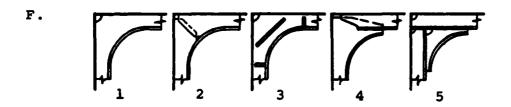


FIGURE 2 - BEAM BRACKETS DETAILS, Family No. 1 (Cont'd)

CORNER (Cont'd)







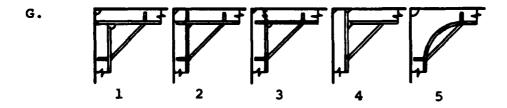
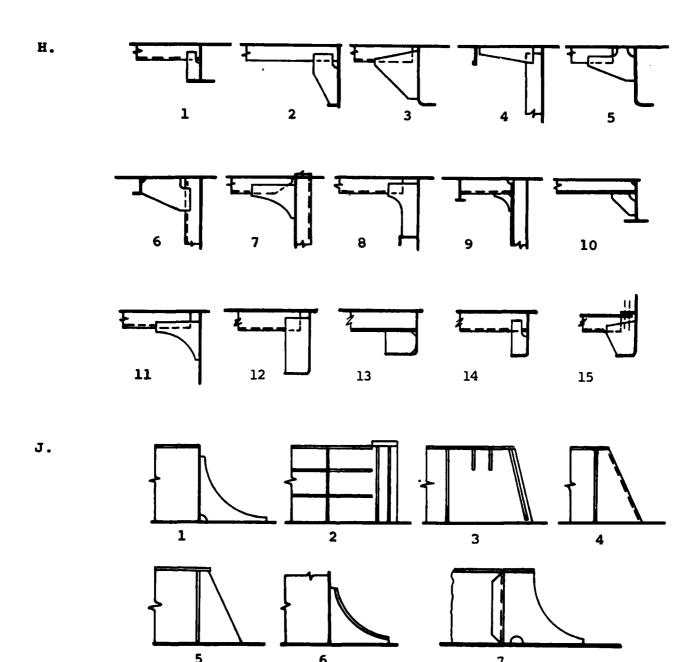


FIGURE 2 - BEAM BRACKETS DETAILS, Family No. 1 (Cont'd)

END



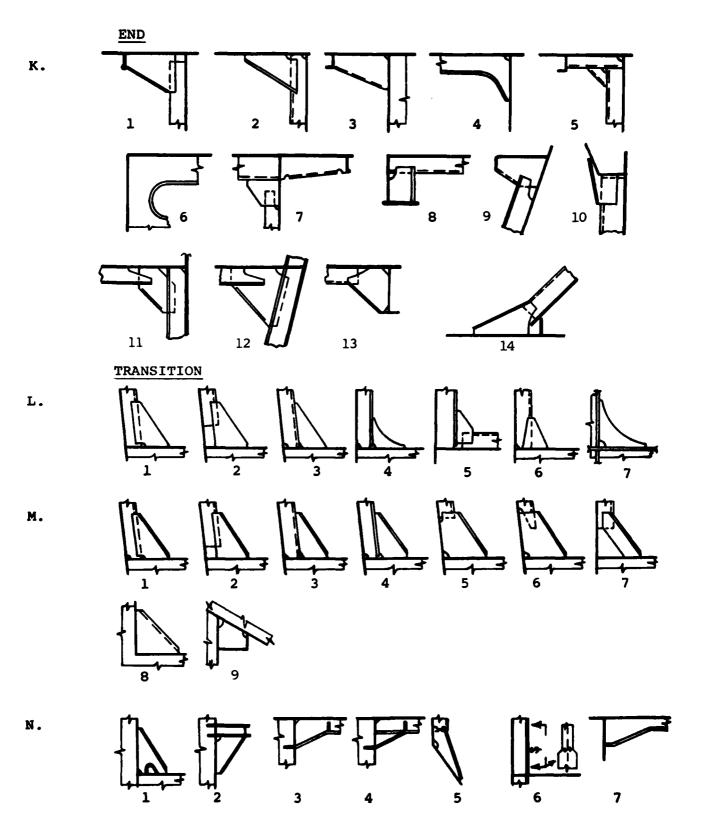
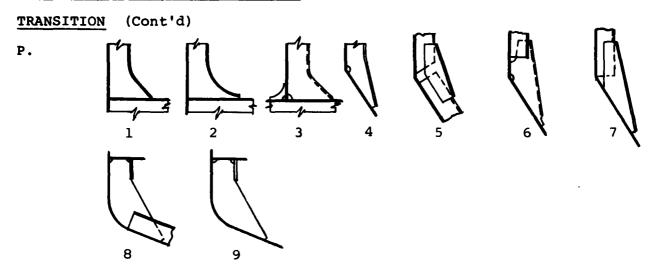


FIGURE 2 - BEAM BRACKETS DETAILS, Family No. 1 (Cont'd)



The transition brackets of family group "M" were quite common near the turn of the bilge and, thus, were quite susceptible to corrosion. Proper design, such as drain holes to prevent standing water and elimination of inaccessible areas, coupled with a regularly enforced maintenance program, would have prevented failures in this area.

Table 4 is a summary table of beam brackets observed in the second survey, plus the total observed for both surveys. Although the number of observed details increased by only 35%, the number of failures increased 154%. This was expected since the first survey had shown that the majority of the failures were located in the midship portion of the ship, predominately in structure adjacent to the side shell, and this is where the majority of the beam brackets are located for containerships, general cargo ships and bulk carriers. For instance, the corner brackets of group "C" increased in failures from 2% to 18.3%. The 7.65% failure rate for the midship/cargo section survey of Part II brought the average failure rate up from 1.75% for 50 ships to 3.28% for all 86 ships making beam brackets second to tripping brackets for the highest failure rate.

Figures 3 and 4 are photographs of beam brackets with failures on two different containerships. Figure 3 shows three flanged corner brackets that have remained stable, but the framing that they support has buckled and cracked. Similar failure patterns are shown in Figure 4 where even the bracket itself has started to buckle.

FAMILY NUMBER 2 - TRIPPING BRACKETS

The three groups of tripping brackets, containing 82 different configurations, are shown in Figure 5. Sixteen new variations were found in the second survey with eleven belonging to group "C". Group "C" also continued to have the highest failure percentage rate of the three groups, thus, placing four details on the top ten most prevalent failure list and one detail on the top ten highest percentage failure list. Details 2-C-19, 2-C-11, 2-C-7, and 2-C-20 ranked third, fifth, sixth and tenth, respectively, under most prevalent failures. Details 2-A-20 and 2-C-27 were seventh and tenth under highest percentage failures.

TABLE 4

SUMMARY OF BEAM BRACKETS

ÆYS	98	CINIOS	DETAILS	9.66	97.5	94.5	6.66	7.76	97.6	100.0	98.7	89.5	98.2	94.9	98.2	94.1	93.3	2.96
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF	SOUND	DETAILS	4928	4286	27129	3967	5514	1198	5114	5486	424	1918	1297	3568	593	912	66334
TOTALS OB	NUMBER	OF.	DETAILS	4950	4396	28695	3970	5642	1228	5114	5556	474	1954	1366	3633	630	978	68586
χs	de	SOUND	DETAILS	1	98.6	81.7	100.0	96.7	98.9	100.0	98.9	99.5	8.66	99.7	96.2	J	93.4	92.4
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF	SOUND	DETAILS	ı	213	4996	50	3657	176	74	4120	213	1252	305	1119	ı	297	16472
OBSE	NUMBER	OF	DETAILS	1	216	6115	20	3782	178	74	4166	214	1254	306	1163	ı	318	17836
		FAMILY	GROUP	R	М	υ	Ω	ធ	ᄕ	U	н	ņ	×	ı	Σ	Z	Д	TOTAL

FAILED CORNER BRACKETS ON A CONTAINERSHIP



View of hold showing shell framing bracket connections with framing below fore/aft box girder. The shell framing has been subjected to heavy sea loadings and the loads transferred through the corner brackets have caused the box girder framing to buckle. Note the crack in the web of the framing member in the foreground where the cable clip was welded.

FAILED CORNER BRACKET ON A CONTAINERSHIP



Another view of a shell framing bracket connection with a deck stiffener. The peeling paint clearly shows the high stress areas where buckling is about to occur. The weld clearance cutout for the butt weld in the deck above would have been a primary source for a crack if the cutout had not been a smooth cut.

TRIPPING BRACKET DETAILS FAMILY NO. 2

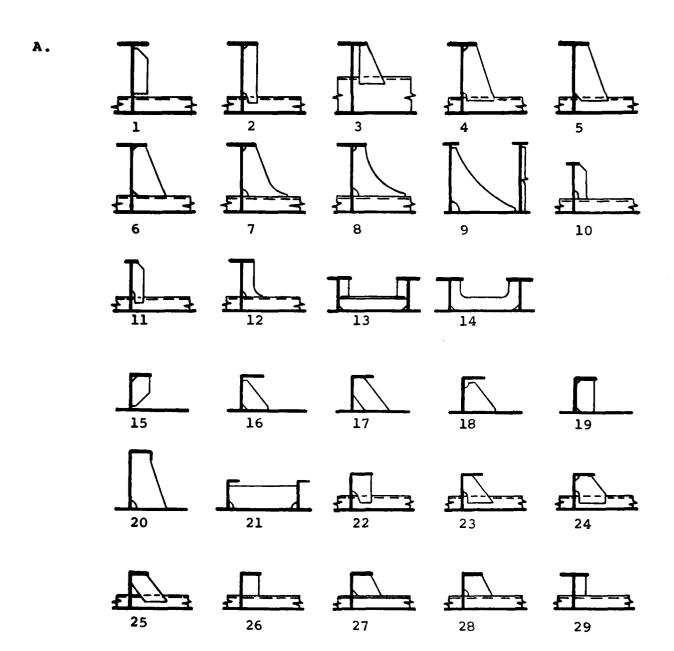
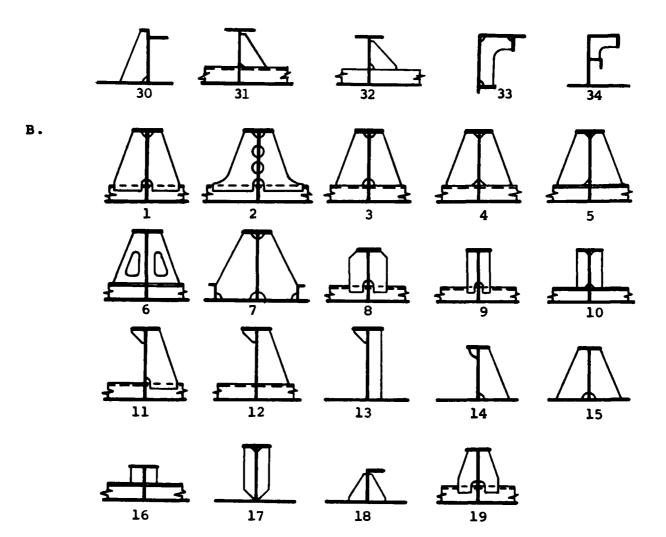
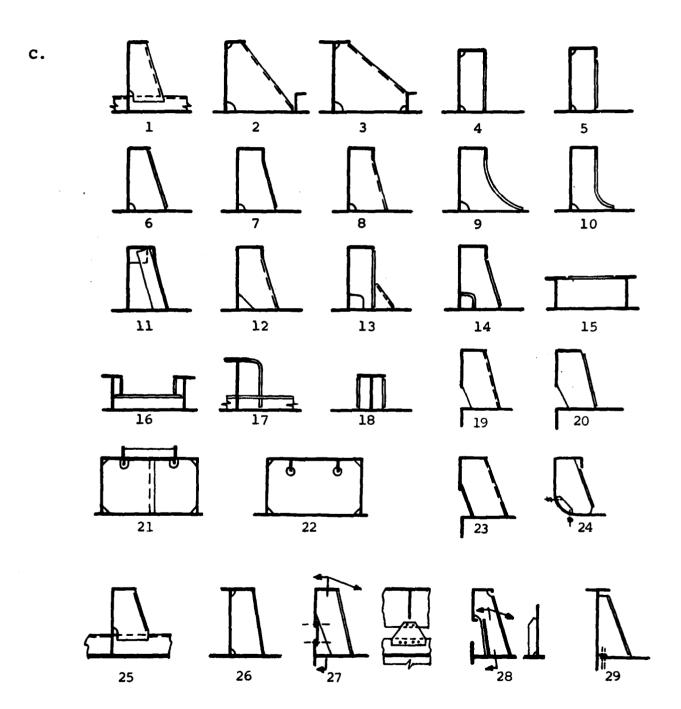


FIGURE 5 - TRIPPING BRACKET DETAILS, Family No. 2 (Cont'd)





Details 2-C-19 and 2-C-20 sustained a high number of failures for several reasons. Poor welding, neglect, cargo collisions, and misuse/abuse were a few causes, but a consistently high percentage of failures occurred where these details were used to secure the booms of general cargo ships when at sea. These details are typical of the tripping brackets used to support the bulwark that runs fore/aft just above the gunwale on both sides of the ship. Tie-down cleats welded to the top of this bulwark make very convenient securing points for the huge booms. When under heavy weather at sea, large shear and tensile forces are applied to the tripping brackets due to the athwartship "G" forces of the heavy booms. Failures even occurred when an extra flange was added to the bracket as in detail 2-C-23. The surveyors did find, however, that on ships where extra tripping brackets and larger scantlings were used under boom tie-downs, no failures occurred.

The high number of failures for detail 2-C-11 resulted primarily from poor fabrication/workmanship. On several general cargo ships, this tripping bracket was used to support the hatch coaming girder on main deck and was partially removed by the ship's crew in order to replace existing pipe that runs alongside the hatch coaming. In replacing the lower half of the tripping bracket, the crew's workmanship was poor. Poor lap welding, sharp notches and very rough cutouts for the pipe quickly developed corrosion and cracks.

Details 2-C-7 and 2-C-8 on both containerships and bulk carriers continue to contain failures when located on the transverse ends of the hatch coamings. Observed failures of details 2-A-20, 2-C-4, and 2-C-26 increase significantly the total list of failures observed for hatch coaming brackets. Heavy seas, welding, neglect and cargo collisions, combined with poor design, have made the task of supporting the hatch side girders a costly one. Additionally, it is necessary to design brackets to carry large lateral loads from rolling when the containers are stacked in four tier heights. 1 Proper design, as shown in detail 2-C-9, should also allow for a smooth transition for the load to travel from the tripping bracket to the back-up structure below. The surveyors noted on several occasions that detail 2-A-20 had been repaired by adding a radiused extension at the toe of the bracket to reduce subsequent failures. This smooth transition provided by the radiused extension is most important when the bracket lines up with the fore/aft hatch side girder. When the fore/aft header, forming the back-up structure for the bracket, reaches the coaming girder there is a significant increase in inertia. Such an abrupt change in stress flow increases crack susceptibility, as was the case 80% of the time.

Table 5 is a total summary of the tripping brackets observed in both surveys. The tripping bracket family had the highest percent of failures with 9.52%, and the second highest number of failures with 1,273 for the second survey. This brought the average failure rate up from 1.52% for the first fifty ships to 4.67% for the total eighty-six ships, making tripping brackets the leader in failure percentage. Much of this can be attributed to the many failures on the bulwark brackets of general cargo ships, and hatch coaming brackets on containerships and bulk carriers, especially in the midship/cargo area.

Figures 6, 7, and 8 are photographs of tripping bracket failures. Figure 6 shows the poor workmanship by the crew on a general cargo ship in the replacement of a pipe adjacent to a main deck hatch coaming. Figures 7 and 8 show failures of tripping brackets on the transverse ends of the hatch coamings on a containership.

^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Ward, W. C., "Structural Details of Ships In Service," presented at Hampton Roads Chapter, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, March 15, 1978.

TABLE 5

SUMMARY OF TRIPPING BRACKETS

_					
EYS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	5*86	99.2	90.8	95.3
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	12132	6991	13302	32425
TOTALS OF	NUMBER OF DETAILS	12323	7046	14643	34012
VEY	sound DETAILS	8°£6	100.0	8.68	90.5
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	1953	126	10020	12099
OBS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	2083	126	11163	13372
	FAMILY GROUP	Æ	Ø	၁	TOTAL

FAILED TRIPPING BRACKET ON HATCH COAMING OF A GENERAL CARGO SHIP



This is a view of a hatch coaming bracket on main deck. The lower end of each of the brackets were removed by the ship's crew in order to replace the large pipe at the right. Poor workmanship was evident in the replaced bracket as shown by the jagged cutout for the pipe and the sharp notch at the lap weld where a crack started and progressed the entire width of the web. Numerous failures were found among these brackets.

FAILED TRIPPING BRACKET ON HATCH COAMING OF A CONTAINERSHIP



View of a transverse hatch coaming bracket at about midship. The weld of the bracket to the deck had been rewelded once and has cracked again. A weld repair of a crack also extends from the corner of a drain cutout to the center of the bracket.

FAILED TRIPPING BRACKET ON HATCH COAMING OF A CONTAINERSHIP



This transverse hatch coaming bracket is about two hatches forward of midship. A crack forms a "V" just above the sign and extends around the bracket flange at the weld to the hatch coaming, separating the bracket into two pieces.

FAMILY NUMBER 3 - NON-TIGHT COLLARS

Of the 4,724 non-tight collar details observed in this thirty-six ship survey there were only five failures. Incomplete welding on detail 3-A-16 resulted in two detail failures on a bulk carrier while poor workmanship and bad welding accounted for three failures of detail 3-A-25 on a containership. Thirteen new variations in configurations were observed in this survey, thus resulting in an overall total of forty-nine configurations for the three group family. Figure 9 shows the forty-nine configurations, and Table 6 summarizes the results.

For both surveys, group "A" had 48% of the failures, group "C" had 52% of the failures, and group "B" continued to be failure free. By maintaining a 99.8% rate for sound details in both surveys, the non-tight collar family has the lowest failure rate of all the twelve detail families. One other interesting observation on non-tight collars was noted; although 74% of the details were observed in the midship/cargo section, 79% of the failures occurred in the foreward and aft portions of the ship.

In summary, with proper fabrication, such as smooth, well radiused cutouts and sufficient scantlings on the collar to carry the shear load, united with correct welding techniques, the non-tight collar shall continue to be an economical and dependable structural detail used in building ships.

FAMILY NUMBER 4 - TIGHT COLLARS

Figure 10 contains the thirty-three variations in configurations observed for the family of tight collars. Detail 4-C-7 is the only new configuration identified in this survey. Table 7 is a summary of the number of sound details observed as well as the total observed for both surveys.

Although there were no failures reported in the first survey, there were forty-six or 1.73% failures observed in the midship/cargo area in this survey. Forty-five of the failures belonged to the group "A" configurations and the remaining failure was from group "C". Neglect and collisions were responsible for the forty-five failures of details 4-A-3 and 4-A-6 on three separate general cargo ships. In each case, the tight collar was located where the shell framing member interfaces with the deck. A lack of maintenance resulted in the collars becoming highly corroded in this area. When the shell framing came under heavy loading from collisions, the collars simply buckled due to their reduced thickness.

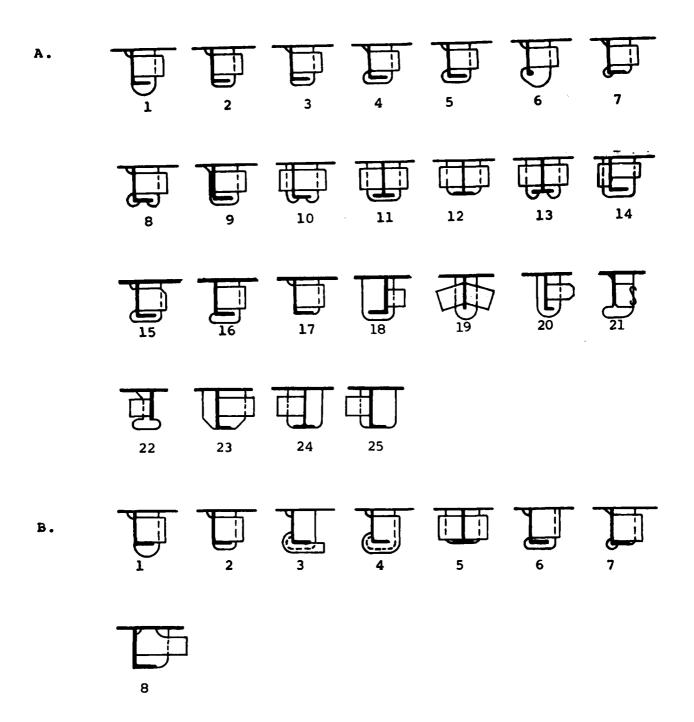
The only other tight collar failure observed occurred to detail 4-C-1. The detail was located on a containership at the intersection of a shell stringer and a transverse web frame in the fore/aft box girder. The collar and the local web frame were buckled but there was no apparent impact loading on the shell plating. Possibly a large gunwale load caused the subsequent buckle in the web frame.

With the 1.73% failure rate recorded in the second survey, the percent of sound details was lowered from 100% to 99.8%, but the tight collar, as well as the non-tight collar, still remains as one of the most trouble free structural details.

FAMILY NUMBER 5 - GUNWALE CONNECTION

In the second survey, one new variation of riveted gunwale connections was observed. This increased the total number of riveted connections to thirteen,

NON-TIGHT COLLAR DETAILS FAMILY NO. 3



NON-TIGHT COLLAR DETAILS FAMILY NO. 3 (Cont'd)

c.

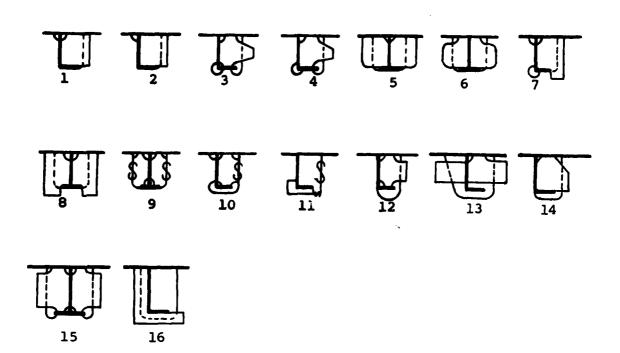


TABLE 6

The second secon

SUMMARY OF NON-TIGHT COLLARS

VEYS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	8.66	9.66	8.66
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	9940	4398	20941
TOTALS OF	NUMBER OF DETAILS	9956	4415	20974
EY	sound Details	6.66	100.0	6.66
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	3401	415	4719
OBS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	3406	415	4724
	FAMILY	∢ (m U	TOTAL

TIGHT COLLAR DETAILS FAMILY NO. 4

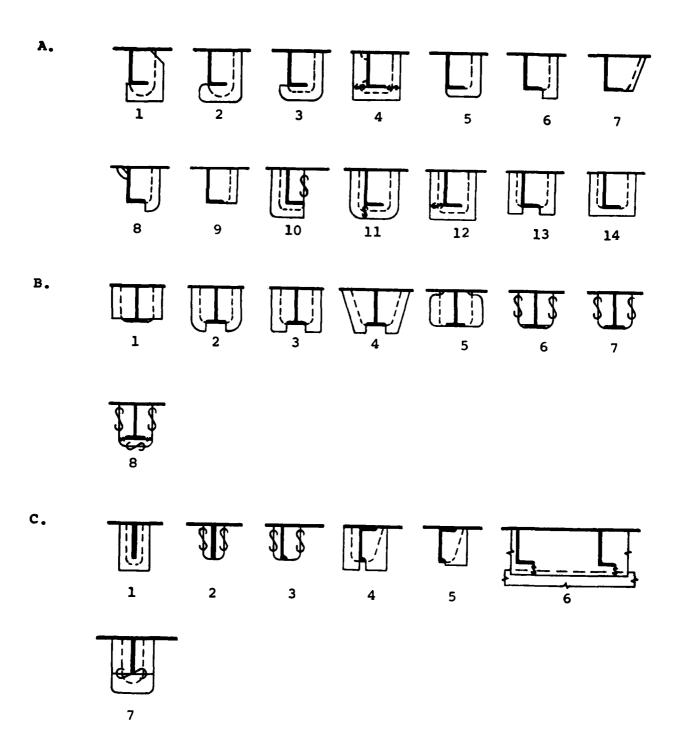


FIGURE 10

TIGHT COLLAR DETAILS FAMILY NO. 4 (cont'd)

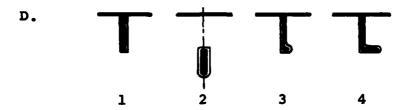


TABLE 7

SUMMARY OF TIGHT COLLARS

	OBSE	ERVED SECOND SURVEY	VEY	TOTALS OF	TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	ÆYS
FAMILY	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	s SOUND DETAILS
A	1851	1806	97.6	9071	9026	99.5
Ø	418	418	100.0	4188	4188	100.0
υ	193	192	99.5	933	932	6.66
Ω	192	192	100.0	6462	6462	100.0
TOTAL	2654	2608	98.3	20654	20608	8.66

combined with the welded connections, the total number of configurations becomes twenty-one. The two groups are shown in Figure 11, and all summarized data are given in Table 8.

Only one failure was observed in the second survey as opposed to four found in the first survey. Detail 5-A-1 was the source of a local out-of-plane displacement in the vertically cantilevered portion of the shear strake just above main deck on a containership. This failure was similar to the four in the first survey except the plate displacement was outboard instead of inboard. Collision could not be ruled out, but since the displacement was outboard and located just forward of the aft deckhouse, excessive compressive stresses in the gunwale was a possible cause of failure. Further investigation did not reveal any other problems locally or in the gunwale connection on the other side of the ship. Figure 12 is a photograph of the failure.

As in the first survey, workmanship and welding was excellent on most of the gunwale connections although deterioration by corrosion was evident in some places. A few containerships contained drain holes on main deck very close to the gunwale connection. All the cutouts were reinforced with drain pipes and with proper fabrication/workmanship techniques employed, no cracks were observed. However, one historical crack existed on main deck on a containership that started near the gunwale connection and worked its way inboard. The crack kept reappearing in a butt weld on a doubler plate. The doubler plate was located on top of the fore/aft hox girder at the connection of the new mid-body to the original ship. The area had been rewelded about five times leaving a butt weld bead about two inches wide.

In summary, there were only five failures occurring on three different ships for the total eighty-six ship survey. Four of the five failures were suspected to be due to exterior abuse rather than to the internal stresses from ship operations as surmised in the last failure. The total failure rate for gunwale connections is 2.91%.

FAMILY NUMBER 6 - KNIFE EDGES

There were no knife edges found on any of the thirty-six ships. This was expected because as stated in the first survey, "to detect a definite "knife" requires a study of the detail structural plans used in the construction of the ship and in all subsequent structural modifications. This would be extremely time-consuming as well as impossible for a study of this type since the ships do not carry these drawings with them." \(^1\)

FAMILY NUMBER 7 - MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

Miscellaneous cutouts are utilized extensively throughout the length of the ship. They vary in size from an air hole to an access opening but each one has a particular structural function. Figure 13 shows the seventy-two observed shape variations including the seven new ones observed in the second survey. The variations are grouped according to one of the following functional requirements:

- o Group 7-A access openings
- o Group 7-B air escapes

Jordan, C. R.; Cochran, C. S., "In-Service Performance of Structural Details," Ship Structure Committee Report SR-1232, March, 1977

FIGURE 11

GUNWALE CONNECTION DETAILS
FAMILY NO. 5

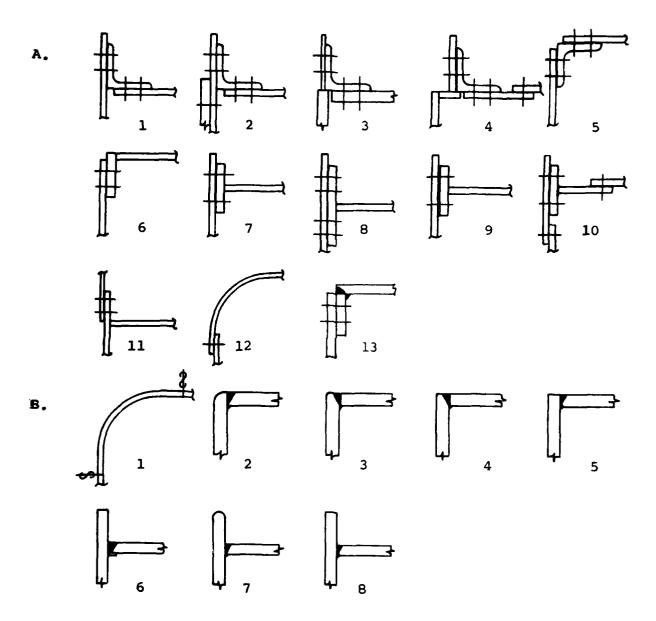


TABLE 8

SUMMARY OF GUNWALE CONNECTIONS

				
URVEYS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	97.1	97.1	
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	89	167	
TOTALS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	102	172	
EY	\$ SOUND DETAILS	97.6	98.6	
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	41	17	
OBSI	NUMBER OF DETAILS	42	72	
	FAMILY	A B	TOTAL	

FAILED GUNWALE CONNECTION ON A CONTAINERSHIP



This view shows a gunwale connection with the upper portion of the shear strake displaced outboard. Location was near midship just forward of the deckhouse. Collision was not ruled out, but excessive compressive stresses in the gunwale was highly suspected as the cause of failure.

MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUT DETAILS FAMILY NO. 7

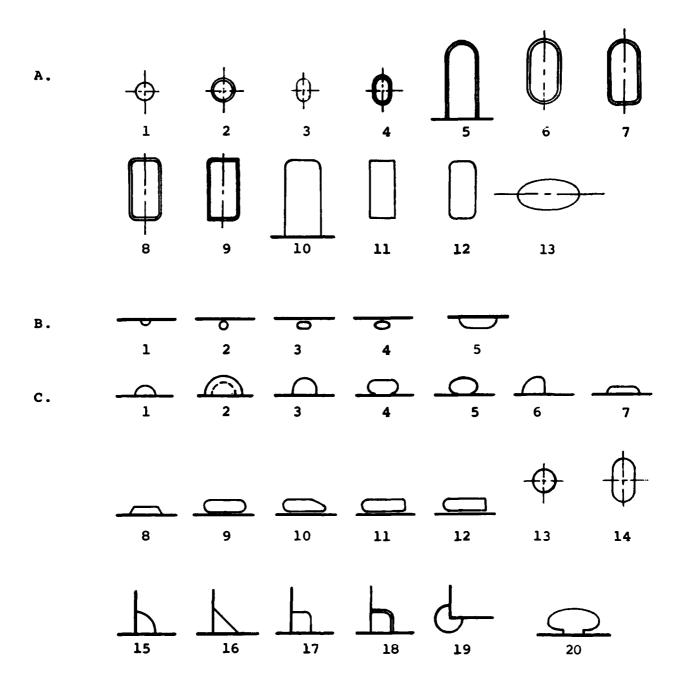
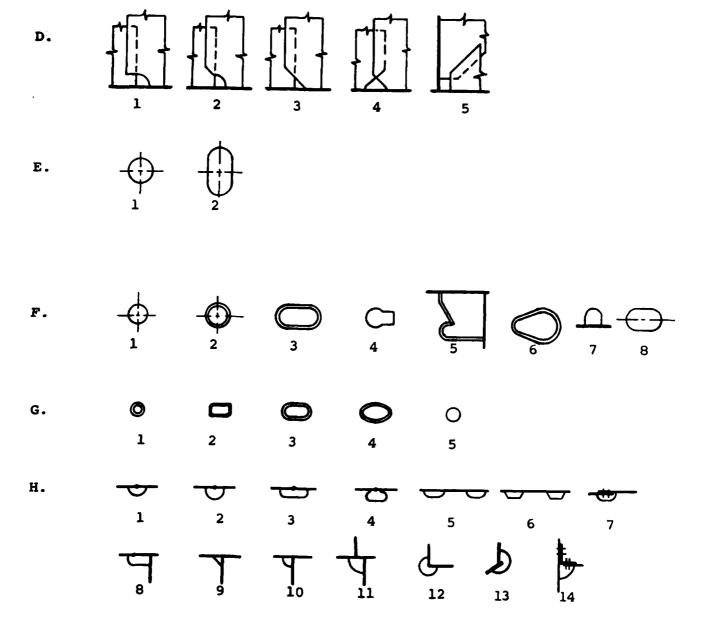


FIGURE 13 - MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUT DETAILS, Family No. 7 (Cont'd)



- o Group 7-C drain holes
- o Group 7-D lapped web openings
- o Group 7-E lightening holes
- o Group 7-F pipeways
- o Group 7-G wireways
- o Group 7-H weld clearances

Since each individual detail may have more than one primary function, some of the configurations may appear in more than one group. Table 9 contains a summary of the 296,689 details observed in both surveys.

There was one failure observed for the family of access openings in the second survey. Detail 7-A-10 had a three inch crack in the lower right corner of the cutout. The cutout, used as an access opening in the longitudinal bulkhead of a general cargo ship, should have possibly had a coaming to help protect it against secondary bending in this primary strength member. Many historical cracks were seen around the main deck doorways leading into the deckhouse as mentioned in the first survey, but no failures were recorded since all surveying was restricted to the immediate midship/cargo area.

No failures were reported for air holes, however, their location made them highly susceptible to neglect and subsequent corrosion. One new configuration was recorded as detail 7-B-5.

Three different details contributed to the fifty-one drain hole failures. Details 7-C-1, 7-C-15 and 7-C-16 failures were caused predominantly by rough cutouts and neglect. Figure 14 is a photograph of a typical drain hole that was cracked as a direct result of a rough cutout. This particular drain hole should have been given special attention due to its location in a high stress region. An excellent list of rules for fabrication is provided in "Structural Details of Ships In Service."

Only 360 lapped web openings were viewed in the second survey with no failures reported. The majority of these were found in the fore/aft box girders on a German built containership. The cutouts had smooth, well rounded radii and ample clearance for welding.

Lightening hole details 7-E-1 and 7-E-2 were found in the midship/cargo area of each of the three ship types surveyed, but no failures were observed. In the first survey, of these three ship types the containerships had four failures, while 155 or 97% of the total failures occurred in tankers and combination carriers. Bulk carriers and general cargo ships showed no failures for lightening holes in either survey.

Ninety-one percent of the pipeway failures in group "F" were attributed to cutout configurations, such as 7-F-1, which do not have reinforcing rings around the holes Other reasons for failures were rough cutouts, defective welds, heavy seas, and improper location of hole cuts in high stress regions. Some good examples of typical pipeway failures are shown in Figures 15 and 16.

Wireways had only seven failures, five were detail 7-G-3. The cracks were due to poor fabrication/workmanship and lack of fusion in welding. Two cracks

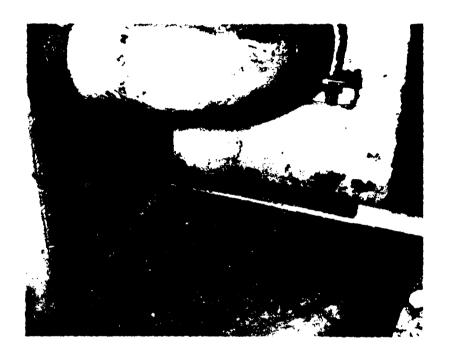
Jordan, C. R.; Ward, W. C., "Structural Details of Ships In Service," presented at Hampton Roads Chapter, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, March 15, 1978.

TABLE 9

SUMMARY OF MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

$\overline{}$		_			_					
ÆYS	sound Details	99.4	6.66	99.8	99.3	99.2	99.5	6*66	8.66	99.7
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	4780	18912	58954	2531	19392	6542	10508	174217	295836
TOTALS OB	NUMBER OF DETAILS	4809	18940	16065	2550	19551	6575	10520	174653	296689
EY	SOUND DETAILS	6.66	100.0	99.4	100.0	100.0	99.1	6.56	99.5	99.5
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	958	2130	0906	360	2041	2542	613	25908	43612
OBSE	NUMBER OF DETAILS	959	2130	9111	360	2041	2565	620	26033	43819
	FAMILY GROUP	K	M	υ	Q	ы	Ē4	U	Ħ	TOTAL

FAILED DRAIN HOLE IN A TRIPPING BRACKET ON A CONTAINERSHIP



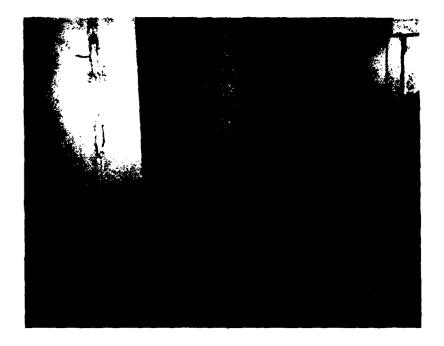
This is a view of a cracked drain hole cutout located in a tripping bracket that supports the hatch coaming on a containership. If the cutout had formed a smooth semicircle instead of the irregular cut that is shown, the crack would probably have not occurred.

FAILED PIPEWAY CUTOUT IN A HATCH CLAMING BRACKET ON A CONTAINERSHIP



View of a pipeway cutout in a tripping bracket at the corner of a hatch coaming on main deck. Notice where previous cracks have been welded around the cutout in both the one and six o'clock positions. In the six o'clock position, the crack had extended to a drainage cutout in the corner. A reinforcing ring has been added to help strengthen the hole in this region of high tensile stress. Also, just above the hand in the picture, can be seen a radiused plate that has been added to the bracket in order to smooth the transition of the bracket with the deck. This is an area where cracks at the toe of the bracket are common.

BUCKLED WEB PLATE AROUND PIPEWAY ON A CONTAINERSHIP



View in hold showing shell framing on the left and a transverse bulkhead on the right. The shell has been loaded by heavy seas resulting in some permanent deformation. The peeling paint shows the stress patterns around the hole cut for the pipe and at the intermittent welds on the shell framing. The hole should have been reinforced with a face plate, however, proper design would have required the pipe to go through the bulkhead via the existing wireway cutout below.

were found in a transverse box girder on a containership; and, five were found in the fore/aft box girder of a bulk carrier which had been converted from a Navy missile ship.

As in the first survey, weld clearances experienced more failures than any other group in this family. Configurations 7-H-9, 7-H-1, 7-H-10, 7-H-13, 7-H-11, 7-H-2 and 7-H-3 contained the defects in numerically descending order. Elongated cracks originating at the cutouts were the only failure modes and no one factor predominated the long list of failure causes. However, one new variation in configuration, detail 7-H-13, consistently showed a high percentage of failures on bulk carrier sister ships. The cutouts were in the transverse web frames in the wing tanks where the vertical and sloping hold bulkheads intersected. Although workmanship and welding were excellent, cracks existed at both the top and bottom of this cutout in an area of high stress.

Figures 17 and 18 are pictures of two weld clearance cuts with failures. Both failures were a direct result of poor fabrication and welding. In Figure 17, the existing weld clearance cutout was extended to meet a replaced shell framing member. The cutout was made smooth. However, because of the location and a bad weld, a failure was inevitable. Figure 18 shows a large crack extending from a cutout similar to 7-H-1 in a main loading carrying girder on a general cargo ship.

As was found in the first survey, no one group of miscellaneous cutouts could be singled out as having more failures than the others. Three groups had 100% sound details and each of the remaining five groups had less than a 1% failure rate. The second survey had 207 failures for a 0.47% failure rate which brought the totals up to 853 failures and a 0.29% failure rate for both surveys. This is a very low failure rate, but, by having 853 failures, the family is ranked third on the most prevalent failure list.

FAMILY NUMBER 8 - CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

The purpose of clearance cutouts is to maintain continuity of one member through another. There are thirty-nine variations in configuration for this family as shown in Figure 19. Details 8-A-3, 8-B-7, 8-E-13, and 8-E-14 are new configurations identified in this survey. The details are grouped according to geometrical shape or attachment to the impeding structural member. Results for this grouping are summarized in Table 10.

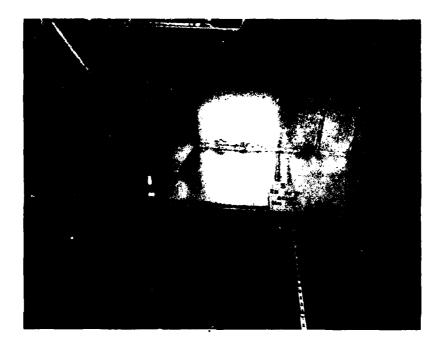
In the second survey, there were no failures observed in groups "A" and "D". Group "D" listed 593 failures in the first survey, but only eight of those were found aboard one of the three ship types investigated in the second survey. Detail 8-B-2 was the lone failure for group "B" and it could have been avoided with proper workmanship. Group "C" had three failures contributed to fabrication and welding and two failures contributed to high tensile and shear stresses around a stiffener cutout on a self-unloader gate on a bulk carrier. Twelve of the sixteen failures in group "E" were found in the wing tanks of a 90,000 ton bulk carrier. Only a few of the wing tanks were made accessible to the surveyors, however, the shipowner stated the cutouts had a history of problems throughout the ship. The owner felt that a lack of protective coating on the edges of the cutout during fabrication had resulted in stress corrosion, causing cracks in the radiused corners.

FAILED WELD CLEARANCE CUTOUT ON A CONTAINERSHIP



This picture in the cargo hold of a containership shows the end connections of two shell framing members that have been replaced. The existing weld clearance cut was extended to meet the new framing member. The welding for this particular framing member was so bad that a crack had started in the center of the web.

FAILED WELD CLEARANCE CUTOUT ON A GENERAL CARGO SHIP



View in cargo hold looking up at a longitudinal girder under main deck. A crack extends from the butt weld clearance cutout to the transverse header on the right, and from the same cutout for a distance of about two feet on the left. The crack is mostly in the heat affected zone of the weld except for a small length at the left. Note pillar supporting girder at the far left. The cutout had been extended to reach the butt weld in main deck.

CLEARANCE CUTOUTS DETAILS FAMILY NO. 8

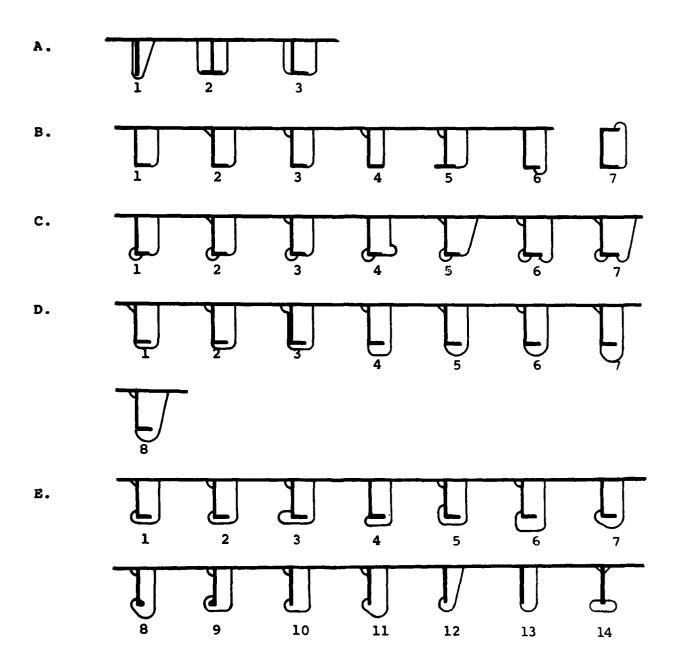


TABLE 10

SUMMARY OF CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

	OBSE	OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	ÆY	TOTALS OB	TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	VEYS
FAMILY GROUP	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	\$ SOUND DETAILS
¥	252	252	100.0	672	636	94.6
Д	537	536	8.66	6757	6726	99.5
υ	773	768	99.4	9813	9733	99.2
Q	1026	1026	100.0	15106	14513	96.1
ы	6209	6193	7.66	24959	24856	9.66
TOTAL	8797	8775	7.66	57307	56454	98.5

Figure 20 shows an attempt to repair a crack in the web plating at the heel of a through angle stiffener on a longitudinal bulkhead. The previous crack has been welded shut and a flat bar stiffener added to prevent future cracks; but, as shown in the picture, a crack has appeared again, this time in the heat affected zone of the weld.

In summary, there were only twenty-two failures observed for the family of clearance cutouts in the second survey. This was only about three percent of the 821 failures found in the first survey, however, 752 of those first survey failures were from tankers and combination carriers. The remaining sixty-nine failures on containerships, general cargo ships, and bulk carriers, represents a failure rate of 0.36% which is in line with the 0.25% failure rate for survey number two.

FAMILY NUMBER 9 - DECK CUTOUTS

Sketches of the three groups of deck cutouts are presented in Figure 21. There were twenty-one variations in configurations with no new variations observed in the second survey. Groups "A" and "B" are small deck openings normally used for access, and group "C" configurations are deck cuts at corners of large hatch openings. Table 11 is a summary of the collected data for the second survey and both surveys combined.

One hundred percent of the deck cuts in group "A" were functionally sound. In fact, there was only one failure among the group "A" configurations in the first survey. However, group "B", even with a coaming around the hole to help give some extra support, was the source of twelve failures. Eight of those failures were found in the main deck of a single bulk carrier. Thirty-two percent of the cargo hold access openings (detail 9-B-2) contained three and four inch cracks in their corners. The ship came into Newport News Shipbuilding for emergency repairs with a cargo of coal which was loaded on board in the Hampton Roads area. An interview with the Captain revealed that the cracks had appeared in the strength deck after "the worst storm I've seen in fifteen years," while crossing the Atlantic on the trip over. In addition to the rough seas, small radiused corners and corrosion were contributing factors to the failures.

Three of the five failures in the group "C" cutouts were caused by severe impact loadings, presumably while handling cargo. Corrosion was evident at the sharp cracks and buckles in the corners of several hatch cuts similar to detail 9-C-4. Detail 9-C-4 was also responsible for the remaining failures in group "C". One was on a general cargo ship and the other was on a relatively new containership. In both cases, in the curve of detail 9-C-4 there was a butt weld where the thicker deck plating near the gunwale joined a thinner panel of deck plating which extended to the centerline and beyond. The butt weld was too rough with a notch, which resulted in a crack in the weld. The crack on the containership had even extended beyond the hatch coaming. This is probably one of the worst places for a crack to appear due to the high primary stresses that "flow" around these cutouts.

In summary, deck cutouts are second to gunwale connections for least number of failures for both surveys, but, also like gunwale connections, any crack, no matter how small, could have catastrophic results.

FAMILY NUMBER 10 - STANCHION ENDS

Figure 22 shows ninety-four observed stanchion end variations which includes the fifteen new ones observed in the second survey. The variations are grouped

FAILED CLEARANCE CUTOUT ON A CONTAINERSHIP



The view is looking aft at a clearance cutout in a transverse web frame for a longitudinal bulkhead stiffener. The cutout, similar to detail 8-C-3, has had a previous crack welded shut and a flat bar stiffener added in an effort to prevent future cracks. However, a new crack has started at the heel of the angle and traveled in the heat affected zone of the weld all the way to the face plate around the arch.

DECK CUTOUT DETAILS FAMILY NO. 9

Α.	ì		3	4	5
	6		8	9	
В.			3	4	5
	6	7			
c.	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	3	•	,

TABLE 11

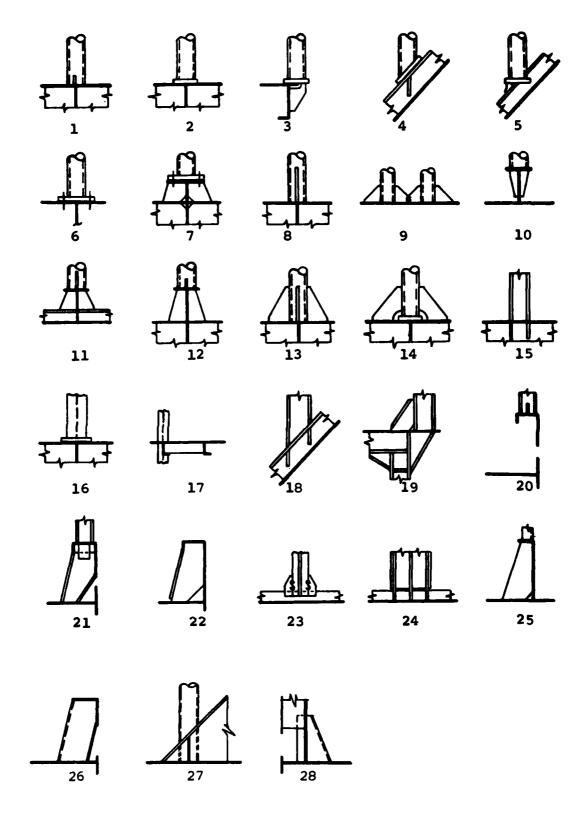
SUMMARY OF STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS

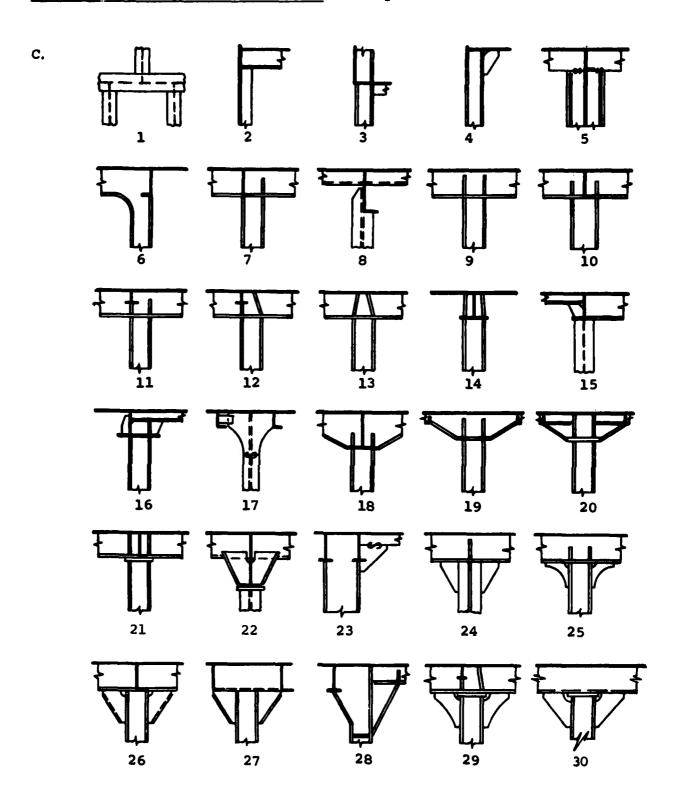
			_				_		
EYS		SOUND DETAILS	000	2.001	99.4	99.3		9.66	
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS		NO. OF SOUND DETAILS		2950	2945	1610		7505	
TOTALS OB		NUMBER OF DETAILS		2951	2962	1621		7534	
EY		SOUND		100.0	97.5	99.3		98.9	
COCEDIAEN SECOND SURVEY		NO. OF SOUND DETAILS		321	460	706		1437	
2500	1000	NUMBER OF DETAILS		321	472	711		1504	
		FAMILY		4	, μ	, U		TOTAL	

STANCHION END DETAILS FAMILY NO. 10

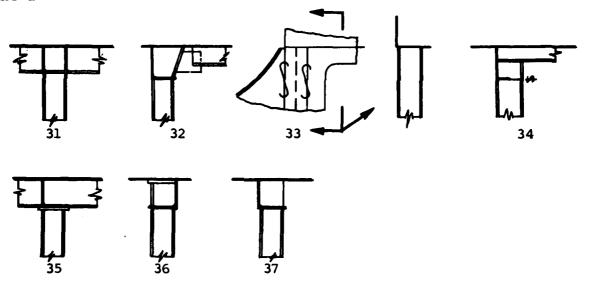
28

В.





C. Cont'd



into one of the following categories:

- o Group 10-A connections at the top of the circular stanchions
- o Group 10-B stanchion bottom connections
- o Group 10-C connections at the top of "H" stanchions

Table 12 contains a summary of 7,090 stanchion ends observed in both surveys.

The "V" notch design of detail 10-B-9 that resulted in many failures at the bottoms of container stands in the first survey were not observed in the second survey. Most of the container stands were joined to the deck similar to detail 10-B-2 and were 100% sound. However, stanchions supporting the deckhouse on containerships and general cargo ships continued to be a problem. Fifty percent of the total stanchion failures in the second survey were in either the top or bottom connections of these supports. Proper design would have provided tension brackets and tapered chocks to relieve the tensile and compressive stresses produced by the relative motions or "flexing" between the main deckhouses and the side shell. Figure 23 is a photograph of a deckhouse support stanchion similar to detail 10-B-26. Detail 10-B-26 was responsible for six of the twelve failures and details 10-B-28 and 10-C-33 accounted for the remainder.

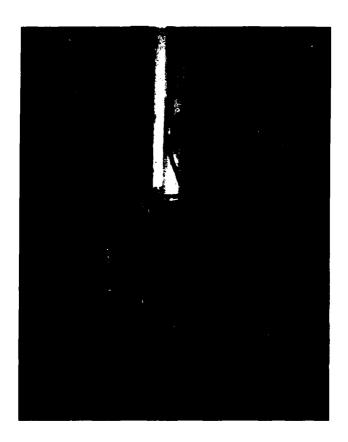
Details 10-A-25 and 10-A-29 show the top end connections of four stanchions that hold up a cargo handling control platform above main deck on a general cargo ship. Since there were no braces on this frame to help carry the lateral loads on the platform when the ship is rolling, the moment formed in the corners at the top of the stanchions causing the chocks or brackets to puncture the thin walls of the stanchions. Other failures were caused by impact loads from cargo handling in details 10-B-15 and 10-C-35. The chocks in detail 10-C-7 had buckled due to a high breadth/thickness ratio.

TABLE 12

SUMMARY OF STANCHION ENDS

ÆYS	SOUND DETAILS	97.7	98.5	98.8	98.3
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	2187	3378	1403	6968
TOTALS OB	NUMBER OF DETAILS	2239	3431	1420	7090
ÆY	SOUND DETAILS	96.5	9.96	97.9	97.1
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	192	281	323	796
OBS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	199	291	330	820
	FAMILY	A	æ	υ	TOTAL

A CORNER SUPPORT STANCHION FOR THE MAIN DECKHOUSE ON A CONTAINERSHIP



This view shows the corner deckhouse stanchion attachment to the main deck bulwark. This connection continues to be a problem area with cracks in the welds at the bottom of the stanchion, at the top of the bracket, under the bulwark face plate, and at the bracket connection to main deck. Poor design, such as the sniped flanged on the bulwark bracket, has been the leading cause of failures.

Seventy-five percent of the stanchion failures in the second survey belong to the newly identified variations in end connections. It appears design was the leading cause of failures, followed by collisions from handling cargo and misuse/abuse. In general, fabrication was excellent.

FAMILY NUMBER 11 - STIFFENER ENDS

The stiffener ends included in this family are the ends of load-carrying structural angles or tees that are attached to panels of plating. Thirty-five variations, including three new ones observed in the second survey, were placed in one of the five groups shown in Figure 24. Numerical data for the five groups are summarized in Table 13.

There were sixty-nine failures in the 9,969 stiffener ends observed in the second survey with a failure rate of 0.69%. This was only 0.05% less than the failure rate for the first survey. Fifty-seven of the failures were in group "A" and the remaining twelve were in group "B". Groups "C", "D" and "E" had 100% sound details.

Forty-five of the failures belong to detail 11-A-9. Neglect was the leading cause of failures, followed by shear and design. In some compartments of a general cargo ship, corrosion had eaten through the bulkheads where water had been standing on the deck. Quite often water was trapped by detail 11-B-6 causing severe corrosion. However, a failure was found on a containership where the use of detail 11-B-6 could have prevented it. A stiffener end similar to detail 11-A-3 was jammed into the shell plating which created a crack about an eighth of an inch deep and an inch long. If a clip had been added, the failure should not have occurred.

Figures 25, 26 and 27 are photographs of end failures on back-up headers for container support foundations on the main deck of a containership. Foundation headers were not included as candidates for the family of stiffener ends, but these pictures were taken to show that many of the same failures and failure causes exist for these structural members as well as for stiffener ends and panel stiffeners. Figures 25 and 26 show a few cracks and poor welding. Figure 27 shows a header under main deck that was cracked along one-third of its depth at its connection with a longitudinal bulkhead. The headers in Figures 26 and 27 were undersized for the in-service loads they received.

FAMILY NUMBER 12 - PANEL STIFFENERS

In this family, panel stiffeners are defined as structural angles, tees, or flat bars welded to large panels of plate for the purpose of preventing local instability of the plate. They are not designed as direct load-carrying members. There was only one new configuration found in survey number two, which brings the total to forty-one as shown in Figure 28. Table 14 is a numerical summary, by family group, of the configurations shown in Figure 28.

The panel stiffeners had 527 failures which is a failure rate of 3.82% in the second survey. This failure rate is very high compared to the 0.65% failure rate recorded in the first survey. One possible explanation could be attributed to the more than two hundred panel stiffener failures by corrosion found on one general cargo ship. The captain explained that for five years during the Vietnam War, the ship carried nothing but ammunition and explosives. During that time, no maintenance, including painting, was performed by the crew due to the volatile

STIFFENER END DETAILS FAMILY NO. 11

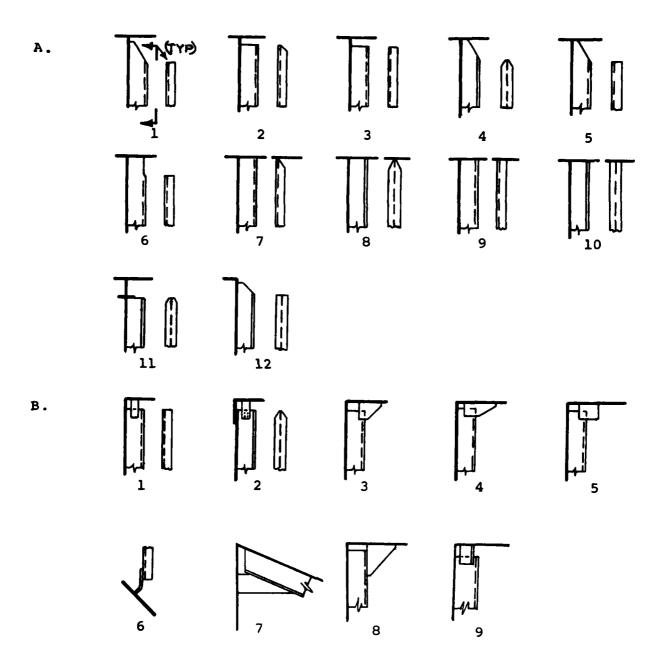


FIGURE 24 - STIFFENER END DETAILS, Family No. 11 (Cont'd)

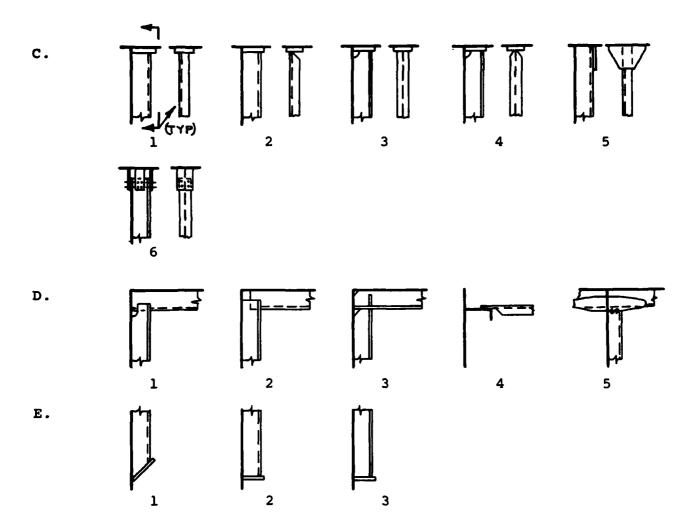
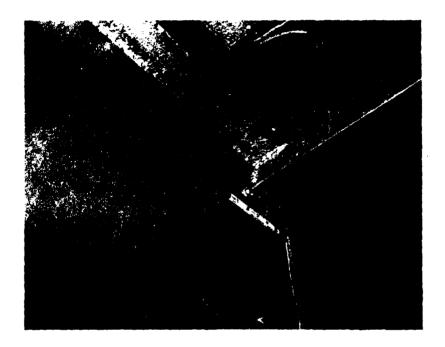


TABLE 13

SUMMARY OF STIFFENER ENDS

							———
ÆYS	\$ SOUND DETAILS	99.3	99.2	99.2	99.1	100.0	99.3
TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	28360	6284	818	4631	338	40431
TOTALS OF	NUMBER OF DETAILS	28559	6332	825	4675	338	40729
ЕУ	\$ SOUND DETAILS	99.1	9.66	100.0	100.0	100.0	99*3
OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	6422	2950	215	205	108	0066
OBSE	NUMBER OF DETAILS	6479	2962	215	205	108	6966
	FAMILY GROUP	A	Д	υ	Ω	ធ	TOTAL

CRACKED WELD ON FOUNDATION HEADER ON A CONTAINERSHIP



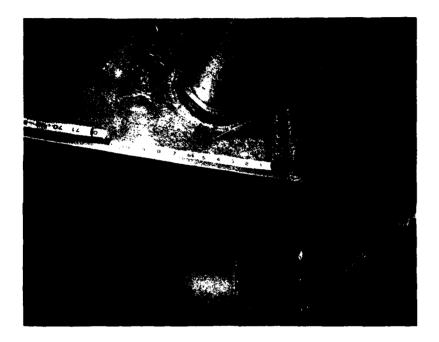
View in starboard box girder looking up at a fore/aft foundation header ending on a transverse bulkhead. A crack has developed in the flange weld as shown. Excessive weld material has been used intermittently instead of a continuous bead.

FAILED FOUNDATION HEADER ON A CONTAINERSHIP



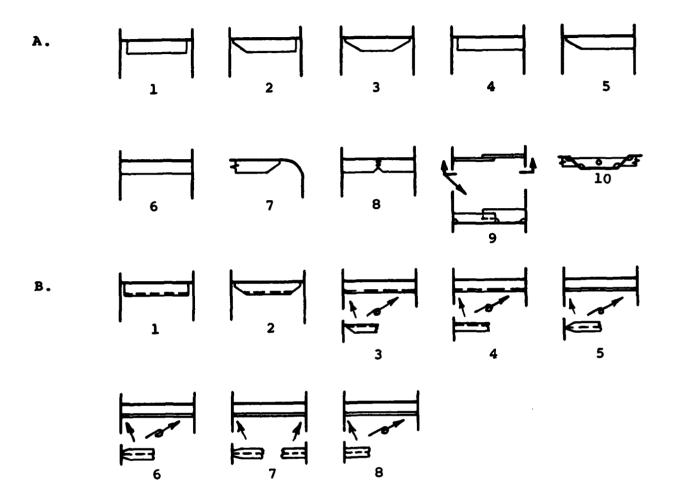
View is in port box girder looking up at a fore/aft header connection to a transverse bulkhead. The header backs up a support foundation for containers on main deck. A chock has been added at the support point as shown in upper right corner of photograph. The weld is cracked along the entire depth of the header's web. A weld at the flange on the main deck stiffener in the upper left, and the weld strike on the transverse bulkhead just below the header at the bottom center of the photograph indicates poor welding techniques.

FAILED FOUNDATION HEADER ON A CONTAINERSHIP



View looking aft showing connection of transverse header under main deck with longitudinal bulkhead at the right. This header carried loads from a container tie-down foundation nearby. Light can be passed through the crack for one-third the depth of the header.

PANEL STIFFENER DETAILS FAMILY NO. 12



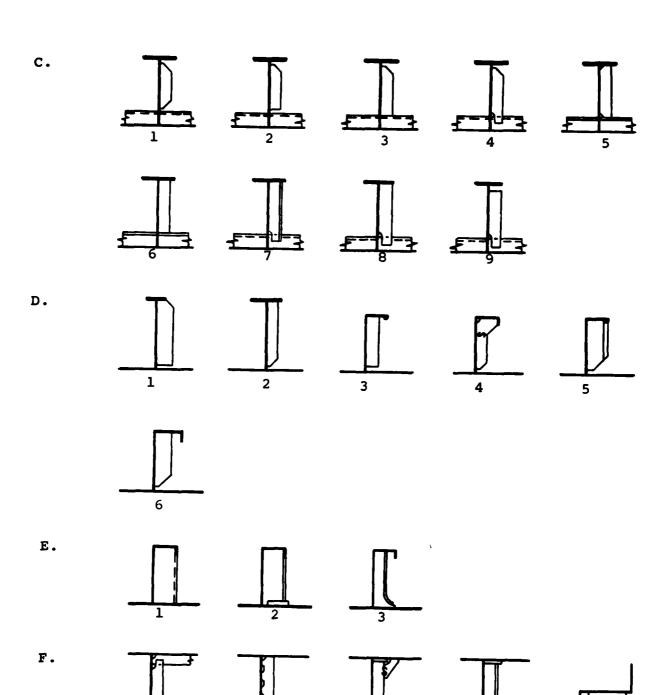


TABLE 14

SUMMARY OF PANEL STIFFENERS

	SBO	OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	EY	TOTALS OF	TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	ÆYS
FAMILY GROUP	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	SOUND DETAILS	NUMBER OF DETAILS	NO. OF SOUND DETAILS	\$ SOUND DETAILS
¥	6199	6665	8.96	19299	19014	98.5
æ	4420	4150	93.9	14030	13742	97.9
U	1097	1094	99.7	16237	16194	99.7
Q	1867	1813	97.1	3237	3083	95.2
ផ	81	81	100.0	511	501	98.0
(L)	143	143	100.0	523	515	98.5
TOTAL	13807	13280	96.2	53837	53049	98.5

nature of the cargo. In addition, since the war no maintenance work has been done because of a "full delivery schedule" and only "necessary" repairs will be accomplished.

Eighty-one percent of the failures recorded in the second survey were on general cargo ships. Groups "A" and "B" led the failure list with 200 and 270 failures, respectively. Group "C" had three failures, while group "D" had fifty-four failures that were found mainly on the main deck hatch coamings. Groups "E" and "F" were failure free.

Many of the failures in this family were caused by corrosion, impact from large objects, and misuse/abuse. On the general cargo ship mentioned above, corrosion was the prevalent cause of so many failures on details 12-A-3 and 12-B-2. Fifty-six percent of the panel stiffener configurations that had failures in the second survey had at least one failure due to impact loading, presumably by cargo. Stiffeners with sniped ends with no restraints to help keep the flange from tripping were especially vulnerable. Details 12-A-6 and 12-A-10 had many failures due to misuse/abuse. These panel stiffeners often had holes drilled in them to attach cables for holding down cargo. One such stiffener is shown in the photograph in Figure 29.

Figure 30 shows cracked intermittent welds on a horizontal panel stiffener. These cracks were caused by a buckled transverse web frame just above an archway in the box girder of a containership.

In summary, the panel stiffener failures observed in the last thirty-six ships surveyed, decreased the percentage of sound details from 99.3% for the first fifty ships to 98.5% for the total eighty-six ships in both surveys. These failures were caused by collisions from handling cargo, misuse/abuse, and in one extreme case where a general cargo ship received only "necessary" repairs.

SNYTHESIS BY SHIP TYPE

The previous section discusses "Snythesis by Family Groups," for the individual detail configurations of the family groups and how they performed in service. In this section, emphasis will be placed on the detail families and family groups and their performance in individual ship types. All of the data observed in the total eighty-six ship survey will be synthesized according to individual ship types. This method, used in "Structural Details of Ships In Service," enables design/repair offices to determine, at a glance, failure trends of structural detail families on specific ships.

The number of surveys for each ship type varied from two to twenty-four, therefore, comparable data are provided by normalizing the survey data. Seven ships, as was used in reference I below, will be used to normalize the data in order to continue that synthesis already accomplished on the first fifty ships. The normalized data are presented in Table 15 and Figures 31 through 41, with the ship types represented by capital letters in the following order:

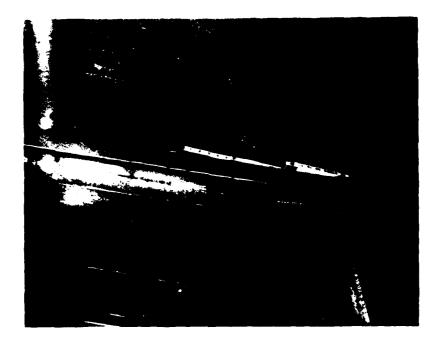
^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Ward, W. E., "Structural Details of Ships In Service," presented at Hampton Roads Chapter, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, March 15, 1978.

FAILED PANEL STIFFENER ON A GENERAL CARGO SHIP



Photographer is standing in the cargo hold looking up at a panel stiffener on a longitudinal corrugated bulkhead. The weld cracks were due to poor welding and possibly buckling of the bulkhead while the ship was in a seaway. The hole drilled in the stiffener is sometimes used to tie down cargo. This often produces failures.

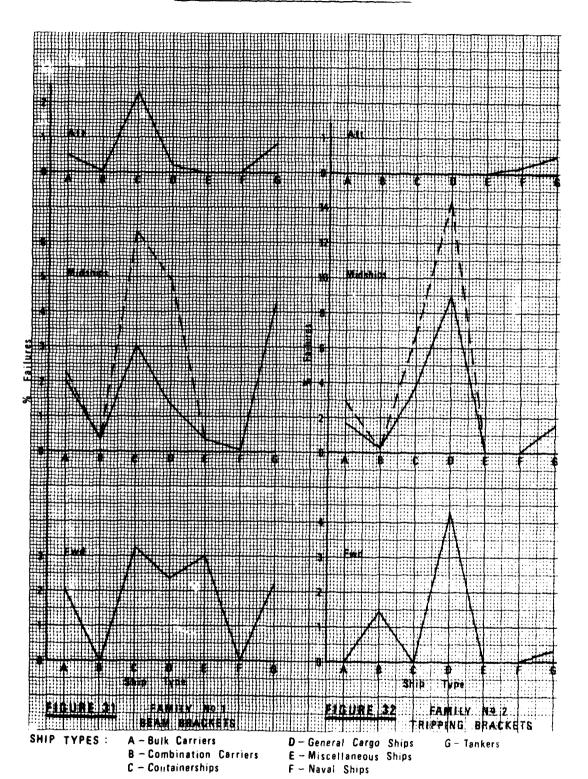
PANEL STIFFENER FAILURE ON A CONTAINERSHIP

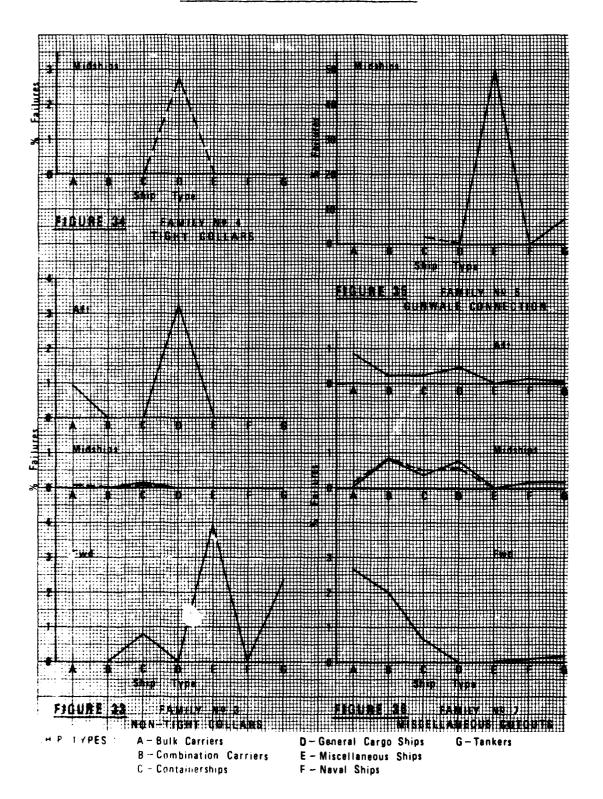


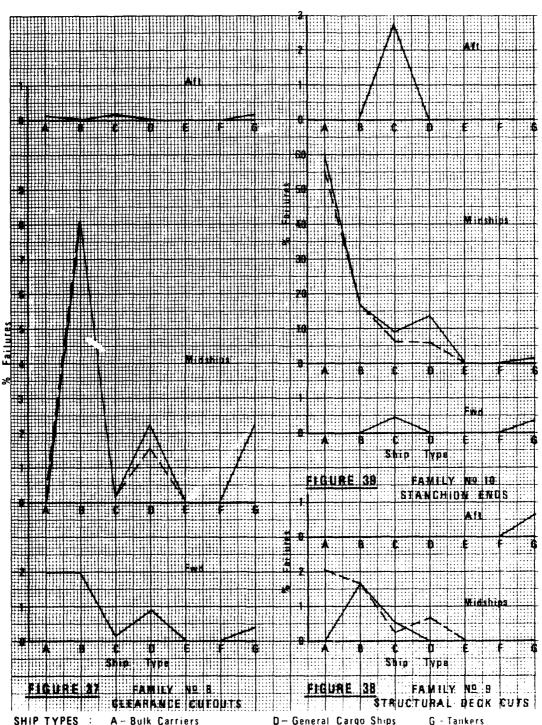
View in starboard box girder looking forward shows a container tie-down foundation header under main deck and an archway in the transverse web frame. Not shown in the photograph was a crack in the weld of the header web to the transverse web. The load, which was too much for the transverse web, caused a buckle and "popped" the intermittent welds on the horizontal panel stiffener just above the archway. The flanges of the continuous foundation header have been sniped.

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		S	AFT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	95	13	12	24	0	o	3	=
		AILURES	MID- SHIPS	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	8	13	122	9	98	0	33	74	358
FAMILY	DETAILS	FA	FWD	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	02	20	11	0	0	3	4	144
DETAILS TYPE-DETAIL	ı	٥	AFT	403	83	315	224	280	199	425	3246	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	6755	5782	5425	5124	10990	7786	6451	48313
DETAILS FYPE-DE	NORMALIZED	OBSERVED	MID- SHIPS	731	3038	757	687	1330	1501	2800	10844	14	*	14	14	14	7	14	86	10827	15050	12093	10360	27335	22812	48736	147213
ı	NOR	0	FWD	175	532	198	126	140	342	178	1691	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2643	2506	2497	2674	5740	3749	2633	22442
OBSERVED BY SHIP		\LS	FAIL	0	0	.0	19	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	7	0	1	8	139	185	8	80	0	45	81	619
ED		TOTALS	SERVED 98	1309	4508	1270	1037	1750	2504	3403	15781	14	11	14	14	4	14	14	86	20225	23338	20015	18158	44065	34347	57820	217968
NORMALIZ		ES	AFT	2	0	42	8	0	0	6	59	0	0	0	0	0	F	2	3	14	0	0	11	٥	0	0	25
NO		FAILURES	MID- SHIPS	49	21	315	245	7	2	103	749	09	7	181	300	0	0	44	592	ŧ	0	-	0	0	0	0	2
ARY	ILS	T	FWD	92	0	86	8	8	0	12	139	0	9	0	8	0	0	1	10	0	0	•	0	11	0	3	15
SUMMARY	O DETAILS	:D	AFT	1024	902	1838	1568	1470	1618	1101	9319	245	644	338	182	35	778	409	2631	1470	938	263	336	245	622	355	4229
SU	MALIZED	BSERVED	MID- SHIPS	2212	6188	5004	5018	4095	5367	2418	30302	2040	2940	2697	2093	385	1976	2848	14979	2006	3360	1158	156	490	2038	797	10005
	NORM	0	FWD	1260	952	1744	458	840	832	83	1207	105	420	222	2	35	397	318	1567	920	378	128	4	280	381	129	1940
		ALS	FAIL- URES	8	21	413	268	8	2	124	947	09	13	181	303	0	•	47	909	15	0	2	11	11	0	8	42
Nº 15		TOTALS	OB - SERVED	4496	7840	8286	7440	6405	7187	4058	46642	2390	4004	3257	2345	455	3151	3575	19177	4106	4676	1549	906	1015	3041	1281	16174
TABLE		SHIP	1 Y P.E	<	•	υ	۵	ш	LL.	ပ	TOTALS	*	æ	v	۵	E	F	ပ	TOTALS	٧	æ	ပ	a	ш	ů.	ပ	TOTALS
E	۱۱۲۸	FAN	.T 3O		8	T3>	۱۵۷	AS	MA	38	٢		213	CK	/H8	ЯN	144	IAT	Ŧ	S	AA.	110) T	ноі.	T-V	ION	٢

	וורא	N A H	DET.		S	END	H:	ENE	4411	LS			SH	ENE	331.	LS	AEF	IAq									
		S	AFT	18	0	•	e	0	m	2	30	S	0	•	24	•	0	0	33							٠	
≥		FAILURE	MID- SHIPS	0	0	6	29	0	=	73	122	14	11	59	185	0	31	10	310								
FAMI	DETAILS	FA	FWD	0	7	7	0	0	-	5	15	16	0	0	0	•	0	2	18								
DETAILS TYPE - DETAIL FAMILY	l i	Q Q	AFT	1050	996	1103	1260	07.0	1143	1018	7310	1663	1106	282	798	086	1618	1405	8165								
DETAILS FYPE - DE	NORMALIZED	OBSERVED	MID - SHIPS	839	1204	1877	2581	315	3990	3683	14489	1773	2422	2246	2945	2275	7358	5670	24689							•	
1	NOR	0	FWD	823	1050	629	504	735	770	872	5413	1208	742	263	294	260	607	775	4449			-				•	
OBSERVED BY SHIP		YLS	FAIL URES	18	7	15	32	0	15	80	167	35	11	63	209	0	31	12	361			_					
1		TOTALS	OB SERVED	2712	3220	3639	4345	1820	5903	5573	27212	4644	4270	3104	4037	3815	9583	7850	37303								
NORMALIZED		S	AFT	က	0	2	0	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	1	0	ပ	4	0	0	0	0	+
N		FAILURES	MID	9	491	S	15	0	0	205	722	4	9	-	က	0	0	0	18	5	8	7	23	0	0	1	64
ARY	ILS	F	FWD	25	17	-	က	0	0	3	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	-	0	0	0	1	2
SUMMARY	D DETAILS	Q:	AFT	2730	1260	1173	756	1645	2	1120	8738	70	126	111	112	630	202	156	1407	490	364	146	392	385	404	264	2445
SU	MALIZED	BSERVED	SHIPS	3259	6062	3410	996	8190	0	9213	31100	196	602	376	444	490	699	700	3477	6	168	112	381	525	887	70	2152
(:	NOR	0	FWD	1278	868	694	336	999	0	775	4616	105	126	134	70	385	124	70	1014	333	322	216	210	525	319	285	2210
15 (CON'T.)		ALS	FAIL-	8	208	80	18	0	0	210	7.78	4	9	-	က	0	0	1	19	2	28	12	23	0	0	2	70
Nº 15		TOTALS	OB- SERVED	1267	8190	5277	2058	10500	2	11108	44454	371	854	621	626	1505	995	926	8685	ZE8	854	474	983	1436	1610	619	6807
TABLE		SHIP	I YPE	٧	£	၁	Q	ш	ı	ပ	TOTALS	٧	8	v	D	Э	L.	G	TOTALS	٧	A	ပ	۵	E	Ŀ	ပ	TOTALS
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													7.									47					







SHIP TYPES :

A - Bulk Carriers

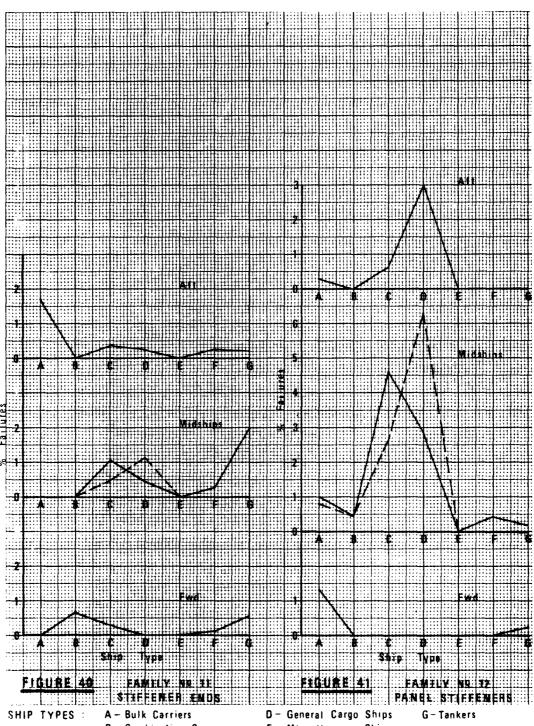
C - Containerships

B - Combination Carriers

D - General Cargo Ships

E - Miscellaneous Ships

F - Naval Ships



 $\boldsymbol{B} = \boldsymbol{Combination} \quad \boldsymbol{Carriers}$

C - Containerships

E - Miscellaneous Ships

F - Naval Ships

A - Bulk Carriers

B - Combination Carriers

C - Containerships

D - General Cargo Ships

E - Miscellaneous Ships

F - Naval Ships

G - Tankers

The following is a list of the total number of ships surveyed. An asterisk denotes that twelve ships were surveyed in the midship/cargo section only:

* 16 - Bulk Carriers

5 - Combination Carriers

* 24 - Containerships

* 17 - General Cargo Ships

2 - Miscellaneous Ships

9 - Naval Ships

13 - Tankers 86 - TOTAL NUMBER OF SHIPS SURVEYED

Data in the forward and aft sections of all ships, plus the data in the midship section of the combination carriers, miscellaneous ships, naval ships, and tankers were taken from the first survey. Data for the midship section of bulk carriers, containerships and general cargo ships were taken from both surveys.

Table 15 is a normalized data summary of the observed details and failures for each detail family. The data is listed by ship type and general location in the ship, i.e., forward of the cargo section (fwd); within the cargo section (midships); and aft of the cargo section (aft).

Figures 31 through 41, were derived from Table 15 and are plots of the percent failures versus ship type for each detail family. Separate plots are provided for each of the three general ship locations - fwd, midships, and aft. The percentage given on each plot represents the failure percentage of the details observed in that general area of the ship only. The solid line in the plots represent data gathered from the first survey, and the broken line (shown only in the midship plots) represents data gathered from ships in both surveys.

Table 16 is a failure percentage tabulation for each ship type for individual family groups by general ship location. The data in this table shows percentages of actual observed data and has not been normalized. In order to attain the failure percentages, the authors divided the observed failures by the total details observed in each of the three general ship locations.

Using Figures 31 through 41, an engineer/designer could quickly establish failure trends for detail families on a particular ship type. Table 16 shows failures in the individual family groups and their location. Appendix A provides more specific data on detail variations and should aid the designer in finding failure modes and causes.

Family Number 1 - Beam Brackets

Twenty-three percent (145) of the 634 configurations observed in both surveys were in this family. The largest number of beam brackets appeared on containerships;

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			AFT		0.48	88.		0.42					20.00		0.83			0.74									\sqcup
UPS		ی	MID SHIPS	95'9	3.17				2.06				14.62				17.73	0.88	2.15	2.86							
DETAIL FAMILY GROUPS LOCATION			FWD			2.40			3.75					5.71				0.24	0.59		8.33						
LY			AFT																0.32		_				_		
NAN N		F	MID- SHIPS									20.00				0.43			_				_				ᅦ
VI LO				_						_		8				<u> </u>											
DETA OCA			FWD	_																							_
			AFT	<u> </u>																							
RES k SH		Ε	MID- SHIPS		1.25																						1
AILU PE 8	NO O		FWD			_					·			17.50									3.75				
PERCENT FAILURES OF BY SHIP & SHIP	SHIP TYPE & LOCATION		AFT	3.33	•	_				_	3.33		_	-							2.86	_	6.67				
SHI	& LO		MID- SHIPS	-		68	0.48	1.18			1.49	0.67		6.67	3.64					15.59	_		•	2.97			\dashv
PEF BY	YPE	d		_		10.89	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u> -				<u>.</u>		60	m			0		15.	_	_	-	2			_
_	T d I		FWD	_							6.67		6.67					4.00			_						_
AR	S		AFT			2.67			22.50					1.33	0.18												
SUMMARY		C	SAIHS -QIMS			7.60		6.28	0.53			17.69	0.88	0.27	4.57		_	3.54	0.56	9.05	0.13		•			0.47	
S			FWD			2.51		1.25			3.33			11.08									10.00				
8			AFT F	_	_		-		_				-						_				-	<u> </u>		<u>. </u>	_
		!		-		33						9			22				- 52	£3	-						\dashv
		В	MID- SHIPS			0.03						24.00			0.57				0.25	1.43						-	_
			FWD					_										2.50				_					
			AFT			2.35	0.36																2.58				
) 16		<	MID- SHIPS		1.16						69.0	8.96	0.30	99'9	6.80	22.50	7.76	2.50		3.71	0.19						
TABLE Nº 16			FWD S	-					4. 29		4.1										_			<u> </u>			
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TA	FAMILY	GROUP	NO.	1 - A	1	1-0	1-0	1	1-1	1-6	1	1-1	1 K	1-1	1 - 3	- -	1	2-A	2-8	2-C	3-8	3 – 8	3 – C	4 - A	4 - 6	4-C	-
							_							_													

	Т	Г	Τ.	_		_			-		-2	-		_	_				T ~						
1			12			<u></u>					1.32	0.16			0.67				0.67			L			
UPS		ც	SHIPS	0.0				0.05	0.15	±.88			0.07		05.0	10.29	8.8	0.62					2.00		
GRO			P.WD			2.73							0.12					0.91					0.71		
JILY JILY			AFT					0.22				0.11	90.0												
PAN		۳.	MID- SHIPS			8	5.1	61.0					0.02		 -										
DETAIL FAMILY GROUPS LOCATION			FWD					0.33	-																
P LC			AFT															-							
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PERCENT FAILURES OF BY SHIP TYPE & SHIP	NO		FWD		_										_										
NT P	OCAT		AFT					6.40					0.04												
FRCE Y SH	SHIP TYPE & LOCATION	Q	MID- SHIPS			5.39		0.60			0.25		0.56	13.33						1.32	69.0	16.60	1.69	2.09	
	P TY		FWD												_			0.83							ļ —
ARY	SHI		AFT					0.28			.56		0.25		0.91	0.14						12.00	_		
¥		၁	MID- SHIPS	7.14		0.53	0.46	1.19	9.30	0.31	0.67	0.69	96.0		0.56	0.18	1.13	90.0		1.03	0.15	8.4	7.02	8	
SUMMARY			FWD										0.91			0.43						0.59			
			AFT										0.40 64												
		•	MID- SHIPS						-	3.82			8.		8.8		8.33			8	3.75		25.00		
£.			FWD					0.53		-			3.04	-				10.00							
COA			AFT						12.31				0.70					0.67							
91 ō		4	MID- SHIPS								8	1. 16	0.12			0.05		0.41		5.26			80.00	60.00	
E N			FWD										3.85					10.00					<u> </u>	_	
TABLE NO 16 (CON'T.)	FAMILY	GROUP	NO.	8 − 8	- C	7-A	7-8	7-c	7-0	7-E	7-F	2-C	7-H	8-∧	6 0	υ ••	0-8	8-E	∀-6	9-6	9-C	10−A	10-8	10-C	

			_		8					_	·		-		
			AFT	_	20.00										
UPS		ی	MID- SHIPS	3.18	0.80		1.93				8.0				
GRO			FWD	65.0						1.88					
11LY			AFT	0.40											
PAN ON		ı	MID- SHIPS	0.18		2.80			1.18	0.11					
DETAIL FAMILY GROUPS LOCATION			FWD	0.14						-					
F DE			AFT		_										
SHIE		3	SHIPS	-											
PERCENT FAILURES OF BY SHIP TYPE & SHIP	NC		FWD 8	<u> </u>											
T FA TYF	SAT1		-	0.25					1.61		15.00				
SHIP	ני רס		PS AFT	1. 26 0	96.0				4.37	9.44					
PER BY	SHIP TYPE & LOCATION	Ω	D SHIPS	Į.	<u>.</u>				4	6	14.29				
_	HIP T		FWD	Ļ	<u></u>										
AR	S		AFT	0.14	1.03					0.98				2.22	
¥ ¥		ပ	SHIPS	0. 4	0.61		0. 79		0.33	- 8		6. 25	3.32	1.70	
SUMMARY			FWD	0.37											
			AFT												
		8	SAIHS - CIM					1	0.63						
i'T.)			FWD	0.71						_					
(CON			AFT	1.67					0.51						
TABLE NO 16 (CON'T.)		٧	- QIW SHIPS						1.27		8.0				
Ñ			FWD SI	-					2.73		_				
BLE	<u>ا</u>	\sqcup		-					-			_			
TA	FAMILY	GROUP	Š	11-A	11-8	11-C	11-0	11-E	12-A	12-8	12-C	12-0	12-E	12-F	

tankers had the smallest number. The number of beam brackets that are used in the midship section of bulk carriers decreased by 59% of that used in the first survey, and the average failures decreased by 55%. However, the percentage failure rate remained about the same, as shown in Figure 31.

There were failures observed on all ship types. Containerships continued to maintain their lead for observed failures, followed by general cargo ships and tankers. Of the failures, 79% occurred in the midship area, 15% forward, and 6% aft. The eight percent increase in the midship area, as explained in the first section of this report, could be expected since the second survey was confined to the exact area on the three ship types where the majority of the failures occurred in the first survey. As shown in Figure 31, each of the ship types had beam bracket failures in the forward section of the ship, except for combination carriers and tankers. In the midship section, the percentage of failures greatly increased for containerships and general cargo ships, which placed them ahead of tankers in failure percentage. Containerships had the most failure problems in the aft section of the ship.

Family Number 2 - Tripping Brackets

Distribution of tripping brackets varied from 2.37% on miscellaneous ships to 20.88% on combination carriers, with the largest number of failures occurring in the midship area of general cargo ships. In the forward section of the ship, failures were confined to three ship types; combination carriers, general cargo ships, and tankers. However, in the midship section, only miscellaneous ships and naval ships remained failure free. General cargo ships increased their lead in percentage failures in the midship area to 14.33%. All of the failures on general cargo ships in the midship area were in group 2-C (Table 16). Appendix A and the discussion on tripping brackets in the first section, indicate that the majority of the general cargo ship failures in family/group 2-C were contributed by the bulwark and hatch coaming supports. Tripping bracket failures in the aft section of the ship were limited to naval ships and tankers.

Family Number 3 - Non-Tight Collars

Peak failure trends in this family appear in the forward area of miscellaneous ships, midship area of containerships, and aft area of general cargo ships. The failure peaks appear very small in the midship area. This is because there were only two failures observed in the sixteen bulk carriers and five failures observed in the twenty-four containerships surveyed which, after normalizing, amounted to a 0.05% and 0.09% failure rate, respectively.

Family Number 4 - Tight Collars

This family was free of failures except for the midship area of general cargo ships. There was one failure observed on one of the twenty-four containerships surveyed, but even after normalizing (using seven ships) only a fraction of a failure would appear in Table 15.

Family Number 5 - Gunwale Connections

Failures in gunwale connections were observed in only three ship types. The midship area of containerships sustained 2.08% failures; the midship area of miscellaneous ships sustained 50% failures; and the midship area of tankers sustained 7.14% failures.

Family Number 6 - Knife Edge Crossings

There were no knife edge crossings observed.

Family Number 7 - Miscellaneous Cutouts

This family contained 50% of all the observed details and 17% of all the failures listed in Table 15. All of the ship types, except miscellaneous and general cargo ships, experienced failures throughout. General cargo ships had no failures forward, and miscellaneous ships had no failures at all. Peak failure trends appeared in the forward and aft sections of bulk carriers, and in the midship section of combination carriers. As indicated in "Structural Details of Ships in Service," all of the failures in the forward and aft sections of the bulk carriers occurred in details 7-D-2 and 7-H-5. The lightening hole cutout, detail 7-E-2, and the weld clearance cutout, detail 7-H-1, accounted for all of the failures in the midship section of the combination carriers. The midship section of the containerships had failures in each of the eight groups of miscellaneous cutouts.

Family Number 8 - Clearance Cutouts

The largest number of clearance cutouts were used in tankers, miscellaneous ships and combination carriers. Naval ships had the least and they were found in the aft section only. As shown in Figure 37, bulk and combination carriers had the highest failure percentage in the forward section of the ship. Detail 8-E-2 accounted for all of the bulk carrier failures and detail 8-E-7 for the combination carrier failures. In the midship section, detail 8-D-6 was responsible for the 8.1% failure rate on the combination carriers. The failure rate for bulk carriers, containerships, and general cargo ships, changed very little from the first survey, as shown in the midship plot of Figure 37. Very few clearance cutout failures were observed in the aft section of any of the ship types.

Family Number 9 - Structural Deck Cuts

This family was free of failures in the forward section of all ship types and only tankers experienced failures in the aft section. However, the second survey revealed a few problem areas in the midship area of bulk carriers and general cargo ships. The failures in detail 9-B-2 produced a higher failure rate in the midship area of bulk carriers as compared to combination carriers in the first survey. Details 9-B-5 and 9-C-4 were responsible for the few failures in the midship area of the general cargo ships.

Family Number 10- Stanchion Ends

Containerships and tankers were the only two ship types to sustain stanchion end failures in the forward section of the ships. At midship, the bulk carriers continued to lead the other ship types in percentage failures with a 55.56% rate. The only stanchion end failures in the aft section of any of the ship types occurred in detail 10-A-1 on a containership.

Family Number 11 - Stiffener Ends

Peak failure trends in this family appear in the forward area of combination

^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Ward, W. C.; "Structural Details of Ships In Service," presented at Hampton Roads Chapter, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, March 15, 1978.

carriers, midship area of tankers, and aft area of bulk carriers. After the data from both surveys were combined, the percentage of failures in the midship area of containerships was reduced to 0.48%; and, the percentage of failures in the midship area of general cargo ships was increased to 1.12%.

Family Number 12 - Panel Stiffeners

Distribution of panel stiffeners varied from 8.32% on containerships to 25.69% of naval ships, with the largest number of failures occurring in the midship area of the general cargo ships. Only bulk carriers and tankers showed failures in the forward section of the ships. Peak failure percentage appears in the aft section of general cargo ships.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Using the same survey techniques and data analysis procedures developed in the Ship Structure Committee Project SR-1232, "Structural Details Failure Survey," an additional twelve bulk carriers, twelve containerships, and twelve general cargo ships were surveyed in the midship/cargo area. During a fourteen month period, repair yards and loading facilities were visited on all three coasts of the United States in order to obtain eligible candidates for the survey.

The second survey produced eighty-one new detail variations for the twelve existing structural detail families. This brings the total number of configurations for the eighty-six ship survey to 634 distinct detail variations. Table 17 is a listing for the second survey of the twenty detail variations that had either the most observed failures or highest percentage of failures. Table 18 is a summary listing the total number of details and detail failures observed for each family in the second survey as well as for both surveys combined.

A total of 117,374 details were observed with a total of 3,555 failures, yielding a failure rate of 3.03% for the second survey. In the first fifty-ship survey, the 3,301 failures of the 490,210 details observed, resulted in a failure rate of 0.67%. By combining the data in the two surveys, the results show 6,856 failures for 607,584 observed details or a failure rate of 1.13%.

The twelve detail families continued to follow many of the trends established in the first survey. Although some individual family failure percentages increased or decreased due to a number of reasons, the majority remained the same. Some observations on the twelve families performance in the second survey as compared to that in the first survey follows:

- o Some of the same beam bracket details appeared on the ten most prevalent list in both surveys. Overall percentage of failures increased in the second survey. The failure percentage in the midship of bulk carriers remained the same.
- o Tripping brackets showed an increase in failure percentage with increased failures on all three ship types, bulk carriers, containerships and general cargo ships. All of the failures in the midship area of general cargo ships continued to be in family/group 2-C.

^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Cochran, C. S., "In-Service Performance of Structural Details,"
Ship Structure Committee Report SSC-272, dated 1978.

TABLE 17

TOP TEN FAILED DETAILS

		MOST PREVALENT		HIG	HIGHEST PERCENTAGE	3
MAG	DETAIL	NO. OF	8	DETAIL	NO. OF	8 53 TT KG
KAINK	NUMBER	FALLUKES	FALLORES	NUMBER	FALLONES	FALLONES
7	1-C-1	538	19.2	10-A-29	2	0.001
~	1-C-25	359	27.8	10-C-33	4	100.0
m	2-C-19	330	18.8	10-A-28	ю	75.0
4	1-C-2	204	12.6	1-P-8	80	66.7
S	2-C-11	196	17.8	5-A-1	н	50.0
y	2-C-7	195	8.2	7-H-13	12	50.0
7	12-B-2	160	47.2	2-A-20	54	49.1
σ,	1-E-1	125	4.0	12-B-2	160	47.2
6	12-A-3	105	3.9	10-B-26	ø	42.9
10	2-C-20	86	12.6	2-C-27	50	42.4

TABLE 18

SUMMARY OF DATA FOR 12 DETAIL FAMILIES

		OBSEF	OBSERVED SECOND SURVEY	SURVEY	TOTALS OF	TOTALS OBSERVED BOTH SURVEYS	SURVEYS
FAMILY NO.	DETAIL FAMILY NAME	NO. DETAILS	NO. FAILURES	* FAILURES	TOTAL NO. DETAILS	TOTAL NO. FAILURES	\$ FAILURES
7	Beam Bracket	17836	1364	7.65	98589	2252	3.28
7	Tripping Bracket	13372	1273	9.52	34012	1587	4.67
E	Non-Tight Collar	4724	2	0.11	20974	33	0.16
4	Tight Collar	2654	46	1.73	20654	46	0.22
5	Gunwale Connection	72	7	1.39	172	S	2.91
9	Knife Edges	0	0	ı	0	0	ı
7	Miscellaneous Cutouts	43819	207	0.47	296689	853	0.29
80	Clearance Cutouts	8797	22	0.25	57307	843	1.47
6	Deck Cutouts	1504	17	1.13	7534	29	0.38
10	Stanchion Ends	820	24	2.93	7090	122	1.72
11	Stiffener Ends	6966	69	69.0	40729	298	0.73
12	Panel Stiffeners	13807	527	3.82	53837	788	1.46
	TOTALS	117374	3555	3.03	607584	9589	1.13

- o Non-tight collars maintained a very high sound detail percentage.
- o The percent of sound details for tight collars was lowered from 100% to 99.8%, due to a few failures on three general cargo ships in the second survey.
- o The workmanship and welding continued to be excellent on gunwale connections with only one new failure reported.
 - o No knife edge crossings were observed in either survey.
- o As in the first survey, no one group of miscellaneous cutouts could be singled out as having more failures than the others. Weld clearance cutouts continued to lead the failure list, and each of the eight groups had less than a one percent failure rate.
- o The family of clearance cutouts had a failure rate of 0.25% in the midship area of bulk carriers, containerships, and general cargo ships, as compared to a failure rate of 0.36% for the same three ship types in the first survey.
- O The percentage of failures for deck cutouts increased slightly as a result of failures sustained on a bulk carrier during a severe storm.
- o The stanchion ends supporting the corners of the deckhouses continued to be a problem. Seventy-five percent of the stanchion end failures in the second survey were new detail variations.
- o The family of stiffener ends had almost the same failure percentage in both surveys. However, the failure percentage in the midship area of containerships decreased slightly, while the failure percentage in the midship area of the general cargo ships increased by about the same amount.
- o Panel stiffeners showed a much higher percentage of failure due to one general cargo ship that had an extreme maintenance problem.

Appendix A is a tabulation of the numerical data for each detail variation observed in both surveys. The appendix for projects SR-1232 and SR-1258 were combined to provide the maximum available information on the 607,584 details observed in the eighty-six ship survey. On each detail figure is shown the location of cracks and buckles as indicated with a (-) and (+), respectively.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This report analyzes and evaluates data collected from on board inspections of thirty-six ships. The data collected on twelve bulk carriers, twelve containerships and twelve general cargo ships, were combined with the data from Project SR-1232 to expand the data base in the midship sections of these three ship types. Besides confirming many of the failure trends established in the first fifty ship survey, distinctive service performances were identified for the twelve typical structural detail families in the second survey. The data from the two surveys were summarized to provide the maximum available information for ready use by design and repair offices.

^{1.} Jordan, C. R.; Cochran, C. S., "In-Service Performance of Structural Details,"
Ship Structure Committee Report SSC-272, dated 1978.

A total of 117,304 details were observed with a total of 3,555 failures, which produced a failure rate of 3.03% for the second survey. The failure rate for the first fifty ship survey was 0.67%. The 2.36% higher failure rate was probably due to the location selected for the second survey. Since the first survey disclosed that eighty-two percent of the detail failures occurred in the midship section of the ships, the second survey was confined to this problem area to confirm or refute the high failure rate. Thus, by concentrating in an area of high detail failure, and then summarizing the results, without including the data from areas with many sound details such as the forward and aft sections of the ship, a failure rate higher than the first survey resulted.

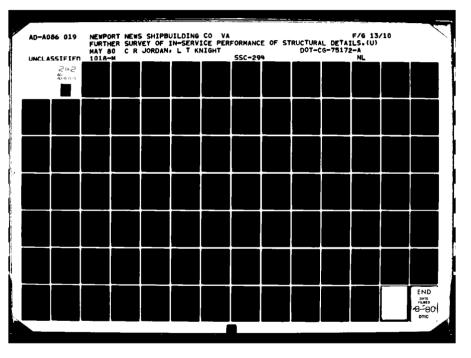
Failures continued to be attributed to either one or a combination of five categories - design, fabrication, welding, maintenance, and operation. In "Structural Details of Ships In Service," the authors' analyze each of these failure causes and provide not only how and why each of these items cause problems, but how to eliminate these failures by the use of proper techniques. Additional recommended reference material is also provided in that paper.

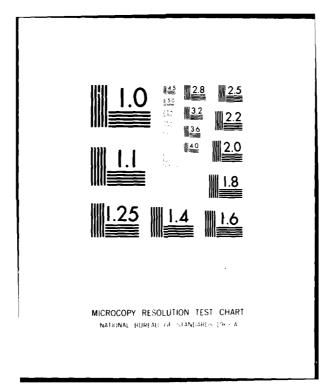
Data in the forward and aft sections of all ships, plus the data in the midship section of the combination carriers, miscellaneous ships, naval ships and tankers were taken from the first survey. Data for the midship section of bulk carriers, containerships and general cargo ships were taken from both surveys. This brings the total number of midship surveys for each of these three ship types to sixteen bulk carriers, twenty-four containerships, and seventeen general cargo ships. Any failure trends established for the structural details in the midship/cargo area of these three ship types could be regarded as being more representative of what actually occurs, as opposed to the ship types where failure trends have been established after having surveyed only a few ships.

The information collected in the two surveys provides an adequate data base for statistical evaluation of each family or family group. Evaluation of the effect of ship type on these groups or on all individual detail configurations is less reliable because of the smaller number of samples. The three ship types mentioned above, plus naval ships and tankers have enough candidates for evaluation, but combination carriers and miscellaneous ships have only five and two surveyed ships, respectively. Perhaps combination carriers should have been continued in the second survey instead of containerships, since there were already twelve containership candidates in the first survey. Also, it was noticed that twelve candidates were enough to establish accurate failure trends since the failure percentage rate for each detail family changed very little after adding the data from the second twelve containerships surveyed. As for miscellaneous ships, the category is too broad to establish any significant analyses with regard to individual ship types.

Projects of this type should be a continuing effort to provide feedback to design and repair offices for increased confidence in existing design methods as well as for future improvements. As more ships are surveyed, there is less need for estimated data as used in the first survey. Eventually, a substantial data base is formed from which meaningful statistical analyses can be conducted to provide useful information to ship owners as well as design offices. For instance, ship owners could use the information to evaluate the economics of ship maintenance, or the money saved by adding tug stations, etc. Design offices could use the analyses to select the proper detail configuration for a particular design situation and the waterfront trades could use the data as an adjunct in teaching proper fabrication and welding techniques.

Jordan, C. R.; Ward, W. C., "Structural Details of Ships In Service," presented at Hampton Roads Chapter, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers, March 15, 1978.





ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors are grateful to the personnel of the shipyards and repair yards who participated in this survey by allowing the surveyors access to their facilities. A special word of appreciation is extended to the owners and operators who permitted the survey of their ships and provided valuable information during the on board interviews. Also, the authors wish to thank the members of the ad hoc Project Advisory Committee of the National Research Council for giving their time and support to this project.

APPENDIX

Compilation of Performance Data for 634 Observed Structural Detail Variations

This appendix contains a table of failure data arranged by family groups for each of the detail variations observed in projects SR-1232 and SR-1258. Only observed data for the various ship types are presented. The "Failure Mode" and "Failure Cause" columns are postulated by the use of appropriate identification numbers listed in "Notes" (C) and (D) at the bottom of each table. With each detail figure, the location of cracks and buckles is indicated with an arrowhead and a (-) and (+), respectively. A design office or repair facility can use this reference material in selecting the most economical and appropriate configuration for a particular loading condition and structural arrangement.

The following is a list of the total number of ships surveyed in both projects. An asterisk denotes that twelve ships were surveyed in the midship/cargo section only:

- *16 Bulk Carriers
 - 5 Combination Carriers
- *24 Containerships
- *17 General Cargo Ships
 - 2 Miscellaneous Ships
 - 9 Naval Ships
- 13 Tankers
- 86 TOTAL NUMBER OF SHIPS SURVEYED

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY **BEAM BRACKETS**

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	Fallures	Number	mode	Cause	
outh libe	l d ¹	Observed	Observed			NUMBEL			
 	Fwd	30	ODSET VEG	30					
Naval	100	140		140		1-A-1			
MGAGT	Aft	40		40		1-7-1	.	[1
	Fwd	20		20			 		
Naval	700	110		110		1-A-2]		
Ma va z	Aft	30		30				1	l U
	Fwd	240		240					-
Naval	00	1680		1680		1-A-3	1	[
	Aft	490	Į	490					G C
	Fwd	120	 	120					
Naval	300	510	Į	510		1-A-4			
	Aft	200	[200	[ĺ	ĺ	[Ħ
Miscella-	Fwd		 						43.33
neous	Aft	40	<u> </u>	40		1-A-5	ĺ		سنخل
	Fwd						 		Ā
Tanker	夏 Aft	198	2	200	1.0	1-A-5	1	11	
	Fwd						} -		
Tanker	M Aft	45	15	60	25.0	1- A- 6	1	8,11,14	'মুহ'
	Fwd	50		50	 			 	
Naval	000	270		270		1-A-7	1		
Maval	Aft	90		90				İ	_
	Fwd	40		40		f	[-	<u> </u>	(
Naval	100	240	ļ	240		1-A-8		}	<u> </u>
	Aft	70		70	4		ł	1	Ų
	Fwd	20		20					
Tanker	0	56	4	60	6.7	1-A-9	1	8,13	X117
	Aft	30	1	30	ļ	1	1]	
General	Fwd						 	 	
Cargo	双	1	İ		1]			X-4-2 2
	Aft	29	1	30	3.3	1-A-10	1	13	ין
	Fwd	30		30				<u> </u>	
Naval	亚	90	ŀ	90		1-A-11	1	[
	Aft	20		20		<u> </u>			[]
Naval	Fwd M Aft	70		70		1-B-1			

NOTES:

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, ② , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

 - 5. Shear6. Tension
 - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

 - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
 - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIE	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Tanker	Fwd 300 Aft	26	4	30	13.33	1-B-1	1	13	7
Miscella-	Fwd								
neous	X) Aft	110		110 50		1-B-2			
Tanker	Fwd 300 Aft			30		1-B-2			
Tanker	Fwd 300 Aft	39	1	40 20	2.5	1-B-3	1	8	P
Tanker	Fwd QQ Aft	266	14	280 40	5.0	1-B-4	1	8	1
Tanker	Fwd	394	6	400	1.5	1-B-5	1	8,9,10	
Miscella- neous	Fwd QQ Aft	160		160		1-B-6			ध्य
Tanker	Fwd XX Aft	1494	6	1500 40	.4	1-B-6	1	8,9	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OO Aft	204		204		1-B-7			4
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	43		43		1-B-8			12
Tanker	Fwd XX Aft	515	45	560	8.0	1-B-8	1	8	
Tanker	Fwd DD Aft	150		150		1-B-9			
Tanker	Fwd OI Aft	288 40	12	300 40	4.0	1-B-10	1	8	TTP
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OX Aft	46	3	49	6.1	1-B-11	1	13	Tri
Container- Ship	Fwd DC Aft	40		40		1-B-11			
Miscella- neous	Fwd O Aft	46	4.	50	8.0	1-B-11	2	12	

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	-	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	28	12	40	30.0	1-B-11	1	13	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	58	2	60	3.3	1-B-12	1	8	E
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	49	1	50	2.0	1-B-13	1	14	Ų
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	40		40		1-B-13			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	12		12		1-c-1			
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	60 2999 150	1	600 3000 150	.0	1-C-1	1	15	
Container- ship	Fwd 100 Aft	100 1885 110	560	100 2445 110	22.9	1-C-1	2	(8,12,14 15)	Н
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	140 1926 230	128	140 2054 230	6.2	1-C-1	2	12,14,15	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	198 400	2	200 400	1.0	1-C-1	2	14	
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	488 2816 542	12 84 58	500 2900 600	2.4 2.9 9.7	1-C-2	2 1,2 2	11,12 10,14,15 11,14	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	1190	130	1320	9.8	1-C-2	2	12,14,15	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	114 60	6	120 60	5.0	1-C-2	2	14	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OD Aft	20		20		1-C-3			

NOTES:

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, **Q**, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

 - 5. Shear 6. Tension
 - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable
 - 8. Design
 - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
 - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHI	Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details Observed	Details Observed		Number		
Combination	FW			20				
Carrier	30			260		1-C-3		
	Af			30				
Container-	FW		2	50	4.0	1-C-3	2	14
ship	D Af							
Container-	Fw			70	-			
ship	100		ļ	450		1-C-4		t
	Af			130	1			1
General	Fw			90				
Cargo	页			~~	1	1-C-4		
~~~ 30	λf			90				ł
	Pw		2	110	1.8		2	14
Tanker			<b>4</b>	l ***	1.0	1-C-5	4	14
ranver	Ø			240	<u>l</u>	1-0-2		
Container-	λf		4	120	3.3	ļ		14
-,	FW	1 110	4	120	3.3	1	2	14
ship	00	300		202		1-C-6		
	Af			200				
	F	_	1	60	1.7		1	15
Tanker	双					1-C-6		J
	λf			100				
Miscella-	Fw	-		80				
neous	双					1-C-7		
	Af	님 40		40				
Container-	Fw		3	500	.6		2	14
ship	00	4131	16	4147	.4	1-C-8	2	14,15
	Aft			900				
General	Fw							
Cargo	0		30	230	13.0	1-C-8	2	12,14
	Aft	.						ľ
Bulk	Fwc			30	<del></del>			<del></del>
Carrier	700	- 1		140	1	1-C-9		
	Aft		2	40	5.0		2	15
General	Fwc			20				
Cargo	00			100		1-C-9		
- 1	Aft	, , ,		40				
	Fwd		_					
Tanker								
	<b>如</b> Aft	50		50		1-C-9		
Container-			***	30		1-0-9		
ship	Fwo			150		1-C-10		
ant L	Q	• 1	İ	130	i	1-0-10		
Conoral	Aft							
General	Fwd		, 1	40	ا ہے ا	, , , ,		
Cargo	M	39	1	40	2.5	1-C-10	2	9,14
	Aft			<u></u>				
Container-	Fwd		4	240	1.7	1-C-11	2	8
ship	W	. [						
	Aft							

DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS TABLE A-1

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	Detail Family Number	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XX Aft	45		45		1-C-12			4
Tanker	Fwd W Aft			45		1-C-12			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	20		20 30		1-C-13			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	158	2	20 160 20	1.2	1-C-14	2	9,14	T.
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	136 100	14	150 100	9.3	1-C-15	2	11,14	ĮŻ
Container- ship	Pwd D Aft	96 190	4	100 190	4.0	1-C-16	2	15	To the
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XI Aft	300		100 300		1-C-17			Z
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	85 340 90	5	90 3 <b>4</b> 0 90	5.6	1-C-17	2	15	H
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	9	ĺ	10	10.0	1-C-17	2	8,14	Ш
Container- ship	Fwd Q Aft	50 300 90		50 300 90		1-C-18			D
Naval	Fwd M Aft	20 100		20 100 20		1-C-19			
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	120		120		1-C-20			D
Combination Carrier	Fwd O Aft	50		50 170		1-C-21			D

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 瓊, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear6. Tension

6. Tension 12. Misuse/Abuse
7. Combined Tension & Shear
8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

8. Design
9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect

15. Collision

16. Other - See Discussion

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
Container-	Fwd	76	4	80	5.0		2	14
ship	M Aft	530	122	652	18.7	1-C-22	2	(11,12, 14,15)
General Cargo	Fwd							
	Aft	60		60		1-C-23		
Tanker	Fwd 301 Aft		9	120	7.5	1-C-24	2	11
Container- ship	Fwd 30 Aft	424	161	585	27.5	1-C-25	2	8,14,15
General Cargo	Fwd QQ Aft	508	198	706	28.0	1-C-25	2	8,14,15
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	12		12		1 <b>-</b> C-26		
General Cargo	Fwd OI Aft	22		22		1-C-27		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	140 790		140 790		1-D-1		
General	Aft	180 40	<u> </u>	180 40		<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Cargo	III Aft	310 90		310 90	!	1-D-1		
Miscella- neous	Fwd Q Aft	20 60 30		20 60 30		1-D-1		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	50 1000		50 1000		1-D-2	<del></del>	
Miscella- neous	Fwd	300		300		1-D-2		
Miscella-	Aft Fwd	80	ļ	80		1-5-2		
neous	M Aft	120		120 30		1-D-3		
General Cargo	Fwd OX Aft	70		70 20		1-D-4		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd ME Aft	30		30		1-D-5		
General Cargo	Fwd D Aft	38	2	40	5.0	1-D-6	2	9

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure	<b>Failure</b>	
	1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures	Family	Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE	!   '	Details	Details	Details		Number			
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed		<u>.</u> .			
Miscella-	Fwd	40		40					
neous	300	280	1	280	1	1-D-7	•		17
	Aft	80		80	<b>i</b>		1		L,V
Bulk	Fwd			<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>			
Carrier	M	50		50		1-D-8	l		
<b>4</b>	Aft	49	1 1	50	2.0		1	10	٧
Combination	Fwd		<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del>-</del>		<u> </u>
Carrier	300	ł		}			ĺ		
~~~~~	Aft	60	·	60	I	1-E-1			
Container-	Fwd	40		40	 	<u>+-5-</u> +	 		1
ship	300	1328	89	1417	6.3	1	3,4	14,15	Ш
surb	Aft	1328	69	141/	0.3	1-E-1	3,4	14,13	
General	Pwd		 	 		 	 		
•		1640	1 20	1636	Ι	l		ا ہے ا	
Cargo	皿	1640	36	1676	2.1	1-E-1	4	15	
	Aft		 	 	 	 	 	<u> </u>	
	Fwd	20	I	20	I			l i	
Tanker	W		1		ĺ	1-E-1		l i	
	Aft	30		30	<u> </u>				
Bulk	Fwd	10	l	10		<u> </u>			Tri-
Carrier	100 Aft	60		60	1	1-E-2	1]	
		30		30			<u> </u>		W
Combination	Fwd		1						1
Carrier	双	60		60	[1-E-2		1	\vdash
	Aft	[[ĺ	[ſ	((!	1 1
Container-	Fwd	20		20		1-E-2			
ship	夏			1	ł	-]	
	Aft		l		İ				
General	Fwd	1			 	 	 		
Cargo	100	296		296		1-E-2		,	
	Aft			1	ļ.			j	
	Fwd	30		30	 	 			1
Tanker	100]	}]	J	1-E-2			
TGIIVET	Aft	40	1	40	1		[j	
Conomal	Fwd	20	 	20		1 - 2 -	 		
General		20	1	20	ĺ	1-E-3			F
Cargo	皿		1	1	1		1		
	Aft		<u> </u>		<u></u>				W.
_ •	Fwd	20	{	20	i	l		1	1 1
Tanker	双	_	1	1 -	ł	1-E-3			$oldsymbol{arphi}$
1100000	Aft	50	L	<u>5</u> 0		<u></u>	1	1 :	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 型, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

 - Shear
 Tension
 - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 8. Design 12. Misuse/Abuse 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas

 - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
 - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect

- 15. Collision 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHI 	Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures	Family	Failure Mode	Failure Cause
SHIP TYPE	۱ ا	Details Observed	Details Observed	Details Observed		Number		
General	Fw		ODSGI VEG	90				
Cargo	30			820		1-E-4	1	ł
Cargo	Af			130			1	
Combination	Fw			130				
Combination Carrier	100							}
Carrier	Af					,	ļ	
111	Fw			50		1-E-5	 	
Miscella-				20		, , ,		1
neous	300					1-E-5		
	Af			80				
	Fw			20				
Tanker	300			ł		1-E-5]
	Af			80	L		ļ	
Bulk	Fw							
Carrier	双			20		1-E-6		}
	Af			20				
	Fw	1						
Tanker	00	1			ļ			
	Af	9 ا	1	10	10.0	1-E-6	1	11
General	Fw							
Cargo	00			253		1-E-7		[
cargo	Af	, ,		233				ļ
	Fw							
Tanker	000			40		1-E-7	ł	Ī
Tanker				30	,	1-5-,	ļ	1
2	Af				2.0	1-E-8	1,2	5,9
Container-	Fw		2	100	2.0	1-5-0	1,2	3,3
ship	00						ļ	1
	Af		<u> </u>					
Bulk	Fw			20		1-F-1		1
Carrier	00	,						1
	Af							
Container-	Fw			10		'	1	
ship	300	200		200		1-F-1		
	Aft		9	40	22.5		2	13
	Fw							
Tanker	000	442	8	450	1.8	1-F-1	1	10
	Aft	:						
Container-	Fwc	ì						
ship	700	176	2	178	1.1	1-F-2	2	13
-	Aft	:						
	Fwd							
Tanker	100		5	180	2.8	1-F-2	1	9,10
	Aft						_	
	Fwc			30		1-F-3		
Tanker								
Tallyer	00	:						
De 11e	Aft		3	50	6.0	1-F-4	1	14
Bulk	Fwd		3	30	8.0	T-14	Ŧ	1-4
Carrier	Aft	·						
	Aft	:						I

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	1		Failure Cause	
Miscella- neous	Fwd M Aft	20		20		1-F-4			R
Tanker	Fwd M Aft		3	50	6.0	1-F-5	1	14	F
Naval	Fwd M Aft	3400 960		480 3400 960		1-G-1			
Naval	Fwd M Aft	10 50 30		10 50 30		1-G-2			
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	"		30		1-G-3			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	74		74		1-G-4			F
General Cargo	Fwd 100 Aft	20		20		1-G-4			H
Naval	Fwd M Aft	Į.		40		1-G-4			\sqcup
Combination Carrier	Fwd D Aft	1		20		1-G-5			
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	232		232		1-H-1			-न्न
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	466	6	90 466	6.7	1-H-1	1	14	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	56		56		1-н-2			च
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	50		50		1-н-2			

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHI	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Combination	Fw		ODSGIAGG	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				ļ
Combination	300		ļ	80		1-н-3			L
Carrier	Af			20		1-11-3	ł		`
Container-	Fw		 1 	30	3.3	1-H-4	2	14	┪
	1		ι.	30	3.3	1-11-4	~	1	
ship	Af				Ì			ŀ	7
D 11-	Fw				 	 		·	┪
Bulk		- 1					[[
Carrier	30			مم ا		, ,, ,	1]	
	Af			90		1-H-5			4
Container-	Fw			455	l	l			1
ship	90			473	ł	1-н-6]		1
	Af			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ		∤ . '
	Fw				[ſ	1	(j Î
Tanker	双			_					
	Af			30		1-H-6			1
Bulk	Fw		7	200	3.5]	ī	14	
Carrier	100	236	4	240	1.7	1-H-7	2	12	5
	Af			1	1	Ì			
Bulk	Fw	85	5	90	5.5		1	14	I
Carrier	90	116		116	ł	1-H-8	}	Į.	1
	Af	, 1		40	ŀ	j		l	
	Fwc			30					
Tanker	双		1			1-н-9	1		74
Tanker	Af		1	40		- " -	ł		l
Bulk	Fw				 	 	 	 	┨ <u></u>
Carrier	00			25	}	1-H-10		İ	Ī
Carrier	Aft			23	ł .	1-1-10			
Conomai				 	 	 	 		┫ ▲
General	Fw			l	l	-	1	ļ]
Cargo	0			۱ 🚓			١ .		
	Af		1	30	3.3	1-H-10	1	8	-
Combination	Fw			20	1	I	Ì	i	
Carrier	双				1	1-H-11		i	
	Aft			20		ļ			1 .
	Fw		[20					! f
Tanker	300]	J] .	1-H-11			\vdash
	Aft			20				<u> </u>	j
Container-	Fwd	ľ							
ship	100	260		260	1	1-H-12		ŀ	1 1
	Aft	: 		l	I]	l	۱ -
General General	Fwc				<u> </u>				1 ↑
Cargo	100			935	1	1-H-12	1	Ì	لــــا
-	Aft	: 1		J	j]	J	j	1
Bulk	Fwc			l	<u> </u>			T	1
Carrier	300			144		1-H-13			1 4
	Aft			[_
General	Fwc		···	 			 	 	1 4
	100		19	1191	1.6	1-H-13	2	8,12	
Cargo						- T-11-T3			

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE		No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	332		332		1-H-14			— नु
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	139	27	166	16.3	1-H-15	1,2	8,12	爱
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	16		16		1-J-1			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	36	4	40	10.0	1 - J-1	1	8,14	\dashv
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	36		36		1 - J-1			H
Naval	Fwd	8	2	10	20.0	1-J-1	2	13	
Combination Carrier	Fwd 100 Aft	16	4	20	20.0	1-J-2	1	8	
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	22	8	30	26.7	1-J-3	1	8,11	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XQ Aft	18	12	30	40.0	1-J-4	1	8,14	
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	16	4	20	20.0	1-J-4	1	8,10	H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	89	1	90	1.1	1-J-4	2	15	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	35	15	50	30.0	1-J-5	1	8	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OO Aft	88		88		1-J-6			

NOTES:

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 文 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 8. Design 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas

9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHI		Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures	Family	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		,	Details Observed	Details Observed	Details · Observed		Number			
Container- ship	Fw Af	2	20		20		1-J-6			
General Cargo	Fw IX Af	rd Ž	24		24		1-J-7			
Container- ship	Fw 30 Af	٤	26 90		26 90		1-K-1			प्
Container- ship	Fw MA	3	88	2	90	2.2	1-K-2	2	8	স্ম
Tanker	Fw X Af	t	8	2	10	20.0	1-K-3	1,2	14	797
Tanker	Fw X Af	Į	24	16	40	40.0	1-K-4	1	11,13	4
Container- ship	Fw Af	Σ	168	2	170	1.2	1-K-5	1	13	ञ्चा
Tanker	Fw XX Af	Σ	87	3	90	3.3	1 - K-6	2	11	
Container- ship	Fw X Af	Σ	9	1	10	10.0	1-K-7	1	10	7
Container- ship	Fw Q Af	3	120		120		1-K-8			1
General Cargo	Fw OX Af	٤	112 232	8	120 232	6.7	1-K-8	1	14	
Container- ship	Fw 38 Af	٤ t	76		76		1-K-9			7
Bulk Carrier	Fw Q Af	Σ t	604	2	606	0.3	1-K-10	4	15	計
General Cargo	Fw Af	٤ t	147		147		1-K-11			F
Container- ship	Fw M Af	E t	76		76		1-K-12			
Bulk Carrier	Fw Af		32		32		1-K-13			A

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DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	· ·	No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	Ì	Number		}	
	1-	Observed	Observed	Observed					
Bulk	Fwd]]	
Carrier	M Aft	19		19		1-K-14			<u> </u>
Container-	Fwd								m .
ship	Aft	46		46		1-L-1		<u> </u>	厌
	Fwd	82	8	90	8.9	1-L-1	2	14,15	4
Tanker	XXI Aft								
Container-	Fwd	279	41	320	12.8		1,3	7,14,15	m ~
ship	夏 Aft	266	4	270	1.5	1-L-2	2	8,13	联
General	Fwd							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1
Cargo	Aft	56	4	60	6.7	1-L-2	1	7	H
Miscella-	Fwd	33	7	40	17.5	 -	2	15	1 1
neous	亚 Aft	20		20		1-L-2			
Container-	Fwd			<u> </u>					m
ship	XI Aft	237	1	238	0.4	1-L-3	2	13	Dr.
	Fwd	50		50		1-L-3			†
Tanker	Aft						ļ		
Bulk	Fwd			<u> </u>					m
Carrier	夏 Aft	46	4	50	8.0	1-L-4	1	13	یجا
Container-	Fwd	50		50		1-L-5			m
ship	Q Aft								<u> </u>
Container-	Fwd								m
ship	Aft	30		30		1-L-6			Δ
Bulk	Fwd		 	 		 	 		
Carrier	Aft	22		22		1-L-7			
Container-	Fwd			 				<u> </u>	4
ship	夏 Aft	80		80		1-L-7			dash

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 🛱 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

 - 5. Shear 6. Tension
 - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 8. Design 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Sees
 - 8. Design
 - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
 - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

Container- ship Container- ship General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo	Fwd Aft Fwd Aft Fwd Aft Fwd O Aft	260 200 320 90 180	Failed Details Observed	260 200 320 90	Failures	Number	Mode	Cause
Ship Container- ship General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Aft Fwd Aft Fwd Aft Fwd O Aft Fwd	200 320 90 180		200 320 90		1-M-1		
Container- ship General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Aft Fwd Aft Fwd OO Aft Fwd Fwd OO	320 90 180		320 90		1-M-1		1
Container- ship General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Fwd 302 Aft Fwd 302 Aft Fwd 500	90 180		90		(i
Ship General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Aft Fwd Aft Fwd Fwd OC	90 180		90		4	1 1	i
General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Aft Fwd 300 Aft Fwd 500	180		100	I			
General Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Aft Fwd 300 Aft Fwd 500			180		1-M-2		
Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker	Fwd Aft Fwd DO			120			}	
Cargo Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	Aft Fwd	1						
Tanker Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	Aft Fwd						Į,	[
Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	Fwd	60		60		1-M-2	1	j
Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	亚	 						
Combination Carrier General Cargo Tanker General		j l						
Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	Aft	39	1 1	40	2.5	1-M-2	1	11
Carrier General Cargo Tanker General	Fwd	 33			2.5	1-11-6		
General Cargo Tanker General	102	200		200		1-M-3		
Cargo Tanker General	Aft			200		1-M-3		
Cargo Tanker General	Fwd							
Tanker General	000							ŀ
General	Aft	10		10		1-M-4		
General	Fwd	-						
General	00	1	'			!		i
	Aft	30		30		1-M-4		
	Fwd			- 30			 	
Caydo	X	50		50		1-M-5		
Cargo	Aft	110		110		1-14-2		
Bulk	Fwd	110		110				
Carrier	700	243		243		1-M-6	ŀ	
Carrier	Aft	243		243		1-M-0		
Container-	Fwd							
ship	002	354	16	370	4.3	1-M-6	2	14
31.25	Aft	109	1	110	0.9		i	7
General	Fwd	103		110		 		
Cargo	700	480	20	500	4.0	1-M-6	1	11
caryo	Aft	100	20	300	4.0		•	
General	Fwd							
Cargo	300							
	Aft	220		220		1-M-7		
	Fwd	90		90				
Tanker	700]		30		1-M-7		
TOUNGE	Aft	160		160		_ M-/	ı	
Bulk	Fwd	 *** -	}	100				
Carrier		24		24		1-M-8		
Carrier	双 Aft	4°		2 4		T-W-0		
Combination		 						
Carrier	Harried I	148	2	150	1.3	1-M-8	2	13
Carrer		1 740 I	, 4	ו טעב ו	ו נביוב ו	M_O		13
	M	i i	l				1	Ţ
Tanker	DO Aft							
	M							

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	1	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	62	24	86	27.9	1-M-9	1	7	H
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	15	15	30	50.0	1-N - 1	1	8	IZ.
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	90		90		1-N-1			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	30		30		1-N-2			F
Naval	Fwd (X) Aft	30		10 30 10		1-N-3			
Naval	Fwd 300 Aft	20 180 30		20 180 30		1-N-4			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XQ Aft	109	21	130	16.2	1-ท-5	3,4	15	8
Naval	Fwd M Aft	50		50		1-n-6			
Naval	Fwd D Aft	19	1	20	5.0	1-N-7	2	8,12	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd X Aft	40		40		1-P-1			1
Miscella- neous	Fwd M Aft	10		10		1-P-1			
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	181	39	220	17.7	1-P-1	1	6,8,14	
Combination Carrier	Fwd OO Aft	310		310		1-P-2			

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 🕦 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

9. Fabrication/Workmanship 10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

TABLE A-1 DETAIL FAMILY: BEAM BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Pailure Mode	Failure Cause
Miscella- neous	Pwd XI Aft	50		50		1-P-3		
Bulk Carrier	Pwd III Aft	24	6	30	20.0	1-P-4	3	15
Bulk Carrier	Fwd III Aft	19		19		1-P-5		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 夏 Aft	57	13	70	18.6	1-P-6	1,4	7,15
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	155		155		1-P-7		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Ø Aft	4	8	12	66.7	1-P-8	1	8,11,14
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OI Aft	62		62		1-P-9		

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure	
سيسك شدن فدرج ويور	1 1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures	Family	Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE	1 1	Details	Details	Details		Number		ļ	
		Observed	Observed	Observed			<u></u>	<u> </u>	1
	Fwd	10		10					\mathbf{x}
Naval	M	20		20	1	2-A-1		[
	Aft	20		20					
Container-	Fwd	20		20] 🎞
ship	亚	348		348		2-A-2	İ	Į.	
	Aft	40		40				L	
General	Fwd	10		10					1 ♦
Cargo	100	100		100		2-A-2	ł		<u> </u>
	Aft	40		40	i i		1		1
	Fwd	20		20					1 1
Tanker	亚	160	1	160		2-A-2	1		
	Aft	30	!	30	ł			ł	ļ
General	Fwd	8	2	10	20.0	2-A-3	1	8,12	T
Cargo	翼	'						1	[-
	Aft	<u> </u>	L				i .	1	<u> </u>

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure	Failure	
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	ŀ	Number			
		Observed	Observed					 	<u> </u>
Combination	Fwd	20		20			ļ]	ו דו
Carrier	皿	310		310		2-A-4	1	1	-
	Aft	100		100				<u> </u>	
Container-	Fwd)	1]		Į		∤ †
ship	双	30	ì '	30	1	2-A-4		1	-
	Aft			Ĺ					
General	Fwd		1	ł			ł) }
Cargo	双	16]	16		2-A-4	<u>'</u>	!	
	Aft						Ĺ	l	1 1
	Fwd								1 1
Tanker	双	30	l	30	ł	2-A-4]	!	
	Aft		j				1]
Container-	Fwd								
ship	亚	28		28	i i	2-A-5	ł	ì i	
	Aft			<u> </u>					
	Fwd								1 A'
Tanker	30	145	5	150	3.3	2-A-5	1	8	[J
	Aft		1				{		l
Bulk	Fwd	40		40			 		T-/
Carrier	100	957	5	962	0.5	2-A-6	2	14	1 1 7
	Aft	70		70			1	[
Combination	Fwd	50		50		2-A-6	1		1 🛦
Carrier	000		}	ļ	Į.	1	Į	ļ	
	Aft		}	j			l	1	
	Fwd	110	<u> </u>	110	 	 	 		1
Tanker	双	632	8	640	1,2	2-A-6	2	11	}
	Aft	140	1	140	-:-]	•	ļ 	}
Bulk	Fwd					 		 	1
Carrier	100	198		198	1	2-A-7	[S	
- · · 	Aft		!	1	i	~-A-'	l	1	وسيلتا
	Fwd		 	 					
Tanker	100	80	ļ	80	ļ	2-A-7		1	آــــا
	Aft		İ]	ŀ	Z-A-/	[1	1
Container-	Fwd	40	 	40		 	 	 	
ship	100	230	ł		ļ		ļ]	
surb	Aft	50	j	230 50		2-A-8		3	
Bulk	Fwd	30	 	30	 	 		 	
Carrier	双	35	15	50	30.0	2-2-0	1 ,	۱ , و	11/ 11
~~~	Aft	1	1 13	30	30.0	2-A-9	2	15	11 <b>X</b> 11

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear 6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect 12. Misuse/Abus

15, Collision

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHI	P No. of	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details Observed	Details	rattures	Number	Wode	Cause	
Bulk	Fw	1	Ē						1 -
Carrier	Af		1	51	2.0	2-A-10	1	7,11	
Container-	Fw	1 10		10					] ∳
ship	双	200		200		2-A-10	İ	:	<b>∣</b> —
	Af	40		40					1 1
	Fwc			10					1 1
Tanker	300		10	270	3.7	2-A-10	1	6,10	
	Aft	t 20		20			<u> </u>		1
Container-	Fw			20				}	
ship	<b>X</b>		·	100	}	2-A-11		ł	E 1
	Af			40			ļ. <u></u>	L	
Container-	Fw			40		}	1	1	-Tn
ship	双			370		2-A-12	<u> </u>		g-b
	Af			80				<b></b>	1
	Fwc			60				ļ	
Naval	00	160		160		2-A-13		İ	
	Aft			70				ļ	_
_	Fwc			20				1	-
Tanker	双	70		70	ŀ	2-A-14		Ì	
	Aft			30					ļ
Tanker	Fwc			20		2-A-15			<u>_P</u>
0-11-11	Aft			30	ļ			<del> </del>	4
Combination Carrier	Fwd 000	. }		30		2-A-16			_2_
Bulk	Fwc		L		<b></b>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	┨
Carrier	Q) Aft	140		140		2-A-17			2
Combination	Fwc	1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1 4
Carrier	00 Aft	110		110		2-A-17	<u> </u>	!	
General	Fwd	1						t	1 1
Cargo	DO Aft			20		2-A-17	  - 		
	Fwd	40		40			i		1
Tanker	OD Aft			80		2-A-17			
Combination	Fwd							1	1
Carrier	XX Aft		•	40		2-A-18			
Container-	Fwd							<u> </u>	1 _
ship	00 Aft	12		12		2-A-19			
	Fwd			110					] ≱
Tanker	XX Aft	1200 40		1200 40		2-A-19		l 	

#### TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total	Percent			Failure Cause	
A			1	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number			
	7	Observed	Observed	Observed		ļ			
Container-	Fwd					l	1		
ship	<b>双</b> Aft	56	54	110	49.1	2-A-20		(8,11,1 <b>4,</b> 15)	1Y
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	9	1	10	10.0	2-A-20	2	15	٢
Combination	Fwd	56	4	60	6.7	2-A-21	2	15	,
Carrier	MAft								-41
Container-	Fwd	80		80					
ship	亚	150		150	ł	2-A-22			£43-3
	Aft	40	<u> </u>	40	•				
General	Fwd	10		10					l †
Cargo	页	40		40		2-A-22			$\vdash$
	Aft	20	l	20					]
	Fwd	40		40	I				}
Tanker	夏 Aft	60		60		2-A-22			
Container-	Fwd		<del>                                     </del>			<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	1
ship	M Aft	30 20	ĺ	30 20		2-A-23			æ
Miscella-	Fwd	20	<del>                                     </del>		-	<b>-</b>	<del> </del>		<b>A</b>
neous	M Aft	20		20	<u> </u>	2-A-23			
Bulk	Fwd					<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	١,
Carrier	<b>夏</b> Aft	130	ł 	130	<u>}</u>	2-A-24			
Container-	Fwd	140		140				<u> </u>	1 ♦
ship	双	1037	51	1088	4.7	2-A-24	1,2,4	8,14,15	$\vdash$
	Aft	190	1	190	1	1		' '	<u> </u>
	Fwd	30		30	Ī				1
Tanker	MAft	30		30		2-A-24	[	İ	-
	Fwd	10	<del>                                     </del>	10		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>{</del>
Tanker	Aft			50		2-A-25			<del></del>
General	Fwd	10	<del> </del>	10	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<b>f</b> .
Cargo	双	180	l	180	1	2-A-26	}		📥
<b>,</b> -	Aft	30		30	Į	- <b></b>			

NOTES:

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 型, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

- 5. Shear 6. Tension
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear
- 8. Design
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 18. Questionable 14. Heavy Sees
- 15, Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

SHIP TYPE		P No. of Sound Detail Observe	Failed Details	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
	Fw								l i
Tanker	X		Ì	ļ					<b></b>
	Af		4	110	3.6	2-A-26	1	6,10	
	Fw			10					🚜
Naval	Y			30		2-A-27			<del>d≥</del>
	Af			20					1 4
Tanker	FW CO Af	49	1	50	2.0	2-A-27	1	13	
Bulk Carrier	Fw 32 Af	24		24		2-A-28			<u>&amp;</u>
General	Fw			10					] <b>†</b>
Cargo	1	70		70		2-A-28			┝─┤
-	Af	t 20		20					1
	Fw			110					l _
Naval	Af			640 240		2-A-29			3
Bulk	Fw		-+		<del> </del>			f	1 _
Carrier	Af	180	20	200	10.0	2-A-30	2	15	\f\[
Bulk	Fw			12		2-A-31			一下
Carrier	Af			12		2-A-31	ļ		2
Bulk	Fw	d							$\mathbf{T}$
Carrier	Af			51		2-A-32			<u>_</u>
Bulk Carrier	Fw C Af	24	1	25	4.0	2-A-33	2	8,14	R
Container- ship	Fw Af	378	4	382	1.0	2 <b>-</b> A-33	2	14	
Bulk Carrier	Fw Af	d [ 31	5	36	13.9	2-A-34	1	7,10	<u>F</u>
Bulk	Fw			10	l			<u> </u>	1 /
Carrier	7	<b>[</b> 40		40		2-B-1			
	Af	t 10		10	l				
Combination				30					1 🕇
Carrier	108			420	1	2-B-1		Į .	<del>                                     </del>
	Af			30	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<b></b>	1
	Fw			20	[		1	1	1
Tanker	M			600 40		2-B-2		]	4.2
Bulk	Af Fw			10	<b></b>	<del></del>	ļ	<del> </del>	1
Carrier	•			260		2-B-3		1	
COLLIER	Af	<b>6</b> 1		30	l		1	1	12.

The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
	1 1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE	1	Details	Details	Details		Number			1
		Observed	Observed	Observed					
Combination	Fwd	1		40	_	l <b>_</b>			I ÆT√
Carrier	M	476	4	480	.8	2-B-3	2	13,14	243
	Aft	70	<u></u>	70					<del></del>
	Fwd	20		20	!				i t
Tanker	X	433	17	450	3.8	2-B-3	2	11,15	
	Aft	40		40					!
Container-	Fwd	20	<b>{</b>	20	1	1	1	ł	
ship	双	200	ŀ	200	ę.	2-B-4		ł	الملكرا
	Aft	50		50		ļ.——	<u> </u>		<del> </del>
Miscella-	Fwd	,	<b>!</b>	10			l	ļ	LŢ .
neous	M	70	ł	70		2-B-4			
	Aft	10	<del></del>	10		<u> </u>			<b>↓  </b>
	Fwd	20	j	20			ì		1 1
Tanker	亚		[			2-B-4		·	
<del></del>	Aft	30		30		ļ <u>.</u>	ļ <del></del> -		l
	Fwd	60	ł	60		2 2 5		ŀ	/T.\
Naval	双	310		310	_	2-B-5	2	13	<u> </u>
	Aft Fwd	149	11	150	.7			13	
_				,,,,		2-B-6		ŀ	
Naval	<b>夏</b> Aft	120		120		2-6-0	]	ļ	1007
	Fwd			<b></b>		<b></b>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<b>-</b>
Container-	000	1		40		2-B-7	İ		$I / T \setminus$
ship	Aft	40	Ì	1 40	[	2-6-7		j	$H \setminus I \setminus I$
	Fwd		<del> </del>	30		<del></del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	1
Combination	D	100		100	İ	2-B-8			
Carrier	Aft	90	1	90	ļ		l		<u> </u>
Miscella-	Fwd	30	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>		1
miscella-	100	20	1	20	ŀ	2-B-8	ļ		
neous	Aft	1 20	]	] ~~~					
Combination	Fwd	20	<del> </del>	20	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
Carrier	100	390		390		2-B-9			Π
COTTTEL	Aft		<b>,</b>	110	l	]			
Combination	Fwd		<del> </del>	20	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	ł
Carrier	000	180	ĺ	180		2-B-10	l	ł	177
AGTITEL	Aft	60	j	60	l			1	
<del></del>	Fwd			40	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<b>A</b>
Naval	双	230	j	230		2-B-10	i	ĺ	Ш
4745 V 40-	Aft		l	90		]		l	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 18. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16, Other See Discussion

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON	SHI	P No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent	i e	Failure	·	
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	
	Fw		CDB61 AGG	10					-
Tanker	Af	170		170		2-B-11			
De- 13-				20		<u> </u>		<del> </del>	
Bulk Carrier	Fw	30		30		2-B-12			T
	Af			30			ļ		┦┺╌╁╌
Naval	Fw.			10 30		2-B-12		l	LJ □
NGVGI	Af			20		Z-B-12		[	
	Fw					ļ		<del> </del>	1 1
Tanker	DO Af	821	29	850 50	3.4	2-B-12	1	8,13	$\vdash$
·			<del></del>	30		<u> </u>	<del> </del>		ł
Tanker	Fw.	50		50		2-B-13	<u> </u>		1
Container-	Fwe		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	L	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
ship	MO Aft	20	,	20		2-B-14			T
<del></del>	Fwc		1	100	1.0		<u>-</u>	15	1
Tanker	文	20	_	20		2-B-15	-		$\prod$
	Aft	t 40		40					] <del>-^-\$</del> }
_	Fwc			20					] '
Naval	AF:			140 50		2-B-16			
Container-	Fwc	1							1 _
ship	00 Aft			114 10		2-B-17			
Container- ship	Fwc Q Aft	60	2	62	3.2	2-B-18	1	8,14	4
Container-	Fwd		<del></del>	10		<b></b>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ship	XX Aft	99	1	100 20	1.7	2-B-19	1	13	<u>-42-</u>
Container- ship	Fwd OOL Aft	30		30		2-C-1			47
Tanker	Fwd OD Aft	360		360		2-C-1			
Tanker	Fwd OX Aft	30	10	40	25.0	2-C-2	1	8	D
Container- ship	Fwd DD Aft	20		20		2-C-3			D
Bulk Carrier	Fwd O Aft	65		65		2-C-4			1

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	Detail Family Number		Failure Cause	
Combination Carrier	Fwd XX Aft	69	1	70	1.4	2-C-4	1	14	<u>n</u>
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	1005	72	1077	6.7	2-C-4	1	(7,10,11, 14)	H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft		12	460	2.6	2-C-4	1,4	(10,11, 14,15)	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	329	3	332	0.9	2-C-5	1	14,15	1
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	164	6	170	3.5	2-C-6	1,4	7,15	以
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	148	14	162	8.6	2-C-6	1	8,10	H'
Tanker	Fwd 100 Aft	18	2	20	10.0	2-C-6	2	12	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft		83	1689	4.9	2-C-7	1	(7,8,10, 14)	T
Container- ship	Fwd Q Aft	1045	146	1191	12.3	2-C-7	1,4	(7,10, 11,14)	┢,
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	75	1	76	1.3	2-C-8	1	7,14	T
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	956	92	1048	8.8	2-C-8	1,4	(8,10, 14,15)	H
General Cargo	Fwd Q Aft	63	1	64	1.6	2-C-8	4	15	Н
Bulk Carrier	Fwd O Aft	74		74		2-C-9			7

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 8 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear 6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

9. Fabrication/Workmanship 10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

TABLE A-2 DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	1	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Container- ship	Fwd 300 Aft	169	1	170	0.6	2-C-9	1	14	7
General Cargo	Fwd 100 Aft	4		4		2-C-9			╽,
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 300 Aft	60		60		2-C-10			Π
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	1116	196	1312	14.9	2-C-11	1,4	(9,11, 15,16)	$\Lambda$
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	103	5	108	4.6	2-C-12	1	14	7
General Cargo	Fwd ØQ Aft	37	3	40	7.5	2-C-12	1	11	
General Cargo	Fwd O Aft	40	60	100	60.0	2-C-13	1	12	AL-
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	16		16		2-C-14			TJ.
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	61	9	70	12.9	2-C-14	1	11	
Naval	Fwd Q Aft	10 30 10		10 30 10		2-C-15			
Naval	Fwd	160 800 310		160 800 310		2-C-16			<u></u>
Naval	Fwd 00 Aft	10 10 10		10 10 10		2-C-17			卫
Naval	Fwd OO Aft	10 20 10		10 20 10		2-C-18			_n_
Container- ship	Fwd OX Aft	175	12	187	6.4	2-C-19	1	(7,10, 11,16)	厅
General Cargo	Fwd OO Aft	1249	318	1567	20.3	2-C-19	1,4	(7,12, 15,16)	<b>`</b>
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	118	60	178	33.7	2-C-20	1,2,4	10,11,15	7

DETAIL FAMILY: TRIPPING BRACKETS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE		Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed		Detail Family Number	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	562	38	600	6.3	2-C-20	1,4	(11,12, 15,16)	7
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	78	11	89	12.4	2-C-21	1	11,15	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd MO Aft	75	1	76	1.3	2-C-22	1	7,11	6 6
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	100	5	105	4.8	2-C-22	1	7,11	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	43	9	52	17.3	2-C-23	1	7,8,16	$\sum$
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	228		228		2-C-24	-		$\mathcal{I}$
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	627	69	696	9.9	2-C-25	2,4	14,15	X
General Cargo	Fwd Ø Aft	50		50		2-C-25			
General Cargo	Fwd XX Aft	99	30	129	23.2	2-C-26	1,4	(10,11, 14,15)	$\prod$
General Cargo	Fwd X Aft	68	50	118	42.4	2-C-27	1	7,8,14	1/
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	222	18	240	7.5	2-C-28	3,4	12,15	11-
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	107	3	110	2.7	2-C-29	4	15	1

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 📆 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear6. Tension
- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 15. Collision
- 10. Welding
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-3 DETAIL FAMILY: NON-TIGHT COLLARS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Combination	Fwd	130		130					I
Carrier	360	1200		1200		3-A-1			
	Aft	180		180			]	]	
Bulk	Fwd	50		50					
Carrier	<b>30</b> 2	260		260	ļ	3-A-2		ŀ	
-	Aft	70		70			1	l	•
Container-	Fwd	10		10	<del> </del>		<del> </del>		
ship	100	100		100	}	3-A-2	ļ	}	Ш
surb				50		J-A-2	:		
	Aft	50		30			<b></b>		1
General Cargo	Fwd MO Aft	68		68		3-A-2			H
	Fwd	20		20					1 1
Tanker	<b>QQ</b>	90		90	Į	3-A-2		ļ	نـــا
	Aft	40		40			1		
Container-	Fwd			<b></b>				l	Ì
ship	00	212		212	l .	3-A-3		1	
	Aft	30		30	ſ			1	
General	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del> -			<del> </del>	
Cargo	QQ Aft	204		204		3-A-3			H
Tanker	Fwd Aft	25 110	5	30 110	16.7	3-A-3	2	15	
Container-	Fwd	20		20	<del></del>		<del></del>		1
ship	300	200		200	Į.	3-A-4	ļ	ļ .	
	Aft	50		50	ľ			1	
Bulk	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del> -	<del> </del>	ł
Carrier	QQ Aft	207		207		3-A-5			Į
Container-	Fwd	90		90					1
ship	<b>30</b> 0	1700		1700	f .	3-A-5			
	Aft	120		120	j			1	]
Bulk	Fwd	10	<del></del>	10				T	<u> </u>
Carrier	000	<b>i</b>		}	1	3-A-6		j	I
	Aft	10		10					<
Container-	Fwd	10		10	<del></del>	<b></b>		<del> </del>	<b>A</b>
ship	7900	110		110		3-A-6		<b>{</b>	$ldsymbol{oxed}$
<u>F</u>	Aft	30		30		•		}	
			ļ			ļ	<b></b>		l
Container-	Fwd	30		30		, , ,			
ship	<b>X</b>	488		488	ì	3-A-7		]	j }
	Aft	50		50		ļ			1
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	41		41		3-A-8			J
Tanker	Fwd Ø Aft	40		40		3-A-8			

DETAIL FAMILY: NON-TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	Detail Family Number		Failure Cause	
Bulk	Fwd								
Carrier	XX Aft	60		60		3-A-9			
Container-	Fwd								
ship	XX Aft	40		40		3-A-10			
General	Fwd	10		10					
Cargo	XX Aft	10		10		3-A-11	[		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fwd			160	<b> </b>		<u> </u>		1 ♦
Naval	100	1200		1200		3-A-11	[		$\vdash$
	Aft	320	<u> </u>	320	İ				
Tanker	Fwd	10		10		3-A-11			Ш
Iumoz	Aft	30	}	30			İ	}	
Container-	Fwd	40		40	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>			1
ship	XX Aft	200 50		200 50		3-A-12			
<del></del>	Fwd	20	<del> </del>	20		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	4
Naval	100	100		100		3-A-12			┝┩
	Aft	40	<b></b>	40	ļ		<b> </b>	ļ	ļ
Naval	Fwd	20 100		20 100		3-A-13			
	Aft	40	<u> </u>	40	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		4
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	70		70		3-A-14			1
General	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	
Cargo	<b>Q</b> Aft	   58	2	60	3.3	3-A-15	1	9	
Bulk	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<b> </b>	1	<del></del>	<del> </del>		† '
Carrier	M Aft	66	2	68	2.9	3-A-16	1	10	
Container-	Fwd	1			<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1 4 '
ship	政 Aft	30		30	1	3-A-16		1	$\vdash$
Container- ship	Fwd OQ Aft	58	2	60	3.3	3-A-17	1	9	

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, D , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 8 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-3 DETAIL FAMILY: NON-TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details	Details		Number	roce	Cause	
General	Fwd								
Cargo	X	1					Ì.		
2.11	Aft Fwd		2	70	2.9	3-A-17	<del></del>	9	·
Bulk Carrier	XX Aft	228		228		3-A-18			
Container- ship	Fwd 300 Aft	34		34		3-A-18			H
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Ø Aft	103		103		3-A-19			哪
Container-	Fwd			24					त्सा
ship	₩ Aft	84		84		3-A-20			U
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XQ Aft	47		47		3-A-21.			P
Bulk Carrier	Fwd D Aft	120		120		3-A-22			म्
Container- ship	Fwd 00 Aft	104		104		3-A-23			
Container- ship	Fwd 00 Aft	104		104		3-A-24			町
Container- ship	Fwd O Aft	261	3	264	1.1	3-A-25	1	9,10	如
Bulk	Fwd			90					
Carrier	双	1340		1340	}	3-B-1			الناا
	Aft		<u> </u>	300					1 .
Combination Carrier	Fwd	140 1200	l	140 1200	1	3-B-1			l I
Carrier	M Aft			380		J-B-1	i		
General	Fwd	1			<del> </del>	<del></del>			
Cargo	XX Aft	40		40		3-B-2			U
Tanker	Fwd DE Aft			110		3-B-3			H
Tanker	Fwd DD Aft	20		20 40		3-B-4			IJ
Tanker	Fwd	160 1200		160 1200		3-B-5			
	Aft	400		400	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L		1

# TABLE A-3 DETAIL FAMILY: NON-TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure		
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	
Bulk	Fwd	30		30					
Carrier	皿	260	Ì	260	1	3-B-6	1		النا
	Aft	90	<u> </u>	90	<u> </u>		L	L	
Bulk	Fwd	Í	Ì		1		ł	1	
Carrier	政 Aft	200		200		3-B-7			النا
Container-	Fwd	}							l <b>†</b>
ship	M Aft	103		103		3-B-7			
Bulk	Fwd								
Carrier	MAft	500		500		3-B-8		1	
Tanker	Fwd Aft	80		80		3-C-1			U
Bulk	Fwd							1	
Carrier	<b>夏</b> Aft	96		96	<u>.</u> [	3-C-2			U
Combination	Fwd		1	1					1 🛊
Carrier	M Aft	110		110		3-C-2	}		
Container-	Fwd		1					1	}
ship	Aft	28	1	28		3-C-2	: 		
Bulk	Fwd	180		180	1	T			
Carrier	政	990	1	990	j	3-C-3		Į	بنها
	Aft	302	8	3.10	2.6	<u> </u>	11	13	]
Miscella-	Fwd	20		20					]
neous	文	1		1	]	3-C-4	]	}	I L⊅
	Aft	20		20					
	Fwd	80		80					
Naval	Aft	1		300		3-C-5			W
	Fwd	160		160	1	T			1
Naval	亚	700		700	ł	3-C-6	1	1	
	Aft	320		320	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	_
Container-	Fwd			1				<del> </del>	<b>T</b> 11
ship	Aft	50		50		3-C-7			الك ا

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear 6. Tension

  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
  12. Misuse/Abuse
  13. Questionable
  14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-3 DETAIL FAMILY: NON-TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details	No. of Failed Details	Total Number Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
	1			Observed		Municer			
General Cargo	Fwd Mi Aft	30		30		3-C-7			IJ
Naval	Fwd X Aft	150		30 150 60		3-C-8			III
Naval	Fwd JOL Aft	70		20 70 20		3-C-9			W
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OO Aft	80		80		3-C-10			U
General Cargo	Fwd Q Aft	1	4	60	6.7	3-C-10	1	9	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft		2	20	10.0	3-C-11	1	9	TI
Miscella- neous	Fwd Q Aft	57 140 50	3	60 140 50	5.0	3-C-12	2	15	U
Bulk Carrier	Fwd W Aft	21		21		3-C-13			T)
General Cargo	Fwd D Aft	76		76		3-C-14			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	24		24		3-C-15			
Container- ship	Fwd QQ Aft	60		60		3-C-16			

TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHI	P No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Pailure	Failure	
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number		Cause	
Bulk	Fw	30		30					۱
Carrier	X	304	,	304	1	4-A-1			Į
	Af	t 90	<u> </u>	90					] "

TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure	
CUID MUDE	1 [	Sound Details	Failed	Number Details	Failures	Family Number	MOGE	Cause
SHIP TYPE	1	,	Details Observed		}	number		
	Fwd		Observed	210				
Combination		210			į	4-A-1		1
Carrier	Aft	1100		1100		4-A-1		
	Fwd	290		290				
Bulk			[	١,,		4-A-2		
Carrier	<b>双</b> Aft	19	l	19	]	4-A-2	ł	
							<u> </u>	
Combination	Fwd		•	30		4-A-2	<b>i</b> .	
Carrier	Aft	220	)	220		4-A-2	(	i I
- 11	Fwd	70	<del>                                     </del>	70	<del> </del>	<b></b>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Bulk	100	ľ	ŀ		ł	4-A-3	· .	
Carrier	Aft	56	1	56	1	4-W-2	ł	
<u> </u>	Fwd			40	ļ	<del> </del>	<del></del>	ļ
Combination	100	300	1	300		4-A-3	-	
Carrier	Aft			90		4-4-3	1	
	Fwd		<del> </del>	90	<del> </del>		<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>
General	100	1	5	55	9.1	4-A-3	lı	11
Cargo	Aft	50	] 3	33	3.1	4-A-3		**
General	Fwd	1		<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>		<del> </del>
	300	24		24		4-A-4		
Cargo	Aft	24		24		17.7		<b>,</b>
<del></del>	Fwd	80	<del> </del>	80		4-A-4	<del> </del>	<del> </del> -
Tanker	000			"				
Taliker	Aft		ļ		ļ		,	
Bulk	Fwd		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Carrier	双	21		21	1	4-A-5	1	
Callici	Aft						1	i I
Container-	Fwd	10		10		<u> </u>		<b>†</b>
ship	100				1	4-A-5	1	}
<u>-</u>	Aft	120	1	120	ļ			
General	Fwd				1	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>
Cargo	100	24	1	24	1	4-A-5		1
<del></del> <b>y</b> -	Aft	1	ļ	}				
<del></del>	Fwd	20	†	20	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	1	<b>†</b>
Tanker	00	200	i	200	1	4-A-5	İ	
<del></del>	Aft		1	50	1		1	
Bulk	Fwd	60		60	<b>†</b>	<del>                                     </del>	†	1
Carrier	双	445		445		4-A-6		
	Aft		i	90		1	I	1

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

- Shear
   Tension
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	210		50 210 120		4-A-6			- UK
Container- ship	Fwd D Aft	20 80		20 80		4-A-6			H
General Cargo	Fwd 300 Aft	20 594 50	40	20 634 50	6.3	4-A-6	3,4	11,15	
Miscella- neous	Fwd 00 Aft	40 180 80		40 180 80		4-A-6			
Tanker	Fwd QQ Aft	90		90 100		4-A-6			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Ø Aft	100		100		4-A-7			ט
Container- ship	Fwd Q Aft	90		<b>3</b> 0		4-A-7			
Combination Carrier	Fwd XI Aft	40 210 60		40 210 60		4-A-8			T.
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 00 Aft	64		64		4-A-9			
Combination Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	130		130		4-A-9			H
General Cargo	Fwd 300 Aft	30 34		30 34		4-A-9			
Tanker	Fwd DD Aft	30	l	30		4-A-10			U
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	28		28		4-A-11			
Container- ship	Pwd DL Aft	90 841 170		90 841 170		4-A-11			H
General Cargo	Pwd ML Aft	313		313		4-A-11			Ш
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Aft	11		11		4-A-12			

TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure	
	]	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	}	Number		
	Fwd	Observed	Observed	Observed				<del></del>
Container-	<b>XX</b>	100		120	j	4-A-12	1	
ship	Aft	128		128	<u> </u>	4-A-12	İ	
General	Fwd	30		30				
Cargo	M	396	}	396	]	4-A-12		
	Aft	80	<u></u>	80	<u> </u>			
Container-	Fwd	30		30			ŀ	ł
ship	<b>X</b>	250	ł	250	ļ	4-A-13	ł	!
	Aft	60	<del></del>	60	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
General	100		[	34		4-3-12		}
Cargo	Aft	34		34	1	4-A-13		]
······································	Fwd	20		20				
Tanker	双				}	4-A-13		
	Aft	30	<u> </u>	30	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
,	Fwd	20		20				
Tanker	亚		ĺ	l		4-A-14	l	ŀ
	Aft	30		30			ļ	
Combination	Fwd	10	ł	10		l. ₋ .		ļ
Carrier	Aft		ļ		<b>,</b>	4-B-1	I	i
Santa in an	Fwd	40		40	<b></b>	ļ	<del> </del>	<del> </del> -
Container- ship	000	}	}	1	<b>}</b>	Í	1	1
surb	Aft	20	Ī	20		4-B-1	]	İ
Bulk	Fwd			<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	}
Carrier	100	50		50		4-B-2	!	į
	Aft	L			L _	1	1	ł
Container-	Fwd	20		20				
ship	双	373		373		4-B-2		1
	Aft	10		10				
Container-	Fwd	50		50				
ship	W	200		200	}	4-B-3	1	}
	Aft	80		80			ļ	
General	Fwd	,,,			1			1
Cargo	Aft	115		115		4-B-3	ł	[
	Fwd	300	<del></del>	300	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Naval	双	1200		1200	[	4-B-3	Ì	
-14744	Aft	600		600	[		ĺ	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 1 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 6. Tension 12. Misuse/Abuse 7. Combined Tension & Shear 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

  - 8. Design
    9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion



TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details	Total Number Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
		Observed	Observed	Observed					i
	Fwd	20		20	1				<b>T</b>
Naval	M	100	1	100		4-B-4	[		\\\
	Aft	30		30					1 2 2
	Fwd	60		60	'	1	İ		िलाक
Naval	双	300		300		4-B-5			
	Aft	100		100				ł	j
	Fwd								]
Naval	M Aft	30		30	<b>!</b>	4-B-6			113
	Fwd	60		60					1
Naval	300	300		300		4-B-7	1		1773
*****	Aft	100		100		'			
	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<del></del>		<del> </del>			1
Naval	100			i			[		U
Makat	Aft	20		20	ł	4-B-8			<b>L</b>
Bulk	Fwd	- 20		20	<del></del>	4-5-0	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	†
Carrier	M Aft	18		18		4-C-1			<u>W</u> .
Container-	Fwd	<del> </del>	<b></b>		<del></del>	ļ	<del> </del>	ļ	<b>∤</b> ▲
ship	Q) Aft	112	1	113	0.9	4-C-1	2	13,16	H
General	Fwd	10	<del></del>	10	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
Cargo	<b>30</b> 0	40		40	1	4-C-1			
-ur yo	Aft	30		30	ļ		1	1	1
Container-	Fwd	1 30	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del> -	<b></b>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
ship	OD Aft	100		100		4-C-2			ग्र
Container-	Fwd	120		120	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
ship	D Aft	120		120		4-C-3			U
	Fwd				†——		<del> </del>	<u> </u>	1
Tanker	300							1	T.
	Aft	40		40	}	4-C-4	1		کلاتا (
	Fwd	1 - 1			<b>†</b>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	t
Tanker	M. Aft	40		40		4-C-5			U
Bulk	Fwd	10		10		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
Carrier	100	300	•	300	ĺ	4-C-6			141
	Aft	50	1	50	ĺ				حكم
Bulk	Fwd	<del> </del>		<del> </del> -	<del>}</del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	1
Carrier	QL Aft	62		62		4-C-7	į		
Bulk	Fwd	1							1
Carrier	DE Aft	192		192		4-D-1			T
	Fwd	50		50			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1 4
Tanker		1000		1000	}	4-D-1	1	ŀ	
	Aft	180		180		1	i	l	!

TABLE A-4 DETAIL FAMILY: TIGHT COLLARS

LOCATION ON	SHIP 	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		I .	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details Observed	Details Observed		Number			
Miscella- neous	Fwd M Aft	200		200		4-D-2			•
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	2900		20 2900 240		4-D-2			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	500		500		4-D-3			1
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	1100 80		1100 80		4-D-4			L

TABLE A-5 DETAIL FAMILY. GUNWALE CONNECTIONS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	Ì
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details	Failed Details	Number Details	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	l I
	. ♦		Observed			numer			
∃ulk Carrier	Fwd (D) Aft	6		6		5-A-1			
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	5	1	6	16.7	5-A-1	2	15,16	H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	14		14		5-A-1			H
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	10		10		5-A-1			
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	2		2		5-A-2			

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 12 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - Shear
     Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 18. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
  12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-5 DETAIL FAMILY: GUNWALE CONNECTIONS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure	Failure Cause	Ī
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details Observed	Details	'	Number	Mode	Cause	
Container-	Fwd							}	
ship	XO Aft	4		4		5-A-3			<b>***</b>
General	Fwd					]		1	} ∳
Cargo	XX Aft	2		2		5-A-3			<b> </b>
Container-	Fwd	T							[
ship	XX Aft	2		2		5-A-4	 	)	
Naval	Fwd 00 Aft	6		6		<b>5-A-</b> 5			#
General	Fwd								صهر[
Cargo	₩ Aft	4		4		5-A-6			严
Bulk	Fwd								_AL_
Carrier	XQ Aft	4		4		5-A-7			
Combination	Fwd							1	<b>1</b> ★
Carrier	XX Aft	4		4		5-A-7			
General	Fwd								]
Cargo	XX Aft	6		6		5-A-7			
Miscella-	Fwd								] [
neous	00 Aft	2		2		5-A-7			
Tanker	Fwd Q Aft	6	2	8	25.0	5-A-7	2	12,15	
Bulk	Fwd								££.
Carrier ———	00 Aft	4		4		5-A-8			
Combination	Fwd							1	LTA-
Carrier	XX Aft	2		2		5-A-9			
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	4		4		5-A-9			H
Tanker	Fwd OX Aft	2		2		5-A-9			Ц
General	Fwd						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Cargo	DO Aft	2		2		5-A-10			H T
Naval	Fwd 00 Aft	2		2		5-A-11			

TABLE A-5 DETAIL FAMILY: GUNWALE CONNECTIONS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	2	0.002.00	2		5-A-12		F
Naval	Fwd M Aft	2		2		5-A-12		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	2		2		5-A-13		#
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	10		10		5-B-1		-
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	4		4		5-B-1		H
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	4		4		5-B-1		
Naval	Fwd XX Aft	4		4		5-B-2		
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	2		2		5-B-3		
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	4		4		5-B-4		
Naval	Fwd XX Aft	2		2		5-B-4		H
Container- ship	Fwd <b>X</b> Aft	10		10		5 <b>-</b> B-5		
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	2		2		5 <b>-</b> B-6		
Naval	Fwd 00 Aft	2		2		5-B-6		

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

ship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows: 11. Neglect
  - 5. Shear6. Tension
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship

- 10. Welding
- 15. Collision 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-5 DETAIL FAMILY: GUNWALE CONNECTIONS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE		Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	4	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Container- ship	Fwd 301 Aft	2		2		5-B-7			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd DO Aft	4		4		5-B-8			1
Container- ship	Fwd 300 Aft	16		16		5-B-8			H
Miscella- neous	Fwd 00 Aft	0	2	2	100.0	5-B-8	2	12,15	H
Tanker	Fwd Ø Aft	2		2		5-B-8			

TABLE A-6 DETAIL FAMILY: KNIFE EDGES

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Cause
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 200 Aft						
Combination Carrier	Fwd 00 Aft						
Container- ship	Fwd 300 Aft			IFE EDGE ( VED IN TH			
General Cargo	Fwd						
Miscella- neous	Fwd Aft						
Naval	Fwd Aft						
Tanker	Fwd Aft						

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number			
· · - —				Observed	1			}	
Bulk	Fwd			10	<u> </u>				
Carrier	M	95		95	1	7-A-1		j	<b>-€</b>
	Aft	10	1	10				ŀ	Y
Container-	Fwd	50		50					•
ship	双	60	ł	60	1	7-A-1		<u> </u>	$\dashv$
	Aft	20		20				<u>l</u> .i	
	Fwd	10		10					
Tanker	双	40	}	40	I	7-A-1	1	1	
	Aft	10		10			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Bulk	Fwd	]						]	1
Carrier	M	18	1	18		7-A-2			$-\mathbf{G}$
···	Aft								-
_	Fwd	30		30				{	<b>†</b>
Naval	双	90	ļ	90	ļ	7-A-2		1 }	
	Aft	<del></del>	ļ	60		ļ		ļ	_
Bulk	Fwd	1 20		20		İ		ŀ	_Ġ
Carrier	MO Aft	143	İ	143	ł	7-A-3		i I	Ÿ
<u> </u>	Fwd	30		30	ļ		<u> </u>	<b></b>	
Container-	300	90		90	ļ				
ship	Aft	933 90		933	1	7-A-3		1	
General	Fwd	90		90		<del> </del> -	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1
Cargo	000	45		45	ł			1	
cargo	Aft			43	ļ	7-A-3			
	Fwd	I	<b></b>	60	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del>  </del>	
Naval	X	450		450		7-A-3	1		
	Aft		ł	100	1	' -A-3			
	Fwd	10		10	1		<b></b>	<del> </del>	
Tanker	100	120		120	1	7-A-3	1	j	
	Aft	20		20				}	
Combination	Fwd	20	Ĭ	20		<b> </b>	T		1
Carrier	双	70		70		7-A-4			-6
	Aft	30		30				]	7
Container-	Fwd	10	I	10				1	4
ship	双	65		65	I	7-A-4		<u> </u>	
	Aft	10		10	1				
Bulk	Fwd	10		10					
Carrier	双	]	ł	1		7-A-5		] [	
NOTES.	Aft	10	<u> </u>	10	L	İ	L	<u>i</u> _l	

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 📆 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause
Container-	Fwd			10				
ship	M	197		197	į	7-A-5	Į i	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Aft			10				
	Fwd	1		10			ļ	<b>!</b>
Naval	双	10		10		7-A-5		
	Aft			10				<u> </u>
Bulk	Fwd			10		l		
Carrier	<b>100</b>	34		34	l L	7-A-6	ļ	1
	Aft			10		<b></b>		
Container-	Fwd	40	_	40				
ship	00	97	2	99	2.0	7-A-6	1	7,14
	Aft			40		<del> </del>	ļ	
General	Fwd							
Cargo	Q	3		3	}	7-A-6	1	1
	Aft				<del> </del>		ļ	
Tanker	Fwd	10		10				
rounci	₩ Aft	20		20	Ì	7-A-6		]
ulk	Fwd			20	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		
ouik Carrier				10	1	2_2 7	Į.	t
	<b>夏</b> Aft	10		10		7-A-7	]	
Container-	Fwd				<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
ontainer- ship	100	[ 20		20	ļ	7-A-7	1	<b>(</b>
	Aft	30		30	ľ	, -A-/		i
Bulk	Fwd	30		30	<b></b>	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>
Carrier	00	10		10	Į.	  7-A-8	•	}
	Aft	30		30		, _n_o		1
Combination	Fwd	20	-	20		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
Carrier	100	20		20	}	  7-A-8	<b>{</b>	}
<b></b>	Aft	30		30 _		"===	1	1
Container-	Fwd	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20	<del> </del>		<b>†</b>	<del>                                     </del>
ship	300	64	6	70	8.6	7-A-8	1	7,14
	Aft			40	1	0	] -	',
General	Fwd	10		10	[	<u> </u>	[	1
Cargo	<b>DO</b> L	17		17	1	7-A-8	1	1
	Aft	20		20	L		<u> </u>	L_
Miscella-	Fwd	10		10				
neous	双	10		10	]	7-A-8	]	1
	Aft	20		20		L		
	Fwd	30		30	I	l	I	
Maval	双	175	5	180	2.8	7-A-8	4	14,16
	Aft	40		40	<u> </u>			
	Fwd	30		30				
Tanker	M	150		150	l	7-A-8	}	1
	Aft	60		60	[			<u> </u>
General	Fwd					[	ļ	
Cargo	双	32	8	40	20.0	7-A-9	1	7,8,14
	Aft	10		10	I	l	İ	[

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause
Container-	Fwd	10		10				
ship	MAft	10		10		7-A-10		
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft		1	24	4.2	7-A-10	1	5,11
Tanker	Fwd 300 Aft			20 20		7-A-10		
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	30		30		7-A-11		
Naval	Fwd M Aft	6	4	10	40.0	7-A-11	1	7,8
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	<u> </u>	3	20	15.0	7-A-11	1	7,8,9
Bulk	Fwd				<u> </u>			
Carrier	XQ Aft			4		7-A-12		
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	60		10 60 30		7-A-12		
Container- ship	Fwd D Aft	30 70		30 70 50		7-A-12		
General Cargo	Fwd Q Aft	38		38		7-A-12		
Naval	Fwd IN Aft	10		10 10		7-A-12		
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	10		10		7-A-12		
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	14		14		7-A-13		

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows inheled aft, 童, and fwd refer to lessions along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

  (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for
- re mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 5. Shear
    6. Tension
    7. Combined Tension & Shear
    8. Design
    11. Negret:
    12. Misuse/Abuse
    13. Questionable
    14. Heavy Seas

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11, Neglect

- 15, Collision 16, Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHI	P No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details	Total Number, Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
Container	1		Observed					
Container-	Fw	1 30		50				
ship	30		8	100	8.0	7-B-1	1	9,14
	Af			100				
General	Fw		}	40	ļ		ļ	}
Cargo	双		ŀ	100		7-B-1		l
	Af	t 90		90			i	
	Fw	·   JV		30			l	
Tanker	双	600	ì	600		7-B-1		1
	Af	t 120		120_			L	<u> </u>
Bulk	Fw	1 70		70			_	
Carrier	双			1170		7-B-2		1
	Af			200			<u> </u>	L
Combination	Fw			100				]
Carrier	100		ĺ	900		7-B-2	<b>[</b>	ſ
	Af		1	200				}
Container-	Fw		[	150				
ship	100		Ĭ	1000	Ï	7-B-2		
	Af			300		/-5-2		1
General	Fw		<del></del>	I	<del></del>		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>
Cargo	00	- 1 00	·	60			ł	
Cargo	Af			920 100		7-B-2		
	Fw						<u> </u>	<del> </del>
Naval	双	- 1 /0	20	70	٠. ا			
MAVAI	Af		20	1220 	1.6	7-B-2	1,2	11,16
	Fw						<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>
Tanker	00			70 500				l
Idliket	Af					7-B-2	į	
Bulk	Fw			50	ļ <del></del>			
Carrier				30				1
Calliel	Af			1000		7-B-3	ł	
	_			150				ļ
Container-	Fw			40				
ship	00			340		7-B-3		
Md = = 2.3	Aft			70		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Miscella-	Fw	- 1		120		_		
neous	00			1300		7-B-3		}
	Af			300				
	Fw			120				}
Naval	00	600		600		7-B-3		
	Aft			220				i
	Fw			80				
<b>Tanker</b>	100			5400		7-B-3		
	Aft			400				
Container-	Fwd							
ship	Aft			300		7-B-4		
General	Fwd							-~-
Cargo	DQ Aft		ŕ	80		7 <b>-</b> B-5		

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY. MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

Ship Type	LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure	}
Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Deta		1 1 1		Failed	Number	E .				<u> </u>
Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observed   Observe	SHIP TYPE		Details					1.000		ļ
Bulk Carrier         Fwd         40         40         572         572         7-C-1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         9         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         1         1         1         2         1         1         2         1         1         2         1         1         2         1         1         2         1         2         2         2 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>l</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th>						l			1	
Carrier Mt 572 Aft 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	Bulk	Fwd				<del> </del>				١
Combination Fwd 80 80 80 7-C-1			•••				7-0-1		Ī	1 1 1 1
Combination   Carrier   M	VIII 202	Aft					/		l	لخاــا
Carrier Aft 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	Combination	Fwd			<del></del>		<del></del>			4
Container- ship		双					7-C-1		İ	$\vdash$
Container- ship		Aft				}	/-C- <u>1</u>		}	1 1
Ship   Mart   110   31   812   3.8   7-C-1   1   (7,9   14,15)	Container-				ı — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					1
Aft   110   110   70   70   70   70   70	ship	M		31		3.8	7-C-1	1	17 9	Н
General Fwd 70	<del>-</del>	Aft	110			l	' -	•	14.15)	
Miscella- neous	General		1 . •		70					]
Miscella-neous         Fwd 60	Cargo				980	l	7-C-1			$\vdash \vdash$
Miscellaneous         Fwd         60         80         7-C-1           Naval         Moderate (Section of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of the content of				16	90	17.8		1	9	}
Aft   60	Miscella-		60		60					1
Naval   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Switch   Sw	neous	双			80	ł	7-C-1		ł	$\vdash$
Naval			60	<u> </u>	60				<u> </u>	1 1
Tanker   Fwd   90   90   90   90   90   90   90   9					80	Γ				1 1
Tanker 90 90 90 14 2600 .5 7-C-1 1 8	Naval				200	1	7-C-1		Ĭ	$\vdash$
Tanker							L		l .	<u> </u>
Container- ship  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- neous  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Aft 20  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-2  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Miscella- Nor-C-3  Mis										1 1
Container- ship    The container	Tanker			14		.5	7-C-1	1	8	
ship         IV         100         100         7-C-2           Miscellaneous         Fwd         20         20         7-C-2           Bulk         Fwd         20         20         7-C-2           Bulk         Fwd         36         36         7-C-3           Combination Carrier         Fwd         210         210           Carrier         IV         900         7-C-3           Aft         180         180           Container-ship         Fwd         70         70           Ship         502         10         512         2.0         7-C-3         1           General         Fwd					200	l				l
Miscella- neous					-	·				1
Miscella- neous	ship					İ	7-C-2			
neous     Description     Aft     20     20       Bulk     Fwd     36     36     7-C-3       Combination     Fwd     210     210       Carrier     900     900     7-C-3       Aft     180     180       Container-ship     Fwd     70     70       Ship     502     10     512     2.0     7-C-3     1       Aft     68     2     70     2.9     1     11       General     Fwd									ļ	
Aft   20   20			20		20					1 🛊
Bulk Carrier       Fwd Aft       36       36       7-C-3         Combination Carrier       Fwd 900 900 7-C-3 180       7-C-3       180         Container-ship       Fwd 70 70 502 10 512 2.0 7-C-3 1 11 Aft 68 2 70 2.9 1 111       11         General       Fwd       Fwd       70 2.9 1 111	neous						7-C-2			
Carrier			20		20					}
Aft										١.,
Combination Carrier         Fwd 900 Aft 180         210 900 900 7-C-3           Container-ship         Fwd 70 502 10 512 2.0 7-C-3 1 11 Aft 68 2 70 2.9 1 111           General         Fwd	Carrier		36		36		7-C-3			
Carrier   30   900   900   7-C-3	Combination		210							
Aft   180   180										<b>│</b>
Container- Fwd 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	Carrier						7 <b>-</b> C-3		1	$\vdash \vdash$
ship         0         502         10         512         2.0         7-C-3         1         11           Aft         68         2         70         2.9         1         11           General         Fwd	Contoinon				<del></del>					
Aft 68 2 70 2.9 1 11 General Fwd				10						
General Fwd	surh					1	/-C-3			$\vdash$
	Canara 1		- 00		//	2.9		1	11	
	Cargo	00	38		38		7			
Cargo   38   38   7-C-3	<del>4</del>		-				/-じ-3		]	

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - Shear
     Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
  12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total	Percent		Failure		
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	
Tanker	Fwd 30 Aft	90 1600 90		90 1600 90		7-C-3			عــا
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 30 Aft	4		4		7-C-4			ے
Container- ship	Fwd 30 Aft	199	1	200	.5	7-C-4	1	11,14	H
Naval	Fwd Aft	200 2000 400		200 2000 400		7-C-4			لــا
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	150		150		7-C-5			عــا
General Cargo	Fwd	40 20		<b>4</b> 0 20		7-C-6			_د
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	1228		1228		<b>7-</b> C-7			
Combination Carrier	Fwd Aft	70 110 60		70 110 60		7-c-7			H
General Cargo	Fwd OD Aft	30		30		7-c-7			
Miscella= neous	Fwd QQ Aft	20 50		20 50		7-c-7			Ш
Container- ship	Fwd OO Aft	30 150		30 150		7-C-8			
General Cargo	Fwd 30 Aft	20 20		20 20		7-C-8			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OD Aft	70 3526 120		70 3526 120		7-C-9			غ
Container- ship	Fwd OX Aft	80		80		7-C-9			1
Naval	Aft	96 1491 196	4 9 4	100 1500 200	4.0 .7 2.0	7 <b>-</b> C-9	1 1 1	11 11 15	-
Canker	Fwd Aft	400 16000 1000		400 16000 1000		7-C-9			

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	8	2	10	20.0	7-C-10	1	8,9	عا
Combination Carrier	Fwd Aft			10		7-C-11			عــا
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	Ì		20		7-C-11			H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	10		10		7-C-11			$\mathbb{H}$
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	8	2	10	20.0	7-C-12	1	8	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	356		356		7-C-13			]-∳
Container- ship	Fwd 100 Aft	70		70		7-C-13			H
Naval	Fwd M Aft	2000 1100		800 2000 1100		7-C-13			Η.
Naval	Fwd DQ Aft	30 _		40 30		7-C-14			]-0
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Aft	126		126 40		7-C-15			<u>_</u>
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft			60		7-C-15			H
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	759 180	19	20 778 180	2.4	7-C-15	1	7,11	H
General Cargo	Fwd D Aft	477	1	10 478 40	0.2	7-C-15	1	9,11	Ή

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear6. Tension

  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
  16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details	Total Number Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Miscella-	David.	Observed	Observed	Observed					l
neous	Fwd	1	· ·	10	}			1	1 1
Heoda	30	30.	f	30	i .	7-C-15		<b>!</b>	
	Aft		<b></b>	20			<del></del>	<b> </b>	
	Fwd			10					l T
Naval	双	20	<b>\</b>	20	<b>\</b>	7-C-15	)	1	М
	Aft		<u> </u>	10				L	ļΙ
	Fwd	,	[	300	į .			1	1
Tanker	亚	8000		8000		7-C-15			
	Aft	800		800					1
Bulk	Fwd								Ι.
Carrier	双	673	ĺ	673		7-C-16		!	lk
	Aft		]	ł					ا
Container-	Fwd			40				·	[ ≱
ship	<b>100</b>	2172	3	2175	0.1	7-C-16	1	11	Ш
<u>-</u> -	Aft			80	"-		-		1
General	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>				<u> </u>	† 1
Cargo	100	1417	17	1434	1.2	7-C-16	1	11	Ш
cargo	Aft		[ *′	1 4 3 4	1.2	1,-0-10	<b>,</b>	1 11	]
		<del> </del>	ļ	<b></b>		<del> </del>	ļ	<del> </del>	ł
Container-	Fwd	1	[	l	ļ		ļ	<b>,</b>	١,
ship	Œ	300		300		7-C-17	]	1	1_1
	Aft			80		<u> </u>		<b></b>	Į — .
	Fwd			i				i .	i t
Naval	双	70		70	<u> </u>	7-C-17		1	┝
	Aft	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	]
Container-	Fwd			<u> </u>					Ι.
ship	Œ	84	ļ	84	<b>i</b>	7-C-18	}	}	i P
· <del>-</del>	Aft	ì	i					1	
<del></del>	Fwd	1							1 🛊
Naval	Œ	78	2	80	2,5	7-C-18	1	10	┟┷┩
	Aft		<u> </u>		[ -1,-		_		(
	Fwd	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	1
N1	300	1 60	1	1 60	1	7 ~ 10		l '	
Naval	Aft	60	1	60.	]	7-C-19	]	l	ΙG
	Fwd	10	<del> </del>	10	<del> </del>			<del> </del>	† _
Container-			}	1	)	,		ì	1
ship	90	269	]	269	)	7-C-20	1	1	1
	Aft			<b></b>	<b> </b>			<b></b>	į .
Bulk	Fwd	i .	ł	<b>.</b>		_		}	14
Carrier	W	116		116	<u> </u>	7-D-1		<b>i</b> '	լ է և
	Aft	<del></del>		L	ļ			<u> </u>	تدر
Container-	Fwd		į	20					} ∳
ship	双	279	1	280	0.4	7-D-1	1	14	┝┤
aurb	Aft	50		50				L	l l
surb			}	10					I Ì
aurb	Fwd	1 10			1	7-D-1	1	14	ш
			2	120	1./	/~~		14	
Tanker	W	118	2	120 40	1.7	/	•	1.4	1
Tanker	DC. Aft	118 40	2	40	1./	/	*	14	
	W	118 40	2		1./	7-D-2	-	14	     <u> </u>

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details	Total Number Details	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
	\ <u> </u>	Observed	Observed	Observed					l
Container-	Fwd	40		40	•		l		144
ship	MA Aft	60		60		7-D-3			<u> 上し</u>
Bulk	Fwd	10		10					-45
Carrier	100	20		20	}	7-D-4	ŀ		111
	Aft	10		10					175
Container-	Fwd			20					} ♦
ship	双	30		30	ĺ	7-D-4			$\vdash\dashv$
	Aft		l	30	l			<u> </u>	1 I
General	Fwd	50		50	·				}
Cargo	700	1		]	1	7-D-4	1		┝╌┦
- · · · · <b>y</b> -	Aft	80	l	80	1	-			l
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	24		24		7-D-5			I C
	Fwd	40		40			<del></del>		1 4
Tanker	妪	1200		1200	ł	7-D-5	ł	ł	لِـــا
Tanker	Aft			80	1	ן י-ט-ט	Į	}	
Bulk	Fwd		<del> </del>	50	<b></b>	<del>                                     </del>			1 .
Carrier	100	812	[	812		7-E-1	1		
CALLECT	Aft	180	1	180	}	'-5-1	1		'
Combination	Fwd	40	l	40			†		1 4
Carrier	00	1200	}	1200		7-E-1		1	Ш
	Aft	1200		1200	[	/ - <u>-</u> 1	[	1	1 1
Container-	Fwd	80		80	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1
ship	文	804	4	808	0.5	7-E-1	l 1	7,14	Ш
<del></del>	Aft		•	300	"."	] " " " "	-	',14	}
General	Fwd	† <del></del>	<del></del>	1					1 1
Cargo	100	446	1	446	1	7-E-1			Щ
<b>J-</b>	Aft	i .	ļ		I	'-5-1	]	1	} }
Miscella-	Fwd			70	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	1
neous	100	200		200		7-E-1	1		Ш
	Aft		ĺ	170		" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	1		
	Fwd		<del> </del>	800	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	†
Naval	300	5000	l	5000	1	7-E-1	}	1	
	Aft		1	1200	1	, -E-1	}		
<del></del>	Fwd	140		140	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	łł
Tanker	00	5410	90	5500	1.6	7-E-1	1	8,16	
	Aft		~	700	1.8	'-5-1	↑	0,10	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

Shear
 Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear

8. Design

9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect
12. Misuse/Abuse
18. Questionable
14. Heavy Seas

15. Collision

16. Other - See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHI	P No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures			Cause
SHIP TYPE	1	Details	Details	Details	}	Number	}	
J	1 1	Observed		Observed				
Bulk	Fw		0000-000	20				
Carrier	30		1	173		7-E-2	Ì	}
	Af		}	40	}	. ~ -	į	Į
Combination	Fw			20			1	
Carrier	双		65	500	13.0	7-E-2	2,3	8,14
	Af		"	30	-0.0		-/-	0,14
Container-	Fw			20	1			
ship	300		ŀ	496	1	7-E-2	i	ľ
JP	Af	30	ł	30	}		ļ	1
General	Fw		<del>                                     </del>	1	t			
Cargo	900		ł	46	ł	7-E-2		1
3-	Af		1	1	1	~ ~ ~	1	1
	Fw			20				
Tanker	双		1	300		7-E-2	]	1
	Af		i	40	l		ļ.	]
Bulk	Fw		<u> </u>	20	<u> </u>		T	
Carrier	00		7	203	3.4	7-F-1	1	9,10,11
<del></del>	Af		1	50	1		1 -	-,,
Combination	Fw			20	1	†	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>
Carrier	00		1	60	1	7-F-1	1	
	Af			40	ļ		1	j
Container-	Fw			30	1	<u> </u>	<del></del>	1
ship	300		11	1305	0,8	7-F-1	1	(8,9
F	Af	120		120	0,0	1,-1-1	ļ <b>-</b>	11.14)
General	Fw		1	20				
Cargo	000		2	595	0.3	7-F-1	1	6,11
	Af			60	1		_	5,22
Miscella-	Fw			10				
neous	0			60	1	7-F-1	j	1
	Af	40		40	1		Ì	
	Fw			10				
Naval	00	80		80		7-F-1		1
	Af	60	<u>L</u>	60			<u> </u>	L
	Fw		1	10				
Tanker	300	220	1	220	1	7-F-1	)	
	Af		11	160	_0.6_	l	1 _1	8,9
Bulk	Fw			10				
Carrier	100		Į.	150	]	7-F-2		
	Af	50	<u> </u>	50	L	<u></u>		
Combination	Fw		1	20				
Carrier	D	150	Į.	150		7-F-2	}	
<u> </u>	Af	t 60		60	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Container-	Fw	20	]	20			}	
ship	M	145	ļ.	145		7-F-2	-	
<del>-</del>	Af	115	5	120	4.2	<u> </u>	1_1	10
General	Fw			10				
Cargo	100	121	1	121	1	7-F-2	ł	1
	Af		1	80		1	l	1

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
	1 1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures	Family	Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	1	Number			
	•	Observed	Observed	Observed			İ		
Miscella-	Fwd	10		10					
neous	皿	90		90		7-F-2		•	EO=
	Aft	40		40			}	ł	
<del></del>	Fwd	20		20					♦
Naval	100	600		600	[	7-F-2	<b>`</b>	ſ	┝╾┩
	Aft	90		90			]	l	[ ]
	Fwd	20		20					1 1
Tanker	双	120		120		7-F-2	}	ł	┝╼┦
	Aft	140		140			l		1
Bulk	Fwd			10					111
Carrier	双	51	1	52	1.9	7-F-3	1	7,8,14	<b>├-Œ</b>
	Aft	20		20			L		<u> </u>
Combination	Fwd	10		10	[				1 🛉
Carrier	亚	30		30	<b>[</b>	7-F-3	1		<del>   </del>
	Aft	40		40					1 1
Container-	Fwd	20		20	}				
ship	双	102	1	103	1.0	7-F-3	1	10	<b></b>
	Aft	50		_50			L		1 1
General	Fwd	1					]		i i
Cargo	双	30		30	į	7-F-3	ì	j	<del>     </del>
	Aft	20		20	<u> </u>				) )
Miscella-	Fwd	į.		ĺ		[			1
neous	双	10		10	Ţ i	7-F-3	Ì	Ì	┝╾┥
·	Aft	10		10			<u> </u>		1 1
	Fwd	20	1	20	}				}
Naval	双	200	l	200	ł	7-F-3	1	}	<b>  </b>
<del></del>	Aft	50		50	L	L	L	L	1 1
	Fwd	10		10	Į.				1
Tanker	义	50		50	ļ	7-F-3	1	]	<b> </b> -
	Aft	38	2	40	5.0		1	10	1
Container-	Fwd		1		{	}			
ship	<u> </u>	101		101	1	7-F-4	İ	ł	
	Aft	<b>}</b> _							١.
General	Fwd	ł		l	}	ļ	]		1 1
Cargo	亚	١.,		1	į į	<b> </b>	ì	1	<b> </b> -
<del></del>	Aft	10		10	<b></b> _	7-F-4	L		l
<b></b>	Fwd			1	<b>[</b>	1	[	<u> </u>	-(1
Tar.ker	双	1	. '	1		[	]	<u> </u>	4-7
NOTES.	Aft	8	2	10	20.0	7-F-5	1	8,9	_ <b>_</b>

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs ir. the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 8 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

6. Shear6. Tension

- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause
Container-	Fwd			]			]	
ship	<b>X</b>		·	}			i '	1
•	Aft	30		30		7-F-6	ļ .	
General	Fwd							
Cargo	亚	1		í	i		}	ĺ
cargo	Aft	10		10		7-F-6	ļ	
Miscella-	Fwd	10		10		/-F-0	ļ ———	
		ł		}	}			
neous	<b>10</b>			٠.,	}			
	Aft	10		10		7-F-6		
	Fwd	]						
Naval	双	50		50		7-F-6		
	Aft	50		50				
	Fwd	]						
Tanker	双				İ			
	Aft	30		30	]	7-F-6		
Bulk	Fwd							
Carrier	000	95	1	96	1.0	7-F-7	1	10
	Aft	[	_				-	
Container-	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>			
ship		124		124		7-F-8		
surb	00	124		124		/-r-o		
	Aft			<del></del>				
General	Fwd							
Cargo	W	40		40		7-F-8		
	Aft							
Bulk	Fwd	1						
Carrier	00	97		97		7-G-1		
	Aft	40		40				
Combination	Fwd							
Carrier	Œ	10		10		7-G-1		
	Aft	40		40				
Container-	Fwd	<del> </del>		· · ·				<del></del>
ship	<b>30</b> 0	28	2	30	6.7	7-G-1	1	10
<b>-</b>	Aft	60	-	60		. • •	_	
General	Fwd	<del> </del>		<del></del>				
Cargo		10		10		7-G-1		
-urgo	00	_			İ	\-G-T		
(i.c.o.) 1.c.	Aft	20		20				
Miscella-	Fwd	] , ]		,,		7.6.		
neous	W	10	ĺ	10		7-G-1		
	Aft	20		20				
	Fwd	100		100				
Naval	Œ	200	[	200		7-G-1		
	Aft	200		200		j		
	Fwd							
Tanker	300	150		150	Ī	7-G-1		
	Aft	200	ł	200	Ì	, 5.1		
Bulk	Fwd	200	<del></del>	200			· · · · · ·	<del></del>
		1 10 1		10	ł	7.0.		
Carrier	Ø	10		10	Į	7-G-2	1	
1	Aft	_ 50		50	ĺ			

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure		
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE	11	Details	Details	Details	<u>[</u> ]	Number			1
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed		ļ	<u></u>	<b></b>	ł
Combination	Fwd		1		1		}	1	
Carrier	双	150	l	150		7-G-2			1
	Aft	250		250	<u> </u>		<b></b>	ļ	₹.
Container-	Fwd	\$	}	Ì	1	]	ļ	<u> </u>	1
ship	双	50	j	50	ł	7-G-2	ł	ł	$\Box$
	Aft	90	<b></b>	90	Ļ	ļ		<b> </b>	1 1
General	Fwd	1	1	1	]	1		[	
Cargo	M	10	1	10	l	7-G-2	Į.	`	П
	Aft	30	<b></b>	30	<b> </b>	<b> </b>	<b></b>	<b></b>	1
Miscella-	Fwd	1	1	1	}	1		ļ	
neous	双	40	ł	40	Į	7-G-2	Į.	1	П
	Aft		ļ	40	<b></b>	<b></b>		<b></b>	1
	Fwd		Į.	60	1	[	1	1	1 1
Naval	100	200	(	200	Į.	7-G-2		{	$\Box$
	Aft	220	<b></b>	220	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<b></b>	<b>∤</b>
	Fwd	1	1	[	Į.	}	1	ł	
Tanker	双	10	ţ	10	İ	7-G-2	1	Ì	$\Box$
	Aft			60	<b></b>	ļ	ļ	L	4
Bulk	Fwd	1	j	20	Į	ĺ	1	l	111
Carrier	双	300	[ 5	305	1.6	7-G-3	l 1	9,10	
	Aft	300		300		<del> </del>		<b>}</b>	1 7
Combination	Fwd		j	30	1	ļ	ļ		1 1
Carrier	000	200	Į	200	Į.	7-G-3	1	Į	
	Aft	600	<u> </u>	600	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	11
Container-	Fwd	1 30	1	40	l	l	į	Į.	1 1
ship	双	332	1	333	0.3	7-G-3	1	7,14	H
	Aft	500	ļ	500	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b>	L		11
General	Fwd	20		20	į	]	į	l	
Cargo	双	95		95	l	7-G-3	ļ	{	$\vdash$
	Aft	<del></del>	<u> </u>	80	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1 1
Miscella~	Fwd	10	Į i	10	{	1	İ	l	1 1
neous	双	30	ł	30	}	7-G-3		1	$\vdash$
<u></u>	Aft		L	70			<u> </u>		11
	Fwd	1 200	ļ	500	1				1 1
Naval	双	1800	1	1800	1	7-G-3		[	H
<u> </u>	Aft		3	2200	.1		1	7,8	1 1
	Fwd	, 50	1	50					
Tanker	双	200	ļ	200	1	7-G-3	1		$\vdash$
	Aft	299	1	300	.3	1	1 1	10	1

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, D, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIF	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
Container-	Fwo							
shìp	Aft	20		20		7 <b>-</b> G-4		
Bulk	Fwd	10		10	}	}		}
Carrier	100	20		20	}	7-G-5	i	
	Aft			30	l			
Combination	Fwd						1	1
Carrier	100	1		[	1	}	ł	j
	Aft	20		20		7-G-5	]	<u> </u>
Container-	Fwd			1				
ship	300	1		Į.	<b>!</b>	<b> </b>		<b>,</b>
	Aft	80		80		7-G-5		<u></u>
General	Fwd							
Cargo	100	100		100		7-G-5		
•	Aft		L	20	L			
Miscella-	Fwd				1			
neous	700	1		1			ļ	{
	Aft	20		20	ļ.	7-G-5		}
	Fwd							
Tanker	妏	1	1	<b>\</b>	j		1	
	Aft	60		60	ł	7-G-5	ļ	ł
Bulk	Fwd			300				
Carrier	双	3915	4	3919	0.1	7-H-1	l 1	9,14
	Aft			600	1	[	( -	1 - ,
Combination	Fwd	366	34	400	8.5	}	1	8,10,15
Carrier	00	1878	22	1900	1.1	7-H-1	1	10,13,15
	Aft	894	6	900	0.7	Ì	1	10,11
Container-	Fwd	271	29	300	9.7		1	14,15
ship	文	9032	54	9086	0.6	7-H-1	1	9,12,14
	Aft	884	16	900	1.8		1	9,10,14
General	Fwd	900		900			,	(9,10,11
Cargo	双	8721	59	8780	0.7	7-H-1	1	12,14
	Aft	1300		1300	l			15)
Miscella-	Fwd			300				
neous	双		l	1500	ł	7-H-1	ŀ	ł
	Aft	<u>4</u> 00		400	1			Ĺ
	Fwd	60		60				T
Naval	亚	797	3	800	0.4	7-H-1	1	15
	Aft	200		200	1			İ
	Fwd		3	600	0.5		1	5,15
Tanker	双		32	6500	0.5	7-H-1	1	5,7,8,9
·	Aft	1700		1700		<u> </u>		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	845		845		7-H-2		
Combination	Fwd			120	[			
Carrier	100		ł	700	i	7-H-2	}	1
				,	ı		1	l

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE		No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	,	ľ	Failure Cause	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	86		86		7-H-2			9
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft		1	856	0.1	7-H-2	1	10	
Naval	Fwd M Aft	900		100 900 300		7-H-2			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	889	8	100 897 200	0.9	7-н-3	1	14	त्र
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	19	1	20	5.0	7 <b>-</b> н-3	1	9,10	+
Naval	Fwd MD Aft	200 1200 198	2	200 1200 200	1.0	7 <b>-</b> H-3	1,2	15	
Tanker	Fwd XQ Aft	20 30 20		20 30 20		7-н-3			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Aft	18		18		7-H-4			
Tanker	Fwd <b>Q</b> Aft	1200		1200		7-H-4			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Ø Aft	4800	40 16	300 4800 800	13.3	7 <b>-</b> H-5	1	5,14,15 14	4
Container- ship	Fwd	600	-	600 2600 1200		7-н-5			
Miscella- neous	Fwd	<u> </u>		600 2600 1200		7-н-5			
Tanker	Fwd O Aft	60 1400 140		60 1400 140		7-н-5			

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, D, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

11. Neglect

- 5. Shear 6. Tension
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 15. Collision
- 10. Welding
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
	Fwd	500		500				
Tanker	300	10000		10000		7-H-6	[	
	Aft	800_		800				
Bulk	Fwd				ļ			
Carrier	XI Aft	170		170		7-H-7		
Container-	Fwd							
ship	00 Aft	20		20		7-H-7		
General	Fwd				]			
Cargo	双	1323		1323	}	7-H-7	}	
	Aft	79	1	80	1.2		11	8.12
	Fwd					[		
Tanker	双	600		600	]	7-H-7	}	•
	Aft	50		50			<u> </u>	
Bulk	Fwd	40		40	}	7-H-8	<b>\</b>	1
Carrier	Aft				}			Í
General	Fwd				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1
Cargo	XX Aft	104		104		7-н-8		
	Fwd	30		30	<del> </del>			<del></del>
Tanker	000	400		400	}	7-H-8		1
	Aft	1	Į	60	[			
Bulk	Fwd	200		200				
Carrier	00	1466	1	1466	Ì	7-H-9	İ	]
	Aft	400		400				i
Combination	Fwd	200		200				1
Carrier	<b>X</b>	700		700	ł	7H-9		ţ
	Aft	300		300	ļ			ļ
Container-	Fwd	1800		1800	]	]	1	1
ship	双	12804	35	12839	0.3	7-н-9	1	(7,9
Conoma	Aft	3000		3000	ļ — — —	-	<del> </del>	10,111
General	Fwd	500 6802	21	500	1	7-H-9	1	E 0 10
Cargo	XX. Aft	1	21	6823 1000	0.3	/-H-9	1	5,8,10
Wiggelle-	Fwd	300	<del></del>	300	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Miscella÷ neous	700	1500		1500	1	  7-н-9	1	
11eOff2	Aft	700		700	[	-11-9	<u> </u>	1
	Fwd	1000		1000	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Naval	100	7000	ł	7000	}	  7-н-9	}	1
	Aft	2000	<b>,</b>	2000	ì	, -n-9 	1	}
	Fwd	2000		2000	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<b> </b>	<del>                                     </del>
Tanker	200	25000		25000	l	7-H-9	1	1
	Aft	4000	Ì	4000	l		1	]
Bulk	Fwd	200		200				
Carrier	00	2345	l	2345	1	7-H-10	}	1
	Aft	500	1	500	ĺ		l	t

TABLE A-7 DETAIL FAMILY: MISCELLANEOUS CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent		Failure	Pailure
	1 1	Sound	Failed	Number	<b>Failures</b>	Family	Mode	Cause
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	,	Number		}
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed				
Combination	Fwd	400		400	[			
Carrier	双	3000		3000	i i	7-H-10	ľ	
	Aft	800		800				
Container-	Fwd	400		400				
ship	亚	3268	4	3272	0.1	7-H-10	1	9,10
_	Aft	900		900				
General	Fwd	200		200				
Cargo	M	1458	26	1484	1.8	7-H-10	1	10,12
	Aft	400	1	400	}	}		
Miscella-	Fwd	100		100				
neous	M	300		300		7-H-10		
	Aft	100		100				
······································	Fwd	400		400				
Naval	100	2800		2800	Į.	7-H-10		
	Aft	800		800				
	Fwd	200	J	200	l			
Tanker	100	2500		2500		7-H-10		
	Aft	500		500	ľ		'	l
Container-	Fwd	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
ship	100	11	3	14	21.4	7-H-11	l ı	10
	Aft	}	_	1	]		]	
	Fwd	9	1	10	10.0	7-H-11	1	8,14
Tanker	000	İ	1		ŀ			
	Aft	ļ	1	ĺ	ľ	í	ľ	ł
Combination	Fwd			<b>———</b>		<b></b>		<del></del>
Carrier	30	ł			}	ŀ		
	Aft	47	3	50	6.0	7-H-12	1	13
Container-	Fwd	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
ship	文	10		10	[	7-H-12	[	
_	Aft	100	ł	100	ļ			
	Fwd							<del></del>
Tanker	双	Ì						
	Aft	50		_50		7-H-12		
Bulk	Fwd	7.		<del>                                     </del>		<del>' -n-12</del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Carrier	亚	12	12	24	50.0	7-H-13	1	7
	Aft			~~	30.0	' -u-13	<b>†</b>	l '
Bulk	Fwd			<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>		<del></del>
Carrier	亚	32		32	)	7-H-14	]	}
	Aft	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		٦,		, A-14		

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

Shear
 Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 18. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

8. Design 9. Fabrication/Workmanship

12. Misuee/Abu

15. Collision

11. Neglect

10. Welding

16. Other - See Discussion

TABLE A-8 DETAIL FAMILY: CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
General	Fwd							
Cargo	XO Aft	234	36	270	13.3	8 <b>-</b> A-1	1	8
Container- ship	Fwd D Aft	150		150		8-A-2		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 300 Aft	75		75		8-A-3		
Container- ship	Fwd ØD Aft	177		177		8-A-3		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Aft	150 345		150 3 <b>4</b> 5		8-B-1		
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	100		100		8-B-1		
General Cargo	Fwd OD Aft	6		6		8-B-1		
Combination Carrier	Fwd Aft	19	1	20	5.0	8 <b>-</b> B-2	1	8,9
Container- ship	Fwd OD Aft	166 39	1 1	167 40	0.6 2.5	8-B-2	1 1	9
General Cargo	Fwd O Aft	73 100		73 100		8-B-2		
Tanker	Fwd OO Aft	150 1958 496	22 4	150 1980 500	1.0 0.8	8-B-2	1,2	8,11,12 8
Container- ship	Fwd ØL Aft	12		12		8-B-3		
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	22 <b>4</b> 50		22 <b>4</b> 50		8-B-3		
Tanker	Fwd OO Aft	2400 100		2400 100		8-B-3		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd DD Aft	40		40		8-B-4		
Naval	Fwd O Aft	70		70		8-B-5		

TABLE A-8 DETAIL FAMILY: CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	)		Failure Cause	
Container-	Fwd					1			1
ship	政 Aft	188	2	190	1.1	8-B-6	1	5,10	H
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	40		40		8-B-7			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	15		15		8-C-1			П
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	80		80		8-C-1			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	15		15		8-C-2			L
General Cargo	Fwd Aft	56		56		8-C-2			$\mathcal{H}$
Tanker	Fwd 100 Aft	300 628 70	72	300 700 70	10.3	8-C-2	1	14	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft		2	14	14.3	8-C-3	1	7	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	300 1100 59	1	300 1100 60	1.7	8-C-3	1	9	H
General Cargo	Fwd Q Aft	39		39		8-C-3			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	100		100		8-C-4			I
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	73		73		8-C-4			۲
Container- ship	Fwd OO Aft	68 414 650	3	70 <b>41</b> 7 650	2.9 0.7	8-C-5	1	9,10	T.

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, D, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

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5. Shear 6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 18. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees 8. Design 9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

16. Other - See Discussion

TABLE A-8 DETAIL FAMILY: CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHI		No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure	Failure Cause
SHIP TYPE		1	Details	Details	Details Observed	rattutes	Number	mode	Cause
Bulk	Fv	M	40		40				
Carrier	X.	5	400		400		8-C-6	1	
		ŧ.	40		40			ŀ	
Miscella-	Fv	_	80		80		8-C-6		
neous	II Ai	2							
	Fv	rd							
Tanker	I								
	Af	_	200		200		8-C-6		
Bulk	Fv		400		400				
Carrier	12		3332		3332		8-C-7		
	Af		1100		1100		L		
Container-	Fw								
ship	Af		162		162		8-C-7		
Container-	Fv	_							
ship	100		278	4	282	1.4	8-D-1	1	9
_	Af		50		50		]		] -
General	Fw	_			<del></del>		<del> </del>		
Cargo	ŽĮ Af	2	125		125		8-D-1	:	
	Fv	_							
Tanker	302								
lainei	Af		150		_150	1	8-D-1		ļ
Container-	Fw	_	150				8-0-1		
	1		210		210				
ship	Af		210		210		8-D-2	,	
7									
General	Fw		40						
Cargo	g	2	42		42		8-D-2		
	Af								
	Fw	- 1	100		100	_	_	_	_
Tanker	100	2	755	45	800	5.6	8-D-2	1	8,9
	Af	$\overline{}$	150		150				
Bulk	Fw								
Carrier	0	<u>ا</u> ب							
	Af		80		80		8-D-3		
Container-	Fw								
ship	7	Σ							
	Af	t	60		60		8-D-3		
General	Fw								
Cargo	13	Σl							
<del>-</del>	Af	t	60		60	<u> </u>	8-D-4		
iscella-	Fw		50		50				
neous	38		240		240		8-D-4		
	Af		100		100				
Container-	Ēν				<del></del>				
ship	Af		215	4	219	1.8	8-D-5	1	5,8

LOCATION ON S	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure		]
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	]
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number		Ì	1
		Observed	Observed	Observed					Į.
General	Fwd							į	
Cargo	M Aft	28		28		8-D-5			l l⊟
	Fwd	170		170					l t
Tanker	双	1880	120	2000	6.0	8-D-5	1	5,8	<del> </del> -
	Aft	400		400					j
Bulk	Fwd							1	1
Carrier	XX Aft	350		350		8-D-6			l ₁⊎
Combination	Fwd	500		500					1
Carrier	双	3850	350	4200	8.3	8-D-6	1 .	5,8,11,	<u>├</u> ┤
	Aft	900		900			Ĺ	14)	i
Miscella-	Fwd	60		60					1
neous	回	2100		2100		8-D-6			┝╼┪
	Aft	300		300					ł
	Fwd	60	}	60					1 1
Tanker	巫	530	70	600	11.7	8-D-6	1	8,14	<del>├</del> ──
	Aft	100		100					<u> </u>
General	Fwd								<del></del>
Cargo	XX Aft	70		70		8-D-7			U
	Fwd	30		30					! ♦
Tanker	Ø	90		90		8-D-7			
	Aft	60		60_			'	ì	
Miscella-	Fwd								1-47
neous	双		ļ						l L/
 	Aft	70	<u> </u>	70		8-D-8			
_	Fwd								1 1
Tanker	<b>Q</b> Aft	300		300		8-D-8			<del></del>
Container-	Fwd							<u> </u>	
ship	MAft	643	1	644	0.2	8-E-1	1	10	<b></b>
General	Fwd	90		90				<del> </del>	<b>1</b>
Cargo	<b>30</b> 0	422		422		8-E-1			$oldsymbol{\sqcup}$
	Aft	30		30				i	
Bulk	Fwd	126	14	140	10.0		1	8,14	4.
Carrier	双	2271	12	2283	0.5	8-E-2	1,2	9,11,	
NOTES:	Aft	200	L	200				14,16)	1 1 1

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear 6. Tension

  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-8 DETAIL FAMILY: CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number	MODE	Cause
	77	Observed	Observed					
Container-	Fwd		_	210			i _	
ship	300	2415	1	2416	0.0	8-E-2	1	5,10
	Aft			400			<del></del>	
General	Fwd		2	150	1.3		1	14
Cargo	Ø	918		918		8-E-2		1
	Aft			300				
	Fwd			110			{	1
Tanker	双	409	11	420	2.6	8-E-2	1	8,14
	Aft	90		90				
Bulk	Fwd				ł		I	}
Carrier	W	32	İ	32	]	8-E-3		
	Aft				l			L
Container-	Fwd			100				
ship	000	132		132	}	8-E-3	}	ł
<b>-</b>	Aft							
	Fwd			60		8-E-3		
Tanker	00	1 30	J	~~	i	]		1
-~1111-	Aft	1			1		1	1
22.16	Fwd						<b></b>	
Bulk				1 ,,,				ļ
Carrier	Ø	132	}	132		8-E-4	j	]
	Aft							
	Fwd		4	150	2.7		1,2	15
Tanker	<b>X</b>	2376	24	2400	1.0	8-E-5	1,2	5,14
	Aft		<u></u>	100	<u> </u>		<b> </b>	<u> </u>
Bulk	Fwd	. ]			ł		1	
Carrier	<b>XX</b>				1			ł
	Aft		2	100	2.0	8-E-6	2	15
	Fwd		1	230	0.4		1	15
<b>Tanker</b>	1	2484	16	2500	0.6	8-E-6	2	14,15
	Aft	160		160	ļ	ļ		j
Combination	Fwd	108	12	120	10.0		1,2	8,14
Carrier	000	110	,	110	]	8-E-7		[
	Aft				1	l _		$\mathbf{I}_{-}$
Container-	Fwd			120				
ship	300	1500	i	1500	1	8-E-8	i	1
•	Aft			200	l			]
Bulk	Fwd			<del> </del>	<del></del>	<b> </b>	<del></del>	<del> </del>
Carrier	700	43	1	43	ļ	8-E-9	}	]
	Aft	,	ĺ	i	1		l	ł
	Fwd			140	<b></b>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>
Container-			ا _ ا		١	۱	١,	1,,,,
ship	00	3924	3	3927	0.1	8~E-9	1	10,14
	Aft			260	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
Bulk	Fwd	1	,		!	<b> </b> =		
Carrier	M		ŀ	80	1	8-E-10	]	
	Aft	<del></del>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Container-	Fwd				<u> </u>			
ship	双	296	1	296	ĺ	8-E-10		
	Aft	1	l	ı		1	1	1

TABLE A-8 DETAIL FAMILY: CLEARANCE CUTOUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		i i	Failure
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	920		920		8-E-10		
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	800		800		8-E-11		
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	1200		1200		8-E-12		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	84		84		8-E-13		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	240		240		8-E-14		

DETAIL FAMILY. STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS TABLE A-9

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure	1
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Q Aft	4.5		45		9-A-1			(
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	10		10		9-A-1			$\dashv$
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	10 10		10 10		9-A-1			H
General Cargo	Fwd OD Aft	10		10		9-A-1			Ц

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 6. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
    8. Design
    9. Fabrication/Workmanship
    13. Questionable
    14. Heavy Sees
    15. Collision

  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-9 DETAIL FAMILY: STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS

LOCATION ON	SHIP 	Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures	Family	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details Observed	Details Observed	Details Observed		Number			
	Fwd		00802764	· ODGET VEG				<del></del>	1
Tanker	300	900		900	]	9-A-1			l
	Aft			30					l
Bulk	Fwd								1
Carrier	<b>30</b> 2	14		14		9-A-2			ı
	Aft							}	1
Combination	Fwd	20		20					1
Carrier	双	10		10		9-A-2			⊢
	Aft	10		10					1
Container-	Fwd	10		10					1
ship	双	12		12		9-A-2			$\vdash$
	Aft					<u> </u>			
General	Fwd								1
Cargo	双	50		50		9-A-2			$\vdash$
	Aft	<u> </u>				L			1
Miscella-	Fwd	10		10					Ī
neous	双	20		20	İ	9-A-2			$\vdash$
	Aft	10		10					
	Fwd	20		20					1
Tanker	双	1				9-A-2			⊢
	Aft	40		40					
Bulk	Fwd	20		20					, [
Carrier	双	33		33		9-A-3			10
	Aft			20					] -
Combination	Fwd	20		20					1
Carrier	DD.	40		40		9-A-3			$\vdash$
	Aft	20		20				,	
Container-	Fwd	20		20					Ĭ
ship	<b>Q</b>	34		34		9-A-3			$\vdash$
	Aft	30		30					ŀ
General	Fwd					_			]
Cargo	双	45	İ	45		9-A-3			H
	Aft								l
	Fwd	20		20		_			
Tanker	亚	[				9-A-3	_		⊢
	Aft	59	1	60	1.7		1	8	}
Combination	Fwd								را
Carrier	双	10		10		9-A-4			IL
	Aft	<u> </u>							i _
	Fwd								1
Naval	DE	]	ĺ						$\vdash$
	Aft	10		10		9-A-4			l
	Fwd	<u> </u>							•
Tanker	M	1 .							H
	Aft	10		10		9-A-4			l
Bulk	Fwd	.							l _
Carrier	<b>D</b>	12		12	i	9-A-5			(
	Aft	i l		Î	. ]				۱ ۲

LOCATION ON S	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures	Family	Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number			1
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed					1
Combination	Fwd	20		20					
Carrier	M	90		90	'	9-A-5			
	Aft	30		30					`
Container-	Fwd	30		30					1
ship	00	197		197	i :	9-A-5			<u> </u>
-	Aft	30		30					l
General	Fwd	20		20					1
Cargo	<u>00</u>	49		49	]	9-A-5			<b>)</b> —
<b>J</b> =	Aft	30	}	30					
Miscella-	Fwd	80		80					1
neous	100	60		60	1	9-A-5		Ì	
	Aft	150		150					
Combination	Fwd								1
Carrier	双	1.0		10		9-A-6			١٢
	Aft			1					۱۷
Miscella-	Fwd	<u> </u>					<del></del>		1
neous	300	10		10		9-A-6			<u> </u>
110000	Aft	-							
	Fwd		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del>	ł
Tanker	100	10		10		9-A-6		ł	L
Tanker	Aft	1 -		-	į į	•	}	1	Ì
Bulk	Fwd	30		30					۱_
Carrier	页	30		30		9-A-7			I٢
Cullion	Aft	30		1	1				۱۲
Container-	Fwd	<u> </u>	L	<del> </del>			<del></del>	<del></del>	ł
ship	<b>X</b>			ł					
2Th	Aft	10		10		9-A-7			
	Fwd	<u> </u>		<del>                                     </del>		<del></del>			ł
Tanker	双	}		1	ļ				L
Idiner	Aft	10		10		9-A-7		· ·	
	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del> _		<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	ł
Tanker	000	250		250		9-A-8			
Idings	Aft	250		===		•			JL
General	Fwd	20		20					ł
Cargo	300	40		40		9-A-9			1
J-	Aft	40		40					۱ ۱
	Fwd			1			<del></del>	ļ	ł
Tanker	双	60		60		9-A-9			
TOTIVET	Aft	ן טט		1 00		J-n-3			-

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 15. Collision
- 10. Welding
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-9 DETAIL FAMILY: STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details	No. of Failed Details	Total Number Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
	1	Observed				Manner	ļ	ļ	
Bulk	Fwd		00000000	10	<del></del>			<del> </del>	t
Carrier	30	61	<u>'</u>	61	j	9-B-1	)	1	
Carrer	Aft			10	i.		<b>\</b>	}	
Container-	Fwd		<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>				<del></del>	<b>A</b>
ship	亚	34	4	38	10.5	9-B-1	1	10	H
General	Aft Fwd			<del> </del>	<del></del>		ļ	<del> </del>	<b>}</b>
Cargo	100	18	Į	18	l	9-B-1		<u> </u>	Ш
Cargo	Aft		ļ	1 10	ŀ	) -B-1			
Miscella-	Fwd	<del></del>		}	<del> </del>			<del> </del>	1
neous	100	10	}	10	1	9-B-1		)	Ш
115049	Aft		ļ	-~	ļ.			i	<b> </b>
	Fwd	30	<del></del>	30	<del>                                     </del>				
Naval	双	120		120	1	9-B-1		]	Щ
1444 A 69 T	Aft		ļ	40		1		]	
	Fwd			10	<del> </del>	<del></del>		<del> </del>	1
Tanker	00		Į	-	l	9-B-1			
* MITURE	Aft	10	I	10	ĺ				!
Bulk	Fwd	<del> </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
Carrier	00	17	8	25	32.0	9-B-2	1	9,11,14	
Carrier	Aft		ľ	25	32.0	3-0-2	1	3,11,14	
Combination	Fwd	10		10	<del> </del>	9-B-2	ļ	<del></del>	
	300	10	]	1 10	ì	7-0-2			LJ
Carrier	Aft	}	}	}	}	1			1
Container-	Fwd	40	<u> </u>	40	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		} }
ship	00	22		22	1	9-B-2		ĺ	
anth	Aft	10		10	1	9-8-2		}	
General	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>			<del></del>	
Cargo	100	38		38	<b>{</b>	9-B-2			
Cargo	Aft			]	[	9-8-2		[	
	Fwd	20	<del></del>	20	<del> </del>	<b></b>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	
Naval	300	120		120	İ '	9-B-2			
MAAT	Aft	120		_ 10		)		}	1
	Fwd	10		10				<del> </del>	
Tanker	000	10		10	l	9-B-2			
Taliket	Aft			10	]	3-D-4			-
Combination	Fwd	10		10			<del></del>		1
Carrier	700	69	1	70	1.4	9-B-3	1	8	
Carrier	Aft			10	1.4	<del>7</del> −¤ <b>−</b> 3	_ <b>-</b>	[ "	
Container-	Fwd	10		40	<del> </del>				Α
	1000	145		145		9-B-3			
ship	Aft					<del>7-0-</del> 3			
Wienelle	Fwd	20		20		<del></del>		<del> </del>	
Miscella-	DOC	] [	Ì	20		0_0_2			
neous		20		20		9-B-3			
·	Aft	10		10 40		<b></b> _			
	Fwd	40				0.5.3			
Naval	双	260		260		9-B-3			
	Aft	80		80					l

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure	
	1 1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	į ·	Number		1	
		Observed	Observed	Observed					
	Fwd	20		20					+
Tanker	100		į		•	9-B-3		1	
	Aft	40	1	40	1		l		للا
Bulk	Fwd								_
Carrier	M I	20	1	20	İ	9-B-4	1	1	
	Aft			<u> </u>	Ĺ		<u> </u>	1	
Miscella-	Fwd	10	,	10			[		t
neous	双	10	}	10	[	9-B-4	ĺ		$\vdash$
	Aft		<b></b>		<u> </u>				1
	Fwd	10	j	10	1			!	
Naval	亚	20	}	20	1	9-B-4		[	$\vdash$
	Aft		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	L	
-	Fwd		}		]		[		1
Tanker	00		}	j	ļ		1		<b></b> -
	Aft	10		10		9-B-4			
Bulk	Fwd		)		}	٠			
Carrier	亚	46	}	46	}	9-B-5		[	
	Aft	10		10					1
Combination	Fwd	10	1	10	}	0.5.5	}	]	<b>†</b>
Carrier	Ø	20	Į.	20	}	9-B-5	]	]	$\vdash \vdash$
	Aft	20		20			<b></b>		[ {
Container-	Fwd	80	1	80	J	9-B-5	)	]	} {
ship	双	173	ļ	173	!	9-8-5	1	ļ	H
	Aft	90		90		<b></b>		ļ	)
General	Fwd	10	1	10		0 5 5	4	12,15	) ]
Cargo	W	242	4	246	1.6	9-B-5	4	12,15	
	Aft	10	<del> </del>	10	<b> </b>			<del> </del>	1 1
Miscella-	Fwd	10	1	10	Į	   9-B-5			} ]
neous	W	10	1	10	ł	3-8-5			$\vdash \vdash$
	Aft	10	<del> </del>	10	Ļ				1 1
	Fwd	60	1	60	ł	9-B-5			)
Naval	W	300	ł	300	}	כ-מ-ני			
	Aft	110	<del> </del>	110	<del></del>			<del>  </del>	1 1
	Fwd	50	1	1		9-B-5		Ì	] ]
Tanker	巫	50	1	50	ł	ב-מ-פ		ļ	├
	Aft	60	ļ	60		ļ	ļ	ļ	J
Combination		l	ł	1		0_8_6		-	
Carrier	双	10	i	10	1	9-B-6	}	Į.	
NOTES.	Aft	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-9 DETAIL FAMILY: STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS

LOCATION ON	SHII		No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number	Mode	Cause	
Container-	Fwc								
ship	MO Aft			10		9-B-6			
Tanker	Fwc 30 Aft	20		20		9 <b>-</b> B-6			
Naval	Fwo 300 Aft			10		9 <b>-</b> B-7			0
Tanker	Fwo 30 Aft			10		9-B-7			
Bulk Carrier	Fwc QQ Aft	30		30		9-C-1			1
Combination			<del> </del>		<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	† ≱
Carrier	00 Aft	30		30		9-C-1			$\vdash$
Combination Carrier	Fwc QQ Aft	4	6	10	60.0	9-C-2	1	8	
Container- ship	Fwd XX Aft	14		14		9-C-2			
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	20		20	!	9-C-3			1
Container- ship	Fwd Q Aft	59		59		9-C-3			H
General Cargo	Fwd XX Aft	16		16		9-C-3			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd XX Aft	112		112		9-C-4			The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
Combination Carrier	Fwd 000 Aft	100		100		9-C-4			H
Container- ship	Fwd OX Aft	533	1	534	0.2	9-C-4	1	10	Н
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	472	4	476	0.8	9-C-4	1,3	10,11,15	Ш
Container- ship	Fwd 00 Aft		·	10		9-C-5			<b>T</b>

TABLE A-9 DETAIL FAMILY: STRUCTURAL DECK CUTS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	50		50		9-C-6			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	30		30		9-C-6			H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	90		90		9-C-6			
Naval	Fwd M Aft	40		40		9-C-7			

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	No. of	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail	Failure	Failure	}
SHIP TYPE		Sound Details Observed	Failed Details Observed	Number Details Observed	Failures	Family Number		Cause	
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	10		10		10-A-1			U
Container- ship	Fwd X Aft	8	2	10 20	20.0 30.0	10-A-1	1	8,10 8,10	۲
Container- ship	Fwd XXI Aft	99 20	1	100 20 20	1.0	10-A-2	1	6,10	T
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	20		20 20		10-A-2			H
Miscella- neous	Fwd Aft	50 130		50 130 60		10-A-2			

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, D, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The mid-ship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear6. Tension

  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
	Fwd			20					2
Tanker	30	10		10		10-A-2	Ì		7
	Aft			20	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del></del>		
Miscella-	Fwd	1					ļ		Ð
neous	<b>X</b>			١ , .			]		
	Aft			10	<b></b>	10-A-3			
	Fwd			50	j	 	1		1
Naval	双	150	ļ :	150	l	10-A-3		!	
	Aft			30				ļ	l
	Fwd		1	20	1	1.	l	1	Ð
Naval	<b>XX</b>	70		70	l	10-A-4	ļ	1	T
	Aft	20		20		<u> </u>			L
Container-	Fwd	20		20		10-A-5			
ship	双			1		1	1	]	1
<b>L</b>	Aft	1		ļ			L	<u> </u> ;	
	Fwd		[	20					(
Tanker	00	1	ŀ	1		10-A-5	}	]	ldash
	Aft	20		20			1	ļ	1
Bulk	Fwd		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	-	<del> </del>	1	
Carrier	<b>9</b> 0		ļ		1				7
Califer	Aft Aft	20	ļ	20	1	10-A-6	1	]	{
Day 1 1e	Fwd		<del> </del>		<del></del>	1-0-K-0	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	
Bulk				1			1		
Carrier	<b>X</b>	1.0		1 ,,	Į.	1,0	1	1	[
	Aft	<del></del>	<del> </del>	10	<del></del>	10-A-7	<del></del>	<del> </del>	1 7
Combination		20		20	1	1,0		ł	]
Carrier	000		1		1	10-A-7			
	Aft		<b> </b>	20	<del> </del>		ļ	ļ	ļ
	Fwd			ł		ì			9
Tanker	00		1			l			[
	Aft			20	<b></b>	10-A-8	<del></del>	<b></b>	•
Bulk	Fwd	1	ł	1	ł	}	}		
Carrier	<b>XX</b>		1		1			1	1
	Aft			10		10-A-9	ļ		Ĺ
	Fwd								1 1
Naval	双	20	1	20		10-A-9		]	Н
	Aft		<u> </u>	20		<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ł
Combination	Fwd								<b> </b> —
Carrier	00		l	1	1	}		] .	1
	Aft	10	1	10	1	10-A-10	1	]	Į
General	Fwd			1	†			1	4
Cargo	300		1		i		1		Щ
5-	Aft	10	j	10	1	10-A-10	1		
	Fwd		<b>†</b>	10	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1
Naval	300		i	-		10-A-10	}	l	
140 A 00 T	Aft		ŀ	20				1	[
Combination	_		<del> </del>	20	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	·	۱
Combination			}	1 20	}	10-A-1	ł		U
Carrier	MO Aft	1 ,,	Ì	1 ,,		10-4-1	}	1	
	ALT	10	L	10	<u> </u>	1	i	l	<b>ا</b> ا

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Combination	Fwd	40		40					
Carrier	双		[			10-A-12			111
	Aft	40	<u></u>	40				<u> </u>	9
Container-	Fwd	10		10	i	10-A-12			l 🕇
ship	MO Aft								П
General	Fwd	10		10				1	}
Cargo	MAft	26 10	36	62 10	58.1	10-A-12	1,4	12	
Miscella-	Fwd	30		30					i i
neous	M Aft	10		10		10-A-12			H
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fwd		<del></del>	130		<b></b>	<b></b>	<del> </del>	1 1
Tanker	M Aft	20		20		10-A-12			₽
Container-	Fwd		<u> </u>	1	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	·	
ship	XX Aft	10		10		10-A-13			1
Miscella-	Fwd			10	<del> </del>	10-A-14		<del> </del>	
neous	XX Aft								U
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	10		10		10-A-14			
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	10		10		10-A-15			#
General	Fwd		<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<u>,                                     </u>
Cargo	₩ Aft	83		83		10-A-15			$\vdash \vdash$
Mankar	Fwd	30		30		10-3-15			
Tanker	M Aft	<u> </u>				10-A-15			<b></b>
Combination	Fwd	20		20	[	10-A-16			<u>.                                      </u>
Carrier	Aft								T
Naval	Fwd	10		10		10-A-16			ٔ لــا

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 1 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - Shear
     Tension
- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
  12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHI	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
Combination	Fw							
Carrier	Af	t		10		LO-A-17		
Tanker	Fw X Af	<u>.</u>		20		10-A-17		
Miscella-	Fw		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1			
neous	II Af	10		10		10-A-18		
General Cargo	Fw M Af	10 t		10		10-A-19		
Tanker	Fw QQ Af	[ ]		20		10-A-19		
Combination	-	<u> </u>		<del> </del> -	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
Carrier	Q Af	10		10		10-A-20		
	Fw	<b>d</b> 10		10				
Naval	1			20		10-A-21	Ì	
	Af		<b></b>	10				
Bulk Carrier	Fw XX Af		ļ	40		10-A-22	<u> </u>	
Miscella-	Fw			20		10-A-22		
neous	Af			20		N-22		
Tanker	Fw	d 10		10		10-A-22		-
	Af			40	ļ <u></u>			
Bulk Carrier	Fw XX Af			20		10-A-23		
Container-	FW			20 40	<del> </del>	10-A-23		<del> </del>
ship	Af	٤		40		10-A-23		
Bulk Carrier	Fw TG Af	Σί		20		10-A-24		
General Cargo	FW TO Af	d 40		40		10-A-24		
Tanker	Fw DB Af	d 20 L		20		10 <b>-</b> A-24		
Container- ship	Fw	đ		10		10-A-25	<del> </del>	

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Mode	Failure Cause	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	4	2	6	33.3	10- <b>A-</b> 25	1	8	لعجر ا
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	34		34		10 <b>-A-</b> 26			4
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	58		58		10-A-27			T
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	1	3	4	75.0	10 <b>-A</b> -28	1	8,11	1
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	o	2	2	100.0	10-A-29	3	8	W
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	20 20		20 20		10-B-1			ij.
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	20		20		10-B-1			H
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	20 10 10	,	20 10 10		10-B-1			
Naval	Fwd <b>Q</b> Aft	10 20 20		10 20 20		10-B-1			Н
Tanker	Fwd Ø Aft	20		20		10-B-1			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	70 70		70 70		10-B-2			
Combination Carrier	Fwd 00 Aft	60 60		60 60		10-B-2			H
Container- ship	Fwd OO Aft	120 131 50		120 131 50		10-B-2			Ш

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, D , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
General	Fwd			20					ſ
Cargo	30	90		90		10-B-2			
0 90	Aft			30					È,
Miscella-	Fwd	40		40					
neous	00 Aft	10		10		10-B-2	1		-
	Fwd	60		60					ĺ
Naval	300	210		210	[	10-B-2	ŀ	l	L
	Aft	90		90				l	ı
	Fwd	208	2	210	1.0	<del></del>	1	6,9,13	l
Tanker	300	10	_	10		10-B-2	1		L
TWIIVET	Aft	130	İ	130				I	i
Miscella-	Fwd	1	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<b></b>	l
Miscella- neous	WQ Aft	10		10		10-B-3			
Combination		<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del></del>	ł
Carrier	WQ Aft	10		10		10-B-4			•
Container-	Fwd	†							
ship	XX Aft	6		6		10-B-4	l 		
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Aft	10		10		10-B-5			1
General	Fwd	1		<u> </u>	<del> </del>			1	ľ
Cargo	00 Aft	4		4		10-B-5	1	<u> </u>	F
Naval	Fwd Ø Aft	20		20		10-B-6			-
Naval	Fwd XX Aft	20 20		20 20		10 <b>-</b> B-7			Æ
Container-	Fwd	† <del></del> -		<del></del>		<b>—</b>		<del>                                     </del>	t
ship	DOL Aft	10		10		10-B-8			E
	Fwd	50		50	<u> </u>				1
Naval	亚	190	F	190	l	10-B-8		1	L
<del></del>	Aft	40		40	1	1	i	1	ĺ
	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	1	١
Tanker	OE Aft	10 10		10 10		10-B-8			$\vdash$
Combination		<u> </u>		<del></del>	1	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	Ì
Carrier	M Aft	0	20	20	100.0	10-B-9	1	8	4
Container- ship	Fwd OL Aft	0	10	10	100.0	10-B-9	1	8	

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent		Failure		
		Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details	l	Number	ł		i
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed					ł
Container-	Fwd						]		<b>—</b>
ship	皿	32	i	32	1	10-B-10		+	I ##
	Aft						<u> </u>		
General	Fwd	40		40	1	10-B-10			<b>1</b> 🛉
Cargo	双						\$		H
	Aft					<u> </u>	<u></u>		1 1
	Fwd		<b>!</b>			L	ŀ		i I
Naval	双	20	]	20	ł	10-B <b>-</b> 10	1	ŧ	<b>⊢</b>
	Aft	10		10		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Ì
_	Fwd		1		ŀ	L			m
Naval	双	20	1	20	j	10-в-11			_#_
<del></del>	Aft	20	ļ	20			<u> </u>		
Combination	Fwd					L	ŀ	:	
Carrier	双	20		20	i	10-B-12			_4
	Aft			·					كهلها
	Fwd		1		ľ	1	1		<b>!</b>
Naval	巫				1		Ì		H
···-	Aft	10	<u> </u>	10	1_	10-B-12	I .		1 1
	Fwd	20	1	20	ļ	10-B-12		i	
Tanker	X			Ì					$\vdash$
<del></del>	Aft		ļ	<b></b>		<u> </u>			
Container-	Fwd	40		40	i	10-B-13			<i>I</i> 3
ship	双				1			l	<b>A</b>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Aft		ļ <u>.</u>				<u> </u>		[ Lalar
	Fwd			١	i		1		1 🛉
Naval	双	10	ŀ	10	]	10-в-13			⊣
	Aft	10	ļ	10		1 A B 1			
Bulk	Fwd	20	ŀ	20	1	10-B-14			l W
Carrier	<b>Q</b>		ļ	ļ	ļ				<u>-                                   </u>
D. 11-	Aft		ļ	<b> </b>		<u> </u>	<u></u>		إلخلجة
Bulk	Fwd				1				m
Carrier	W	30	ł	1 20		10 5 15			╏┰╃╂┷┰
	Aft	30	<u> </u>	30		10-B-15	1		إكبليها
Combination	Fwd	_			1	L	]		l <del>†</del>
Carrier	双	10		10	ĺ	10-B-15	1		H
<del></del>	Aft	10		10	ļ			ļ	1 1
Container-	Fwd		i				1		] [
ship	00	10		10	1	10-в-15			<b>⊢</b>
NOTES	Aft	30	L	30	L	1	l	1	]

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
General	Fwd								m
Cargo	X	48	2	50	4.0	10-B-15	1,4	12,15	
	Aft	10		10				L	1
	Fwd	40		40	ŀ	ł			<b>!</b> •
Naval	双	60	ŀ	60		10-B-15			H
	Aft			50	Ĺ				1
	Fwd	30		30	Ì	ŀ			1 1
Tanker	<b>W</b>				}	10-B-15	ł		<b> </b>
	Aft			20		Ļ			į.
Bulk	Fwd	10		10	Ì				ווו
Carrier	双		ľ			10-B-16	ļ		<del>                                     </del>
	Aft		ļ	10		ļ			تهاجا
Combination			ł	30			ł		1
Carrier	双	30		30		10-B-16	1	]	
<del></del>	Aft		<b></b>	10			ļ		4 I
Container-	Fwd		į	30				1	ļ
ship	<b>QQ</b>	28	İ	28		10-B-16	1	j	П
	Aft			20		ļ			1 1
General	Fwd		İ		1		Ì	1	
Cargo	00	62	]	62	1	10-B-16	1		
	Aft			10		ļ	ļ	<del> </del>	4 1
Miscella-	Fwd		<b>!</b>					ļ	<b> </b>
neous	双	100	1	10	}	10-B-16	]	ł	
	Aft	<del></del>	}	30	<del> </del>	TO-P-10	<del></del>	<del> </del>	1 1
Naval	Fwd	80	ľ	80		10-B-16			ł I
Navai	00 Aft		i	50		10-8-16	1		П
<del></del>	Fwd		<u> </u>	30	<del> </del>		ļ.———	<del> </del>	4
Tanker		10	İ	10	ł	10-B-16			
Idlikei	Q Aft	I	ì	70		I O-B-10	]	1	
General	Fwd		-		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>			1
Cargo	700		1				ļ		
Cargo	Aft	40		40		10-B-17	1	l	
Combination		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<b>-</b>		<u> </u>		†
Carrier	<b>30</b> 0.	1	}	İ	1				1h
Callier	Aft	20		20	ĺ	10-B-18		1	1
Container-	Fwd			<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del> </del>	1~
ship	100	4	1	4	ŀ	10-B-18			
~P	Aft	1		1	1		1		
General	Fwd		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	t	<del>                                     </del>	<b></b>	<del> </del>	1
Cargo	100	6		6		10-B-18	i		
- <del></del> y-	Aft		ł	30	ł		}	}	
	Fwd								1 🔊
Naval	<b>100</b>	20		20	1	10-B-19	i		
	Aft		ł		l		1		A
Combination			i	1					
Carrier	찣	1	l	1				1	ו ח
	Aft	10	ľ	10	1	10-B-20	ł	J	1——

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE		No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	28	2	30	6.7	10-B-21	1	8,10	<u>#</u>
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	10		10		10-B-21			
Container- ship	Fwd	8	2	10	20.0	10-B-22	1	8	<u> </u>
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	20		20		10-в-23			4
Bulk Carrier	Fwd M Aft	4	6	10		10-B-24		8	1
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	9	1	10	10.0	10-в-25	2	12	$\overline{\lambda}$
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	8	6	14	42.9	10-в-26	1	6,8	$\sqrt{2}$
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	4		4		10-в-27			
General Cargo	Fwd 100 Aft	8	2	10	20.0	10-B-28	1	7	
Container- ship	Fwd Ø Aft	8	2	10	20.0	10-C-1	1	8	
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	20		20		10-C-2			F
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	30		30		10-C-2			H
Naval	Fwd Aft	20		20		10-C-3			H

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear 6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

9. Fabrication/Workmanship
10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision
16. Other - See Discussion

## TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Tanker	Fwd	10	ODBELVEU	10		10-C-3			<b>B</b>
Container- ship	Fwd D Aft	10		10		10-C-4			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd 300 Aft	4	6	10	60.0	10 <b>-</b> C-5	1	8	T
Combination Carrier	Fwd 00 Aft			10		10-C-6			T
General Cargo	Fwd Aft	8	2	10	20.0	10-C-6	1,2	12	
Container- ship	Fwd 00 Aft			10		10-C-7			T
General Cargo	Fwd O Aft	52	2	54	3.7	10-C-7	2	8	H
Tanker	Fwd 00 Aft			20		10-c-7			
Tanker	Fwd OD Aft	20		20		10-C <b>-</b> 8			1
Combination Carrier	Fwd Q Aft			10		10-C-9			T
General Cargo	Fwd 000 Aft	26		26 20		10-C-9			
Bulk Carrier	Fwd OX Aft	. [		20		10-C-10			T
Combination Carrier		10		10		10-C-10			
Tanker	Fwd Aft	20		20		10-C-11			Ħ
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	20		20		10-C-12			T
Naval	Fwd 00 Aft	20		20 20		10-C-12			Н

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

»nip	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Fwd								$r\pi$
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	70	}	70		10-C-13			┝┙
	20		20					ļ
	50		50					
	30	ł	30		10-C-14			17
	20		20					l W
Fwd			l					
双								<del>- 11</del>
Aft	40	<u> </u>	40		10-C-15			W
Fwd								Ī- <u>-</u> -
<u>00</u>								477
Aft	10	1	10		10-C-16			ļŲ
Fwd	T. F.							∳
00	32	Î	32		10-C-16			$\sqcup$
Aft								
Fwd	10	<del>                                     </del>	10		10-C-17			
					[ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			<b>~!</b> /
Aft			ļ					
	20	<b></b>	20		10-C-18			<b>!</b>
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				L	10-C-21			س ا
Fwd	10 10			]				1 1
			10	•	10-C-21	-	T	
	Fwd Aft Fwd Aft Fwd Aft Fwd Aft	Fwd 32 Aft 10 Fwd 32 Aft 10 Fwd 20 Aft 20 Fwd 30 Aft 20 Fwd 31 Aft 10 Fwd 32 Aft 10 Fwd 32 Aft 20 Fwd 32 Aft 20 Fwd 34 Aft 20 Fwd 35 Aft 20 Fwd 36 Aft 20 Fwd 36 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fwd 37 Aft 20 Fw	Fwd Observed Pwd Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed 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Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Obser	Sound Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Details Observed   Detai	Sound Details Observed Details Observed   Failures   Family Number   Details Observed   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Details   Detail	Sound Details Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed Observed 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Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Number   Pamily Nu

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Sees

  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
  12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

# TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

OCATION ON HIP TYPE	SHI	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	_	Failure Mode	Failure Cause
General	Fw							
Cargo	X	20	1	20		10-C-21		
-	Af			10				L
	Fw	1						
<b>Fanker</b>	00	: <b>!</b>						
	Af			30		10-C-21	Į	k
Container-	Fw							
ship	100	1					ł	
•	Af			10		10-C-22		
	Fw							
<b>Fanker</b>	00							
	Af			10		10-C-22		
General	Fw			l				
Cargo	Q			10	İ	10-C-23		
-	Af							
	Fw							
Naval	100			20		10-C-24		1
	Af	•		]				1
ontainer-	Fw							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
hip	00							
F	Af	10	į	10		10-C-25		Ì
iscella-	Fw							
eous	<u> </u>							
	Af			10	1	10-C-25		
	Fw			10	<b>,</b>			l
Naval	00			10		10-C-25	}	1
	Af			10		Γ΄ ΄		
Container-	Fw			<del></del>				<del>                                     </del>
ship	00	-					i	1
	Af	20		20		10-C-26		
	Fw							<del>                                     </del>
	700	3		ŀ			]	
<del></del>	Af	10		10		10-C-26		1
Container-	Fw							
ship	300			1		Ì	1	1
	Af			20		10-C-27		
Combination				<del></del>		F	<del>                                     </del>	
Carrier	700		1	<u> </u>	}	1	}	1
	Af	10	ł	10	ŀ	10-C-28		
ulk	Fw			<del>                                     </del>	<b> </b>		<del> </del>	
arrier	100		ļ	{	ţ	[	{	<b>!</b>
·	Af	20	1	20		10-C-29		
eneral	Fwc				<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>
Cargo	200		ļ	6		10-C-30	ļ	
car yo	Af		]	ľ		-0-0-30		
General	Fw		<del> </del>	h <del></del>	<b> </b>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
2C11C7 GT		1	!	108		10-C-31	1	1
Cargo	9	108	l .	1 11134				

TABLE A-10 DETAIL FAMILY: STANCHION ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	·
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	70		70		10-C-32			F,
General Cargo	Fwd Aft	0	4	4	100.0	10-C-33	1	6,8	
General Cargo	Fwd Aft	44		44		10-C-34			
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	7	1	8	12.5	10-C-35	4	12,15	
General Cargo	Fwd Aft	12		12		10-C-36			Ħ
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	6		6		10-C-37			

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY. STIFFENER ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Bulk Carrier	Fwd	200		200		11-A-1			-177
carrier	Aft	190	10	200	5.0		1	5	녷
Combination Carrier	Fwd M Aft	300		280 300 300		11-A-1			
Container- ship	Fwd Aft	90 316	1	90 317 340	0.3	11 <b>-</b> A-1	1	5	

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 🛱 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
General	Fwd			70					1-10
Cargo	双	395	8	403	2.0	11-A-1	1	5	
· <del></del>	Aft		2	120	1.7		11	5	رسي ا
Miscella-	Fwd			50	1			ļ	<b>†</b>
neous	) <b>X</b>	60	}	60	]	11-A-1	]	1	$\vdash$
	Aft			80					1 1
	Fwd	700		700					
Tanker	<b>30</b> 2	1523	77	1600	4.8	11-A-1	1	5	<b></b>
	Aft	650	l	650	L				1
Container-	Fwd	80		80					-
ship	双	118	2	120	1.7	11-A-2	1	5	{
	Aft	80		80	<u> </u>		_		ļ W
General	Fwd								] ♦
Cargo	Q	85		85	Į.	11-A-2			<del>     </del>
	Aft	10		10	ł	}		}	1 1
	Fwd	20		20		11-A-2			†
Tanker	₩ Aft								
Bulk	Fwd	20		20		11-A-3			1
Carrier	∭ Aft								W
Container-	Fwd	290		290					1 ∤
ship	双	262	5	267	1.9	11-A-3	1	5,10	$\vdash$
•	Aft	110		110		5	-	3,10	1
General	Fwd								1
Cargo	000	674		674		11-A-3			$\vdash$
<b>3-</b>	Aft	50		50		3			11
	Fwd	19	1	20	5.0		1	6,8,14	1
Naval	00			20		11-A-3	•	0,0,14	
	Aft	20		20		11-N-J			
<del></del>	Fwd	30		30	<del></del>		<del></del>		1 1
Tanker	300	] 50		30		11-A-3			
	Aft	60		60		TT-W-2			
	Fwd	50		50		<del></del>		<del></del>	₩-
Naval	300	120		120		11-A-4			<b>                                     </b>
A-M T GL	Aft					TT-W-4			IJ
Container-	Fwd	19	1	70 20	5.0	11-2 -	1	5	1_
ship	100	19	+	20	3.0	11-A-5	τ	5	T .
SILLE	Aft				4			Ì	3
	Fwd	20	<del></del>	<del></del>		11			W, 1
Tanker	100 Aft	20		20		11 <b>-A-</b> 5			
Container-	Fwd	t							4
ship	300	252	_	253	, ,	,, , ,	, ,	F 7 3 F	الرا
auth	Aft	252	5	257		11-A-6	1,4	5,7,15	ľ <b>Ц</b>
	Fwd	18	2	20	10.0		2	8	
Nával	M Aft	63	7	70	10.0	11 <b>-</b> A-6	1	7	┦

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

LOCATION ON	SHIP	1	No. of	Total	Percent	Detail		Failure	Ĭ
	1	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures	-	Mode	Cause	
SHIF TYPE	H	Details	Details	Details		Number			•
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed					Į
Bulk	Fwd	170		170		]			TIPLE
Carrier	M	1003	j	1003		11-A-7			
	Aft	210		210		L			
Combination	Fwd	375	5	380	1.3		1	14	1 <b>f</b>
Carrier	双	360		360		L1-A-7			<del>├</del> ─┤
	Aft	250		250					1 1
Container-	Fwd	547	3	550	0.5		1	14,15	}
ship	双	2868	6	2874	0.2	11-A-7	1	8	$\vdash$
-	Aft	660	ļ	660			1		<u> </u>
General	Fwd	210		210					]
Cargo	00	3032	6	3038	0.2	11-A-7	1	11	$oldsymbol{arphi}$
<b>J</b> -	Aft	500	_	500			_		! I
Miscella-	Fwd	110	<del> </del>	110					1
neous	000	30		30		L1-A-7			$\vdash$
	Aft	100		100_		Γ			l I
<del></del>	Fwd	604	6	610	1.0	<b></b>	1	7,11,14	1
Tanker	000	820	ľ	820	1.0	L1-A-7	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ш
Tanker	Aft	540		540			1		
Combination	Fwd	340		330		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	78.8
Carrier	<b>3</b>	200	1	200	ľ	  L1-A-8	İ		
Carrier	Aft	200		200			ŀ		W W
	Fwd	80		80			i		1 ♦
Naval	00	420		420		L1-A-8	l		
	Aft	166	4	170	2.4		1	8,14	}
Bulk	Fwd	80		80			<del> </del>	<del></del>	1 <u> </u>
Carrier	双	293		293		11-A-9	1	}	
	Aft	170		170		<b>[</b> " ]	ļ	Ì	
Combination	Fwd	40		40			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	1
Carrier	100					L1-A-9	}		Ш
	Aft	90		90	İ				
Container-	Fwd	50	<del> </del>	50		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	†
ship	000	504	i	504	Ì	11-A-9	l		$\vdash$
t-	Aft	150		150		ר ה ה			
General	Fwd	60		60	l	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	†
Cargo	000	429	45	474	9.5	11-A-9	1	5,8,11	$\sqcup$
90	Aft	110	]	110	1	n-y	1 -	3,0,11	
	Fwd	240	<del></del>	240	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		ł I
Naval	双	1600	l	16	ŀ	11-A-9			igsqcut
	Aft	300	l	300		* T -W-3			1

NUTES

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 10, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear 6. Tension

7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas

9. Fabrication/Workmanship

10. Welding

11. Neglect

12. Misuse/Abuse

15. Collision

16. Other - See Discussion

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TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

OCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause
	Fwd		Observed 3	Observed 90	3.3		1	11
<b>-</b> •	360	87	3	90	1	11-A-9		++
Tanker	Aft	1		120	Ì	TT-W-2		ł
				130	<b></b>			
	Fwd			230	j			ļ
Naval	302	1500		1500		11-A-10		
<del></del>	Aft			400				}
Container-	Fwd			ŀ	1			]
ship	300	Į į						İ
	Aft	<del></del>		20		11-A-11	ļ	
	Fwd	60		60	ļ .	11-A-11		
Naval	300	1	1	Ĭ	1			}
	Aft			L	L			
	Fwd	50		50	(			
Tanker	双	]		ł	1	11-A-11		<b>!</b>
	Aft	60		60	L			
Bulk	Fwd	1			-			
Carrier	00	1		]	1		}	1
	Aft	20		20	j	11-A-12		ĺ
	Fwd	30		30	<del> </del>			<u> </u>
Naval	00	110	1	110	<b>)</b>	11-A-12		
	Aft	1		50			]	Ì
	Fwd		<b></b>					<del> </del>
Tanker	300			<u> </u>	}	i		]
Idinor	Aft	40		40	}	11-A-12		1
Combination			<del></del>	30			<del></del>	<del> </del>
Carrier	000	30		1	1	11-B-1	ŀ	1
Callier	Aft	30		30			}	}
Container-	Fwd	<del> 30</del>	L	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
	1	491	2	493	0.4	11-B-1	1	5
ship	00	80		80	0.4	11-5-1	<b>†</b>	1
	Aft	80		80		<del> </del>	ļ	
General	Fwd	706		700	0.5	11-B-1	1	10,11
Cargo	00	786	4	790	1 0.5	1-1-6-1	-	10,11
	Aft	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	<b> </b>	ļ	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
	Fwd	20	_	20	1	1,	١,	7
Tanker	300	195	5	200	2.5	11-B-1	1	J
	Aft		4	20	<b></b>	ļ	1	5
Container-	Fwd		ļ				}	]
ship	100	60		60	}	11-B-2	1	1
	Aft		L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>
Container-	Fwd			50	1	}		
ship	双	832	8	840	1.0	11-B-3	1	7
	Aft	247	3	250	1.2	L	2	14
General	Fwd	I		[				
Cargo	M	60	}	60	{	11-B-3	{	}
J -	Aft	,	}	I	l	[		
Bulk	Fwd			T	1			† — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Carrier	100		}	111	}	11-B-4		1
	Aft		}	ì	i	]	[	i

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

LOCATION ON	SHIP 7	No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		Details	Details	Details		Number			
	1	Observed	Observed	Observed					
Container-	Fwd								5
ship	000	201		201		11-B-4			
_	Aft		Į	<u> </u>			L		W
General	Fwd	20		20					Ì
Cargo	000	159	2	161	1.2	11-B-4	2	12,15	<del> </del>
	Aft	50		50	1		L		l
	Fwd								1
Tanker	W	1908	12	1920	0.6	11-B-4	1	7	_
	Aft			L					1
Container-	Fwd				-	1			固
ship	双	140	į	140		11-B-5	]		
	Aft	59	1	60	1.7	<u> </u>	1	7	۱4
Container-	Fwd					[			
ship	000	37	1	38	2.6	11-B-6	1	8	
	Aft						<u>[</u>		<b>\</b>
General	Fwd								Ì
Cargo	双	74	4	78	5.1	11-B-6	1	11	⊢
	Aft				L			<u> </u>	
Bulk	Fwd								
Carrier	双	412		412		11-B-7	ł	1	
	Aft	L	<u> </u>	L					]}
Bulk	Fwd								lп
Carrier	双	26	ļ	26		11-B-8			111
	Aft		<u> </u>						**
Container-	Fwd								
ship	X	30	1	30		11-B-8	1	1	-
	Aft		<b> </b>					<u> </u>	] [
General	Fwd								
Cargo	双	160	2	162	1.2	11-B-9	1	11	Ш
·	Aft		<u> </u>			<u></u>			]   ~
Container-	Fwd	1					]		7
ship	亚	41	}	41	1	11-C-1	1		
	Aft					L			₩
General	Fwd				1				1
Cargo	双	158	1	158	1				<b> </b>
	Aft	30		30	1	11-C-1		]	
	Fwd	50	1	50		11-C-1			1
Tanker	双	1	1	1	Į.			1	<b> -</b> -
	Aft	L	<u> </u>	1_	1	ł	1	1	i

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, 🕦 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

LOCATION ON	SHI		No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent		Failure	1	
SHIP TYPE		]	Details	Details	Details Observed	Failures	Number	Mode	Cause	
General	Fw									177
Cargo	Af		16		16		11-C-2			
Tanker	Fw 3	٤								口
	Af		40		40	<u> </u>	11-C-2			1
	Fw		40		40				į	117
Naval	30		170		170	ļ	11 <b>-</b> C-3			
	Af		60		60					ļ <b>w</b>
No 1	Fw		40		40					1
Naval	00		60		60		11-C-4			
Container-	Af		40		40	<del> </del>				<b>Ψ</b>
ship	FW									TT
SIIID	X Af		60		60		11 <b>-</b> C-5		ł	
<del></del>	Fw	_			<del></del>	<del> </del> -	FT-C-7		<u> </u>	┪═┈.
Naval	000 Af	١ ١	13	7	20	35.0	11-C-6	1	8	
Bulk	Fw	a								1
Carrier	X Af		72		72		11-D-1			1
Combination	Fw	d	20		20					1 🛊
Carrier	XX Af		20		20		11-D-1			H
Container-	Fw								_	1 [
ship	000									$\vdash$
	Af		60		60	ļ. <u></u>	11-D-1			ji
General Cargo	Fw Af	Σ	30		30		11 <b>-</b> D-1			$\blacksquare$
	Fw	-			30		TT_N_T			1 1
Tanker	QQ Af	٤	110		110		11 <b>-</b> D-1			╟┛
Container-	Fw	đ								1
ship	X Af	t	193		193		11-D-2			
Miscella-	Fw		50		50					] ∤
neous	300	٤					11-D-2			$\vdash \vdash$
	Af		40		40					]
	FW									] [
Tanker	Ø		30		30		l1-D-2			$\vdash$
	Af	_	60		60					1
	Fw		200		200					
Naval	20		1060		1060		11-D-3			$\Pi$
	Af		360		360					₩.
Container- ship	Fw Af		58	2	60	1.7	L1-D-4	1	7	-

TABLE A-11 DETAIL FAMILY: STIFFENER ENDS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	2108	42	2150 160	2.0	11-D-5	1	7	
General Cargo	Fwd M Aft	60		60		11-E-1			1
General Cargo	Fwd XX Aft	108		108		11-E-2			П
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	120	_	10 120		11-E-2			
Tanker	Fwd M Aft			20 20		11 <b>-</b> E-3			

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures			Failure Cause	
Naval	Fwd Q Aft	}	24	30	80.0	12-A-1	1	5,8	<del> </del>
Tanker	Fwd MI Aft	60		150 60 330		12-A-1			1
General Cargo	Fwd MO Aft			20		12-A-2			<b>k</b> =
Tanker	Fwd <b>QQ</b> Aft	40		40		12-A-2			1

- (A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.
- (B) The rows labeled aft, ② , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.
- (C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.
- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

  - 5. Shear 6. Tension
  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse
- 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	1		Failure Cause
Bulk	Fwd			30	1			
Carrier	M	600	8	608	1.3	12-A-3	1,2	15
	Aft			60		[	-,-	1
Combination				120		<b></b>		
Carrier	100	400	İ	400		12-A-3		İ
Carrier	Aft			210				l
Container-	Fwd		<del></del>	150	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<b> </b>	<del> </del>
ship	100	1295	2	1297	0.2	12-A-3	2	15
auth	Aft		2	320	""	12-A-3	_	1
General		100		100	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>		(8,11,
	Fwd		103	1834	5.6	12-A-3	1,2,4	12,16)
Cargo	虹	1731	103			µ2-A-3		
N 13 -	Aft		5	220	2.3		11	11
Miscella-	Fwd	40		40				1
neous	双	60		60		12-A-3		1
<u> </u>	Aft	<del>+</del>		70	<b></b>	<del> </del>		<u> </u>
	Fwd			200			}	l
Naval	00	2100		2100	1	12-A-3	•	1
	Aft			400			<u> </u>	
	Fwd	210		210				
Tanker	双	670	'	670	1	12-A-3		1
	Aft	490_		490		<u></u>		l
Naval	Fwd Aft			150		12-A-4		
Tanker	Fwd OD Aft	90		90		12-A-4		
Combination	Fwd	60		60		12-A-5		
Carrier	Q Aft							
Container- ship	Fwd OO Aft	219	3	222	1.4	12-A-5	1	14
General Cargo	Fwd 00 Aft	10		10		12-A-5	·	
Miscella- neous	Pwd 100 Aft	40		40		12-A-5		
Tanker	Fwd OX Aft	40		40		12-A-5		
Bulk	Fwd	291	9	300	3.0		1	14
Carrier	W	1621	21	1642		12-A-6	ī	7,15
	Aft	460		460	1		_	',
Combination		40		40				<del> </del>
Carrier	100	160		160		12-A-6		ł
	Aft	90		90				l

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Container-	Fwd	40		40					l. <i>1</i> .
ship	200	623	2	625	0.3	L2-A-6	1,2	15	
	Aft	60		60	[	<b>[</b>		[	
General	Fwd								1 🛊
Cargo	100	2283	60	2343	2.6	12-A-6	1,2,4	(8,11,	┝┤
	Aft	70		70	1	1		12,15)	1 1
Miscella-	Fwd	20		20	1				] ]
neous	300	20	ì	20	1	12-A-6		Ì	H
	Aft	30	ł	30					] [
	Fwd	50		50			1		7 (
Naval	300	400		400	1	12-A-6		ļ	$\vdash$
	Aft	80	1	80	1	1		_	) )
	Fwd	80		80	1				1 1
Tanker	00	260	1	260		12-A-6	l	i	$oldsymbol{\sqcup}$
	Aft	230	{	230	[	•	[	[	ľ
<del></del>	Fwd		1						1
Naval	M Aft	0	10	10	100.0	12-A-7	1	5,8	4
Bulk	Fwd			1			j — — —		1.
Carrier	100			1				1	
	Aft	17	3	20	15.0	12-A-8	1	8	h
	Fwd	50		50					1 🛊
Naval	000	330	}	330	ì	12-A-8			<b>-</b>
	Aft	110	ł	110	ļ	}	}	ļ	]
Bulk	Fwd							<del></del>	1
Carrier	100	30		30		12-A-9			£
	Aft	50	<b>[</b>	50			Ĭ	ĺ	
Combination	Fwd		1	1	<del>                                     </del>		1		1
Carrier	双	702	8	710	1.1	12-A-10	1	5,10	
	Aft	1	1		l .				7.012
General	Fwd	<del> </del>	<b>†</b>	1	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	1 🛦
Cargo	<b>XX</b>	131	27	158	17.1	12-A-10	1,2	10,12,15	<b></b> _
	Aft						'		
Container-	Fwd	50	<del> </del>	50	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	t
ship	300	470	25	495	5.1	12-B-1	1,2	111	
~- <b></b> F	Aft	220		220	}		1		
General	Fwd	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	† <u> </u>
Cargo	00 Aft	93	20	113	17.7	12-B-1	2,4	8,12,15	٢

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 12, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 8 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively.

- (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:
  - 5. Shear6. Tension

  - 7. Combined Tension & Shear
  - 8. Design
  - 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
  - 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuee/Abuse
- 13. Questionable 14. Heavy Seas
- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON	SHI		No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures	Detail		Failure Cause	
SHIP TYPE		- 1	Details	Details	Details Observed		Number	rode	Cause	
Bulk	Fw	d				}				<b>.</b>
Carrier	M Af		93		93		12 <b>-</b> B-2			
Container- ship	Fw	-	20		20		12-B-2			Ц
	Af		40		40 _	1	[		[	<b>!</b>
General	Fw	_	50		50					1
Cargo	ZŽ Af	١ ع	171 60	165	336	49.1	12-B-2	1	5,11,16	Н
	Fw	_	80		60	<del></del>		<del> </del>	<del></del>	1
Naval	XX Af	٤	60		60		12-B-2			H
	Fw		30		30					]
Tanker	XX Af		50		50		12-B-2			$\vdash$
Bulk	Fw		30		30					<b></b> /
Carrier	7		325		325	1	12-B-3	1		<b>_</b>
<del></del>	Af		20		20	1	[ ]			
Combination	Fw		90		90		<u> </u>			1 ≱
Carrier	Ø	7	270		270	1	12-B-3	}	1	$\vdash$
	Af	t	190		190	]	Ĺ		L	j
Container-	Fw	d	60		60					] [
ship	X	ξ	897	1	898	0.1	12-B-3	2,4	8,14,15	$\vdash \vdash$
	Af		116	4	120	3.3		11	11,12	] ]
General	Fw		50		50	[	{	1		1 1
Cargo	7		1508	26	1534	1.7	12 <b>-</b> B-3	2,4	12,15	$\vdash \vdash$
	Af		80		80				1	1 1
Miscella-	Fw		20		20		]	]		
neous	Ŭ		30		30		12-B-3	]		$\vdash$
	Af	_	30		30		ļ	<b></b>	ļ	1 1
	Fw		20		20	[	h	1		1 1
Naval	70		70		70		12-B-3	1	1	$\square$
	λf	_	20		20	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	ł I
	Fw		110		110	]	h	]	ļ	
Tanker	) Af		210		210	(	12-B-3	Į.	{	
D. 110	FW	_	200 10	L	200 10	<del> </del>		<del> </del> -	<del> </del>	1.
Bulk Carrier			581		581	{	12-B-4	1		
Carrier	Af	4	20		20	1	2- <b>5-4</b>	1	ļ	
Combination			30		30	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	{' ▲
Combination	7		70		70	1	12-B-4		1	╚
Carrier	Af		60	.,	60		5-5-4	1		$\Box$
Container-	FW		20	<del></del>	20	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	1 1
ship	103		30		30	i	12-B-4	1	1	Щ
	Af		30		30	1		]	]	] ]
General	F		10		10	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>		1	1 [
Cargo	10		617	38	655	5.8	12-B-4	1,4	(11,12,	
	A£		40		40	l	[	,	14,15)	Į

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON SHIP TYPE	SHIP	Sound Details	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures		Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	17	3	20	15.0	12-B-4	ì	14	
Naval	Fwd M Aft	20 210 40		20 210 40		12-B-5			
Naval	Fwd M Aft	10 20 20		10 20 20		12-B-6			
Naval	Fwd M Aft	10 1694	6	10 1700	0.4	12-B-7	2	15	
Naval	Fwd M Aft	330 3400 700		330 3400 700		12-B-8			
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	120		120		12-C-1			I.
General Cargo	Fwd 100 Aft	60	10	70	14.3	12-C-1	1	8	H
Tanker	Fwd M Aft	10 30		10 30		12-C-1			
Naval	Fwd M Aft	20 50 180		20 50 180		12-C-2			Į,
Bulk Carrier	Fwd Ø Aft	90 304 190	3	90 307 190	1.0	12-C-3	1	6,8,11	卫
Container- ship	Fwd M Aft	596		596		12-C-3			H
Miscella- neous	Fwd M Aft	50 310 60		50 310 60		12-C-3			Н
Tanker	Fwd	350 4882 370	18	350 4900 370	0.4	12-C-3	1	7,10	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, D, and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 8 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear 6. Tension

11. Neglect

7. Combined Tension & Shear

12. Misuse/Abuse

18, Questionable 14. Heavy Seas

8. Design
9. Fabrication/Workmanship

15. Collision

10. Welding

16. Other - See Discu

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

SHIP TYPE	SHIP	No. of Sound Details Observed	No. of Failed Details Observed	Total Number Details Observed	Percent Failures	L .	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	
Combination	Fwd			50					1 —
Carrier	300	120		120	ļ	12-C-4	}		1 N
	Aft			50	Į	[	ļ	{	
Container-	Fwd			50					1 🛊
ship	<b>100</b>	300		300	ĺ	12-C-4	ļ	İ	$\vdash$
	Aft			90	į	l	ł	ľ	1 1
Miscella-	Fwd			30					1
neous	100	230		230		12-C-4	ļ		$\vdash$
	Aft	50		50	l	<b>!</b>		ŀ	1 1
	Fwd	240		240					1
Tanker	双	2200		2200	]	12-C-4	]	1	بب
	Aft	120		120_	L				]
Bulk	Fwd								
Carrier	₩ Aft	96		96		12-C-5			4
General	Fwd	<del></del>							1 4
Cargo	XX Aft	68	12	80	15.0	12 <b>-</b> C-5	1,2	14	H
	Fwd	50		50			<del> </del>	<del></del>	1 [
Naval	00	1000		1000		12-C-5	į	{	Щ
	Aft			110			1	ľ	11
	Fwd		<del></del>	90	<del></del>		<u> </u>		1 1
Tanker	<b>X</b>	740		740		12-C-5			igspace
	Aft			180	)		}	}	}
Bulk	Fwd			30					1
Carrier	<u> </u>	358		358	i	12-C-6	1	]	1 11
	Aft			70		}	<b>)</b>		E 1
	Fwd	20		20					1 🛊
Naval	豇	80		80		12-C-6			$\vdash$
	Aft	30		30					1 1
	Fwd								1
Tanker	300	1 1		į					
	Aft	110		110		12-C-6			I
	Fwd								
Tanker	双	400		400					
	Aft			60		12-C-7			- T
Bulk	Fwd	200		200					] <del></del>
Carrier	W	1 1				12-C-8			<u> </u>
	Aft			60					<b>T</b>
Combination		30		30					] <b>†</b>
Carrier	双	1				12-C-8			$\vdash$
	Aft			80					1 1
Container-	Fwd	}							1
ship	W	, ,							
	Aft	50		50		12-C-8			1 1
[	Fwd	50		50					<b> </b>
Tanker	<b>D</b>	410		410		12-C-8			<b> </b>
ì	Aft	90		90					1

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON	SHIP		No. of	Total	Percent			Failure	
	]	Sound	Failed	Number	Failures		Mode	Cause	
SHIP TYPE	1 1	Details	Details	Details	ł	Number		}	
	<u> </u>	Observed	Observed	Observed		ļ			
	Fwd	60	1	60		]		ł	-
Tanker	双	390	1	390		12-C-9		<u> </u>	
	Aft	80	L	80					
	Fwd							1	_
Naval	双		l			}	Į	i i	
	Aft	240		240		12-D-1			
Container-	Fwd	1	1	[	l	1		l	ד
ship	双	376	54	430	12.6	12-D-2	1	(8,10,	احد
- 	Aft			<u> </u>				14,15)	
	Fwd	20	i	20					t
Tanker	双	290	ļ	290		12-D-2		} <u> </u>	
	Aft	40	l	40	l	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
General	Fwd			I					
Cargo	双	80	i	80	ł	12-D-3			П
	Aft		· .			1		] ]	
Bulk	Fwd		l			[	ļ <u> </u>		
Carrier	竝	12	<u> </u>	12		12-D-4	]	į į	
	Aft				i	ļ		1	_12
Container-	Fwd	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	<del>                                     </del>	<b>†</b>	i		4
ship	100	1277	92	1369	6.7	12-D-4	1,2	8,10,15	
<u>-</u> -	Aft		1	1		1	· ·		
Combination	Fwd	70	<u> </u>	70	<del>                                     </del>	12-D-5			
Carrier	000				j	[	1		
~~~	Aft				1	1	1		
General	Fwd	C		 	 	 		 	Á
Cargo	300	20		20		12∽D-5]	
Cargo	Aft	20		~~				j	
Container-	Fwd	 		 	 	 		 	
ship	双	658	8	666	1.2	12-D-6	1,2	8,14	\prod
surb	Aft	636	°	""	1.2	J D D	-,-	~′^- †	<u>~•</u>
Combination	Fwd	40		40	 	 	 	 -	
	00	40		1 **		12 - E-1			
Carrier	Aft	1 ,,,		110		12-6-1	1	1	للــ
Container	Fwd	110	 	110	}	 	 		
Container-		1 40	ł	40		12-E-1	1		1
ship	双	40	ł] 40		12-6-1			
	Aft	<u> </u>	 		ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	
Container-	Fwd			1 ,,,	[١,	,,	₽
ship	00	171	10	181	5.5	12-E-2	1	12	
NOTES.	Aft	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	L		1 1	

(A) The above continued table gives information related to individual detail designs in the 86 ship survey.

(B) The rows labeled aft, 文 , and fwd refer to locations along the ship length. The midship symbol row covers the mid-length throughout the entire cargo section.

(C) The numbers 1, 2, 3 & 4 in the column for failure mode refer to cracks, buckles, cracks and buckles, and twisted/distorted, respectively. (D) Probable detail failure causes are estimated to be a combination of fatigue and the other factors indicated in the table by appropriate numbers as follows:

5. Shear6. Tension

- 7. Combined Tension & Shear 13. Questionable 8. Design 14. Heavy Seas
- 9. Fabrication/Workmanship
- 10. Welding

- 11. Neglect
- 12. Misuse/Abuse

- 15. Collision
- 16. Other See Discussion

TABLE A-12 DETAIL FAMILY: PANEL STIFFENERS

LOCATION ON	SH		No. of Sound	No. of Failed	Total Number	Percent Failures		Failure		
SHIP TYPE			Details	Details	Details Observed		Family Number	Mode	Cause	
Container- ship	I	vd Ø Et	60 80		60 80		12-E-3			П
Container- ship	Fv	vd	59	1	60	1.7	12-F-1	1	5,10	
Container- ship	Fy O		69	1	70	1.4	12-F-2	1	15	I
Container- ship	Fv O	2	76	4	80	5.0	12-F-3	1	7,8	I
Tanker	Fv Q	Į.	20 60		20 60		12 - F-4			工
Container- ship	Fy Di Ai	2	143 88	2	143 90	2.2	12-F-5	1	7	5

